



### **Regulatory Program**

### INTERIM APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION FORM **U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**

This form should be completed by following the instructions provided in the Interim Approved Jurisdictional Determination Form User Manual.

### **SECTION I: BACKGROUND INFORMATION**

A. COMPLETION DATE FOR APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (AJD): 7 February 2019

B. ORM NUMBER IN APPROPRIATE FORMAT (e.g., HQ-2015-00001-SMJ): NWS-2018-725
C. PROJECT LOCATION AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION:
5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1
Center coordinates of site (lat/long in degree decimal format): Lat. 47.7765167, Long122.2636167.
Map(s)/diagram(s) of review area (including map identifying single point of entry (SPOE) watershed and/or potential
jurisdictional areas where applicable) is/are: 🛛 attached 🔲 in report/map titled
Other sites (e.g., offsite mitigation sites, disposal sites, etc.) are associated with this action and are recorded on a different jurisdictional determination (JD) form. List JD form ID numbers (e.g., HQ-2015-00001-SMJ-1):
different jurisdictional determination (3D) form. List 3D form 1D numbers (e.g., FiQ-2015-00001-5MJ-1);
D. REVIEW PERFORMED FOR SITE EVALUATION:
Office (Desk) Determination Only. Date: 31 January 2019.
Office (Desk) and Field Determination. Office/Desk Dates: Field Date(s):
SECTION II: DATA SOURCES
Check all that were used to aid in the determination and attach data/maps to this AJD form and/or references/citations
in the administrative record, as appropriate.
Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant. Title/Date: Project Drawings/June
2018.
Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant.
Data sheets/delineation report are sufficient for purposes of AJD form. Title/Date:
Data sheets/delineation report are not sufficient for purposes of AJD form. Summarize rationale and include
information on revised data sheets/delineation report that this AJD form has relied upon:
Revised Title/Date:
Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Title/Date:
Corps navigable waters study. Title/Date:
☑ CorpsMap ORM map layers. Title/Date:
USGS Hydrologic Atlas. Title/Date:
USGS, NHD, or WBD data/maps. Title/Date:
USGS 8, 10 and/or 12 digit HUC maps. HUC number:
☑ USGS maps. Scale & quad name and date: Historical Topographic Explore; Seattle 1992; Seattle 1958; Edmond
1968.
☑ USDA NRCS Soil Survey. Citation: 30 January 2018.
☑ USFWS National Wetlands Inventory maps. Citation: 30 January 2018.
State/Local wetland inventory maps. Citation:
FEMA/FIRM maps. Citation:
Photographs: Aerial. Citation: . or Other. Citation: .
LiDAR data/maps. Citation:
Previous JDs. File no. and date of JD letter:
Applicable/supporting case law:
Applicable/supporting scientific literature:

Other information (please specify):
SECTION III: SUMMARY OF FINDINGS
Complete ORM "Aquatic Resource Upload Sheet" or Export and Print the Aquatic Resource Screen from ORM for All Waters and Features, Regardless of Jurisdictional Status – Required
A. RIVERS AND HARBORS ACT (RHA) SECTION 10 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION:  "navigable waters of the U.S." within RHA jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 329) in the review area.  • Complete Table 1 - Required  NOTE: If the navigable water is not subject to the ebb and flow of the tide or included on the District's list of Section 10 navigable waters list, DO NOT USE THIS FORM TO MAKE THE DETERMINATION. The District must continue to follow the procedure outlined in 33 CFR part 329.14 to make a Section 10 RHA navigability determination.
B. CLEAN WATER ACT (CWA) SECTION 404 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION: "waters of the U.S." within CWA jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 328.3) in the review area. Check all that apply.  (a)(1): All waters which are currently used, were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. (Traditional Navigable Waters (TNWs))  • Complete Table 1 - Required  This AJD includes a case-specific (a)(1) TNW (Section 404 navigable-in-fact) determination on a water that has not previously been designated as such. Documentation required for this case-specific (a)(1) TNW
determination is attached.  (a)(2): All interstate waters, including interstate wetlands.  • Complete Table 2 - Required  (a)(3): The territorial seas.
<ul> <li>Complete Table 3 - Required</li> <li>(a)(4): All impoundments of waters otherwise identified as waters of the U.S. under 33 CFR part 328.3.</li> <li>Complete Table 4 - Required</li> </ul>
(a)(5): All tributaries, as defined in 33 CFR part 328.3, of waters identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(3) of 33 CFR part 328.3.
<ul> <li>Complete Table 5 - Required</li> <li>(a)(6): All waters adjacent to a water identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(5) of 33 CFR part 328.3, including wetlands, ponds, lakes, oxbows, impoundments, and similar waters.</li> <li>Complete Table 6 - Required</li> <li>Bordering/Contiguous.         Neighboring:         <ul> <li>(c)(2)(i): All waters located within 100 feet of the ordinary high water mark (OHWM) of a water identified in</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(5) of 33 CFR part 328.3.  (c)(2)(ii): All waters located within the 100-year floodplain of a water identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(5) of 33 CFR part 328.3 and not more than 1,500 feet of the OHWM of such water.  (c)(2)(iii): All waters located within 1,500 feet of the high tide line of a water identified in paragraphs (a)(1) or

Includes water(s) that are geographically and physically adjacent per (a)(6), but are being used for established, normal farming, silviculture, and ranching activities (33 USC Section 1344(f)(1)) and therefore are not adjacent and require a case-specific significant nexus determination.

(a)(8): All waters located within the 100-year floodplain of a water identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(3) of 33

• Complete Table 7 for the significant nexus determination. Attach a map delineating the SPOE watershed boundary with (a)(7) waters identified in the similarly situated analysis. - Required

(a)(3) of 33 CFR part 328.3, and all waters within 1,500 feet of the OHWM of the Great Lakes.

(a)(7): All waters identified in 33 CFR 328.3(a)(7)(i)-(v) where they are determined, on a case-specific basis, to

have a significant nexus to a water identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(3) of 33 CFR part 328.3.

(a)(8): All waters located within the 100-year floodplain of a water identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(3) of 33 CFR part 328.3 not covered by (c)(2)(ii) above and all waters located within 4,000 feet of the high tide line or OHWM of a water identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(5) of 33 CFR part 328.3 where they are determined on a case-specific basis to have a significant nexus to a water identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(3) of 33 CFR part 328.3.

 Complete Table 8 for the significant nexus determination. Attach a map delineating the SPOE watershed boundary with (a)(8) waters identified in the similarly situated analysis. - Required

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Includes water(s) that are geographically and physically adjacent per (a)(6), but are being used normal farming, silviculture, and ranching activities (33 USC Section 1344(f)(1)) and therefore are rand require a case-specific significant nexus determination.	
C. NON-WATERS OF THE U.S. FINDINGS:	
Check all that apply.	
The review area is comprised entirely of dry land.	
Potential-(a)(7) Waters: Waters that DO NOT have a significant nexus to a water identified in paragr	raphs (a)(1)-
(a)(3) of 33 CFR part 328.3.	, , , , ,
<ul> <li>Complete Table 9 and attach a map delineating the SPOE watershed boundary with (a)(7) waters identified in the similarly situated analysis Required</li> </ul>	h potential
Includes water(s) that are geographically and physically adjacent per (a)(6), but are being used	for established
normal farming, silviculture, and ranching activities (33 USC Section 1344(f)(1)) and therefore are r	
and require a case-specific significant nexus determination.	iot adjacont
Potential-(a)(8) Waters: Waters that DO NOT have a significant nexus to a water identified in paragr	ranhe (a)(1)
(a)(3) of 33 CFR part 328.3.	1apris (a)(1)-
Complete Table 9 and attach a map delineating the SPOE watershed boundary with	h notontial
(a)(8) waters identified in the similarly situated analysis Required	ii poteiitiai
Includes water(s) that are geographically and physically adjacent per (a)(6), but are being used	for actablished
normal farming, silviculture, and ranching activities (33 USC Section 1344(f)(1)) and therefore are r	
and require a case-specific significant nexus determination.	not adjacent
	-\/4\ (-\/0\.
Excluded Waters (Non-Waters of U.S.), even where they otherwise meet the terms of paragraphs (a	a)(4)-(a)(8):
• Complete Table 10 - Required	
(b)(1): Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons designed to meet the rec	quirements of
the CWA.	
(b)(2): Prior converted cropland.	
(b)(3)(i): Ditches with ephemeral flow that are not a relocated tributary or excavated in a tributary	
(b)(3)(ii): Ditches with intermittent flow that are not a relocated tributary, excavated in a tributary	, or drain
wetlands.	
(b)(3)(iii): Ditches that do not flow, either directly or through another water, into a water identified	d in
paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(3).	
(b)(4)(i): Artificially irrigated areas that would revert to dry land should application of water to tha	
(b)(4)(ii): Artificial, constructed lakes and ponds created in dry land such as farm and stock water	
irrigation ponds, settling basins, fields flooded for rice growing, log cleaning ponds, or cooling poly	onds.
(b)(4)(iii): Artificial reflecting pools or swimming pools created in dry land. <sup>1</sup>	
(b)(4)(iv): Small ornamental waters created in dry land. <sup>1</sup>	
(b)(4)(v): Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to mining or construction activity	y, including
pits excavated for obtaining fill, sand, or gravel that fill with water.	
(b)(4)(vi): Erosional features, including gullies, rills, and other ephemeral features that do not me	eet the
definition of tributary, non-wetland swales, and lawfully constructed grassed waterways.	
(b)(4)(vii): Puddles. <sup>1</sup>	
(b)(5): Groundwater, including groundwater drained through subsurface drainage systems.	
(b)(6): Stormwater control features constructed to convey, treat, or store stormwater that are cre	eated in dry
land. <sup>1</sup>	
(b)(7): Wastewater recycling structures created in dry land; detention and retention basins built f	for wastewater
recycling; groundwater recharge basins; percolation ponds built for wastewater recycling; and w	water
distributary structures built for wastewater recycling.	
Other non-jurisdictional waters/features within review area that do not meet the definitions in 33 CFF	R 328.3 of
(a)(1)-(a)(8) waters and are not excluded waters identified in (b)(1)-(b)(7).	
Complete Table 11 - Required.	
D. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS TO SUPPORT AJD: .	

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In many cases these excluded features will not be specifically identified on the AJD form, unless specifically requested. Corps Districts may, in case-by-case instances, choose to identify some or all of these features within the review area.
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# Jurisdictional Waters of the U.S.

Default field entry is "N/A". Delete "N/A" and fill out all fields in the table where applicable for waters/features present in the review area.

# Table 1. (a)(1) Traditional Navigable Waters

(a)(1) Waters Name	(a)(1) Criteria	Rationale to Support (a)(1) Designation Include High Tide Line or Ordinary High Water Mark indicators, when
N/A	Choose an item.	applicable. N/A

# Table 2. (a)(2) Interstate Waters

(a)(2) Waters Name Rationa	Rationale to Support (a)(2) Designation
N/A	

## Table 3. (a)(3) Territorial Seas

(a)(3) Waters Name	Rationale to Support (a)(3) Designation
N/A	

## Table 4. (a)(4) Impoundments

(a)(4) Waters Name	Rationale to Support (a)(4) Designation
N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A

### Table 5. (a)(5)Tributaries

(a)(5) Waters Name	Flow Regime	(a)(1)-(a)(3) Water Name to which this (a)(5) Tributary Flows	Tributary Breaks	Rationale for (a)(5) Designation and Additional Discussion. Identify flowpath to (a)(1)-(a)(3) water or attach map identifying the flowpath; explain any breaks or flow through excluded/non-jurisdictional features, etc.
Blueberry Creek	Perennial	Sammamish River	No	See attached map flowpath map
N/A	Choose an item.	N/A	Choose an item.	N/A
N/A	Choose an item.	N/A	Choose an item.	N/A
N/A	Choose an item.	N/A	Choose an item.	N/A

# Table 6. (a)(6) Adjacent Waters

(a)(6) Waters Name	(a)(1)-(a)(5) Water Name to which this Water is Adjacent	Rationale for (a)(6) Designation and Additional Discussion. Identify the type of water and how the limits of jurisdiction were established (e.g., wetland, 87 Manual/Regional Supplement); explain how the 100-year floodplain and/or the distance threshold was determined; whether this water extends beyond a threshold; explain if the water is part of a mosaic, etc.
Wetland D	Blueberry Creek	Bordering
Wetland H	Blueberry Creek	Bordering
Wetland I	Blueberry Creek	Bordering
Wetland J	Blueberry Creek	Bordering
		The state of the s

### Table 7. (a)(7) Waters

SPOE	(a)(7) Waters Name	(a)(1)-(a)(3) Water Name to which this Water has a	3) Water   Significant Nexus Determination which   Identify SPOE watershed; discuss whether any similarly situated waters were present and aggregated for SND; discuss data, provide analysis, and
2		Significant Nexus	summarize how the waters have more than speculative or insubstantial effect on the physical, chemical, or biological integrity of the (a)(1)-(a)(3) water, etc.
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### Table 8. (a)(8) Waters

			Significant Novice Deformination
		(a)(1)-(a)(3) Water	Significant Nexus Determination (3) Water   Identify SPOE watershed; explain how 100-yr floodplain and/or the distance
S D D E		Name to which	threshold was determined; discuss whether waters were determined to be
	(a)(8) Waters Name	this Water has a	similarly situated to subject water and aggregated for SND; discuss data,
Malle		Significant	provide analysis, and then summarize how the waters have more than
		Nexus	speculative or insubstantial effect the on the physical, chemical, or biological
			integrity of the (a)(1)-(a)(3) water, etc.
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### Non-Jurisdictional Waters

Default field entry is "N/A". Delete "N/A" and fill out all fields in the table where applicable for waters/features present in the review area.

# Table 9. Non-Waters/No Significant Nexus

SPOE		(a)(1)-(a)(3) Water Name to which this Water DOES	Basis for Determination that the Functions DO NOT Contribute Significantly to the Chemical, Physical, or Biological Integrity of the (a)(1)-(a)(3) Water. Identify SPOE watershed; explain how 100-yr floodplain and/or the distance threshold was determined; discuss whether waters were determined to be similarly situated to
Name	waters name	NOT have a	the subject water; discuss data, provide analysis, and summarize how the waters did
		Significant	not have more than a speculative or insubstantial effect on the physical, chemical, or
	•	Nexus	biological integrity of the (a)(1)-(a)(3) water.
		Lake	See MFR in the administrative record for this project for Similarly Situated Waters and
Š	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Washington/	Significant Nexus Determination dated 7 February 2019 for rationale to support a finding
<u> </u>	vvenand A	Sammamish	of no significant nexus.
		River	
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Table 10. Non-Waters/Excluded Waters and Features

Paragraph (b) Excluded Feature/Water Name	Rationale for Paragraph (b) Excluded Feature/Water and Additional Discussion.
Ditch	(b)(3)(ii) Ditch has intermittent flow and is not a relocated tributary, excavated in a tributary, nor drains a wetland. Utilized historical topographical maps from USGS;Seattle 1992;Seattle 1958;Edmond 1968
N/A	N/A

## Table 11. Non-Waters/Other

Other Non-Waters of U.S. Feature/Water Name	Rationale for Non-Waters of U.S. Feature/Water and Additional Discussion.
N/A	N/A

### CENWS-ODR

Reference: NWS-2018-725; Kenmore, City of (68th Ave NE Improvements)

### MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

### SUBJECT: Similarly Situated Waters and Significant Nexus Determination

The waters specified in table 9 require a determination whether they are similarly situated. Under this step, the agencies apply factors in the determination of when waters evaluated under paragraph (a)(8) of the 2015 Clean Water Rule should be considered either individually or in combination for purposes of a significant nexus analysis. A determination of "similarly situated" requires an evaluation of whether a group of waters in the region that meet the distance thresholds set out under paragraph (a)(8) can reasonably be expected to function together in their effect on the chemical, physical, or biological integrity of downstream traditional navigable waters, interstate waters, or the territorial seas. Similarly situated waters can be identified as sufficiently close together for purposes of this paragraph of the regulation when they are within a contiguous area of land with relatively homogeneous soils, vegetation, and landform (e.g., plain, mountain, valley, etc.).

A water has a significant nexus when any single function or combination of functions performed by the water, alone or together with similarly situated waters in the region, contributes significantly to the chemical, physical, or biological integrity of the nearest water identified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (3).

### 1. Subject Wetland

- a. Soils: Based on the USDA Soil Survey Data, soils at and immediately around the project area of the Wetland A are mapped as Everett very sandy loam 8 to 15 percent (somewhat excessively drained) and Urban land with non-hydric soil inclusions.
- b. Vegetation: Wetland A 0.06 of an acre (2,084 square feet) category IV is a depressional Palustrine emergent (PEM) wetland.
- c. Landform: Wetland A is located in irregular plains landform. The wetland flows into a drainage channel that flows into an (a)(1) water, the Sammamish River, which is located in a flat plains.
- d. Proximity: Wetland A is 2,539 horizontal feet to the nearest tributary, Swamp Creek.

### 2. Similarly Situated Characteristics

a. NWS-2018-725 Single Point of Entry (SPOE) basin is delineated in the attached figure. The SPOE is located in the Mud Creek basin of Kenmore, Washington, it is part of the greater Lake Washington - Cedar River drainage, encompassing the land area in which water drains to Lake Sammamish, Bear Creek, Sammamish River and out into Lake Washington.

SUBJECT: NWS-2018-725; Kenmore, City of (68th Ave NE Improvements)

b. Similarly situated waters would be PEM, and seasonally-flooded wetlands found elevated above the 100-year floodplain in an irregular plain landforms between 1,500 and 4,000 horizontal feet of the Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) of a (a)(5) tributary that drains to the Sammamish River and are located in areas that have been identified of having excessively drained soils, similar land forms of irregular plains and land coverage.

### 3. Similarly Situated Waters Identified

Using the NWI Maps, and ORM maps, only the subject Wetland A and Wetland 6 are similarly situated wetlands totaling approximately 0.35 of an acre were identified. These waters are identified in the attached figure.

1. Wetland 6 is 0.29 acre Fresh Water Emergent (PEM1C) that shares all the same landform, vegetation, and soil drainage characteristics as the subject Wetland A, and as it is approximately 1,913 horizontal feet away from unnamed tributary to Swamp Creek.

Five wetlands (wetlands 1-5) were excluded because they were located outside the range of 1,500 and 4,000 horizontal feet of the Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) of a (a)(5) tributary that drains to the Sammamish River. These waters are identified in the attached figures.

- 1. Wetland 1 is 1.45 acre Fresh Water Forested/ Shrub (PSCC) that shares all the same landform, vegetation, and soil drainage characteristics as the subject Wetland A, and as it is approximately 240 horizontal feet away from unnamed tributary to Scriber Creek.
- 2. Wetland 2 is 1.32 acre Fresh Water Forested/ Shrub (PFOC) that shares all the same landform, vegetation, and soil drainage characteristics as the subject Wetland A, and as it is approximately 474 horizontal feet away from Scriber Creek.
- 3. Wetland 3 is 1.01 acre Fresh Water Forested/ Shrub (PFOC) that shares all the same landform, vegetation, and soil drainage characteristics as the subject Wetland A, and as it is approximately 830 horizontal feet away from Swamp Creek.
- 4. Wetland 4 is 0.67 acre Fresh Water Forested/ Shrub (PSCC) that shares all the same landform, vegetation, and soil drainage characteristics as the subject Wetland A, and as it is approximately 791 horizontal feet away from unnamed tributary to Swamp Creek.
- 5. Wetland 5 is 1.63 acre Fresh Water Emergent (PEM1C) that shares all the same landform, vegetation, and soil drainage characteristics as the subject Wetland A, and as it is approximately 787 horizontal feet away from unnamed tributary to Swamp Creek.

Other wetlands in the SPOE basin were excluded because they were not situated within the same land cover, landform class, and soil drainage class.

**CENWS-ODR** 

SUBJECT: NWS-2018-725; Kenmore, City of (68th Ave NE Improvements)

### 4. Significant Nexus Determination

The subject water either alone or in combination with other similarly situated waters in the region, do not significantly affect the chemical, physical, or biological integrity of Lake Washington or the Sammamish River, nearest (a)(1) water based on the discussion below:

After analysis of the information from topographic maps, National Hydrography data (ERI & USGS), the National Flood Hazard data and considering the very small wetland area (only 0.35 of acre). Wetland A and Wetland 6, do not provide a significant contribution to flow, sediment and toxin trapping, nutrient recycling, retention and attenuation of flood waters, export of organic matter, or export of food resources at a level that would significantly affect the downstream (a)(1) water.

5. Conclusion: The effects are less than speculative or insubstantial. Because there is not a significant nexus between Wetland A and the nearest TNW, Wetland A is not a water of the U.S.

Colleen Anderson

Date

Project Manager

Kristina G. Tong

Section Chief

Attachments:

SPOE Map

National Wetland Inventory Map

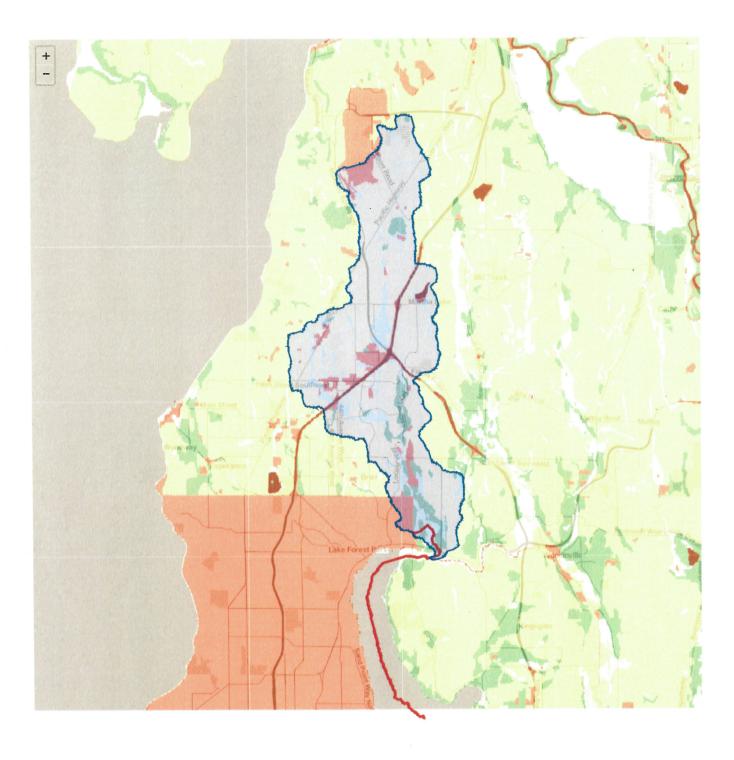
Soil Survey

Flow Path

USGS Topographic Map

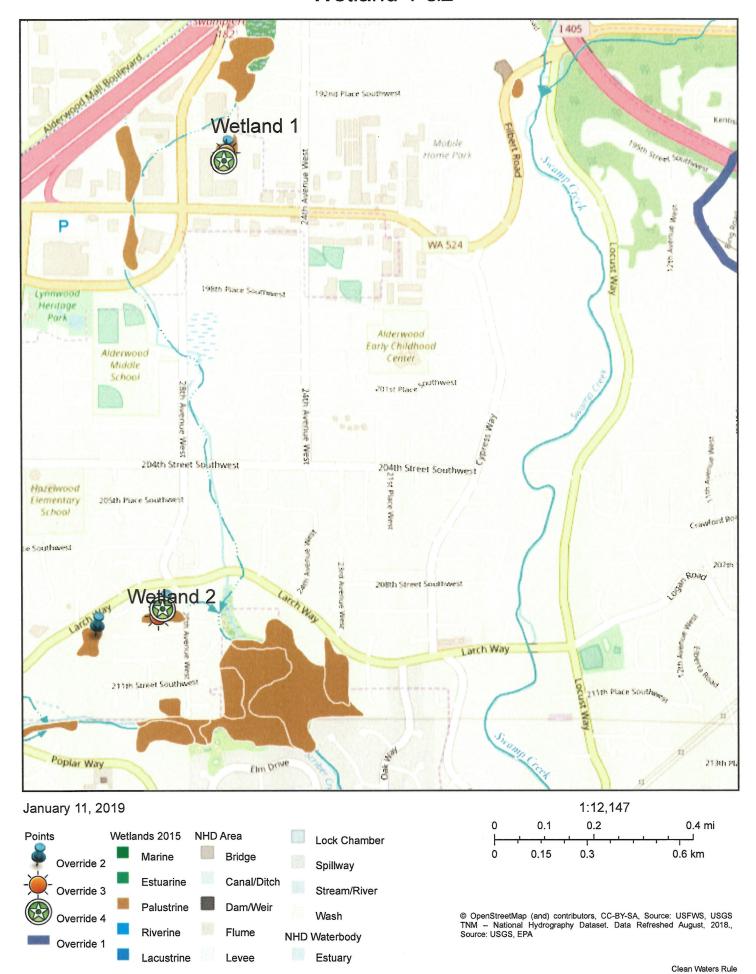
Review Area Map

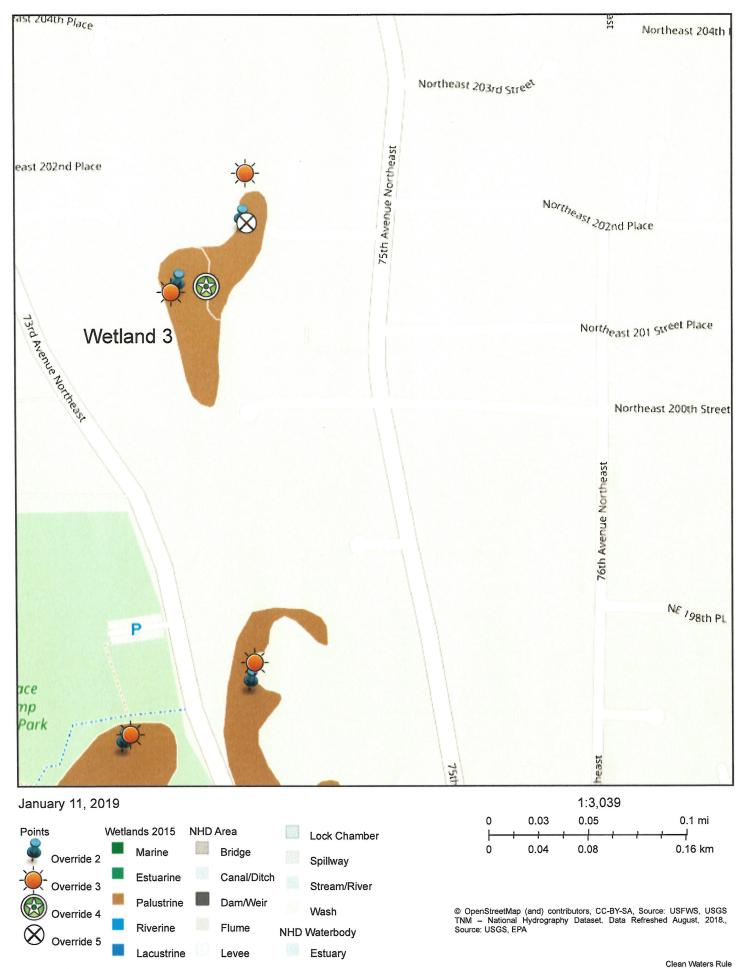
ORM JD Viewer Page 1 of 1

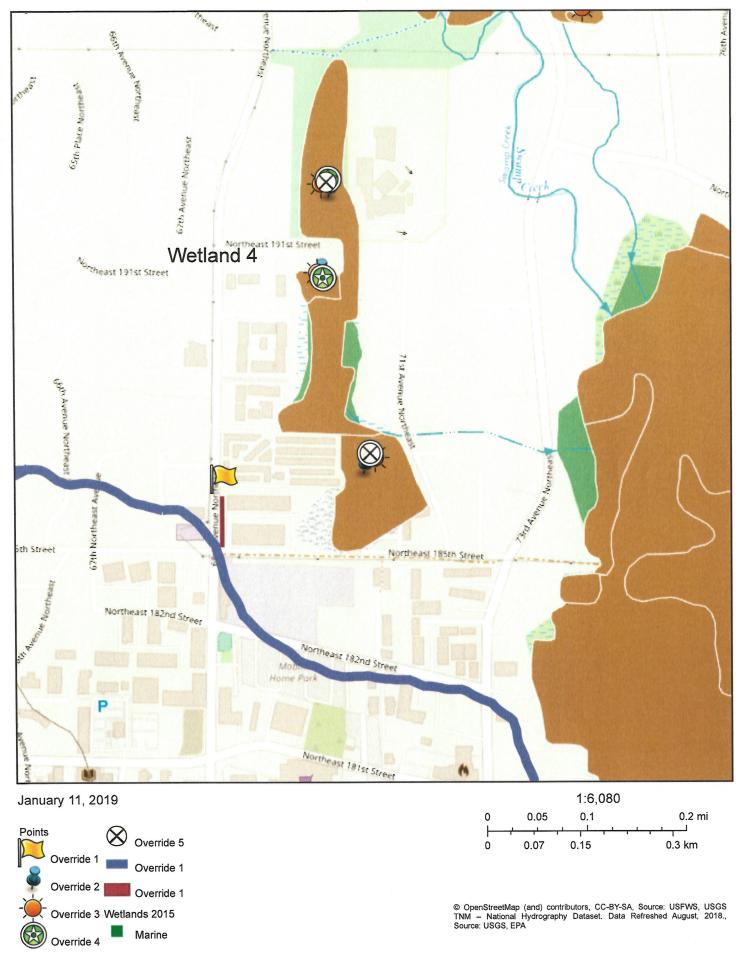


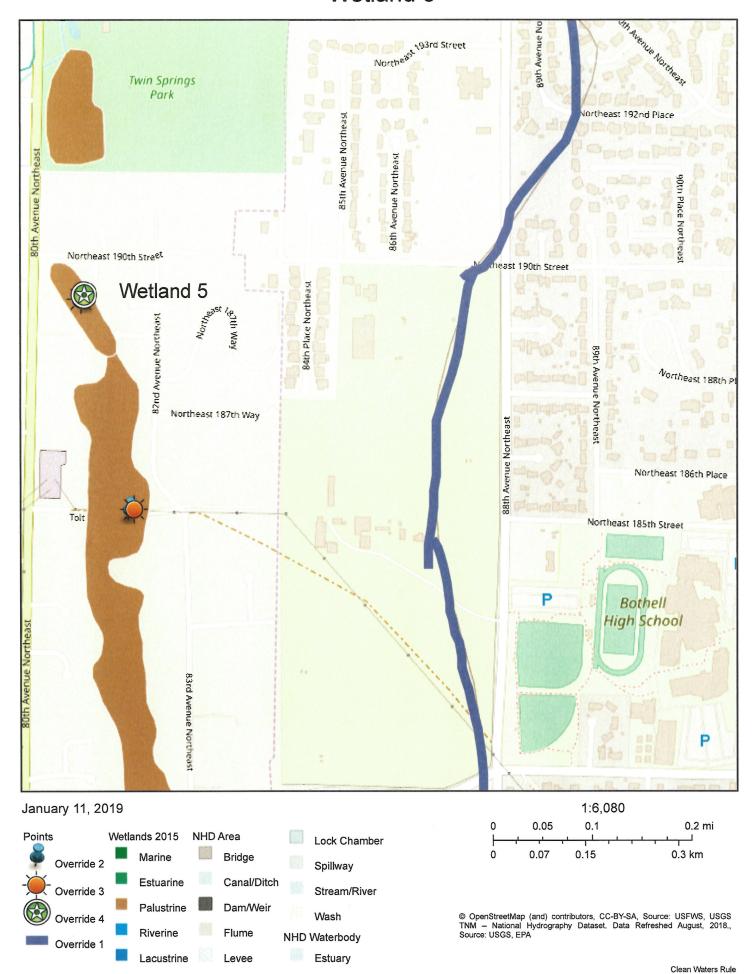


### Wetland 1 &2

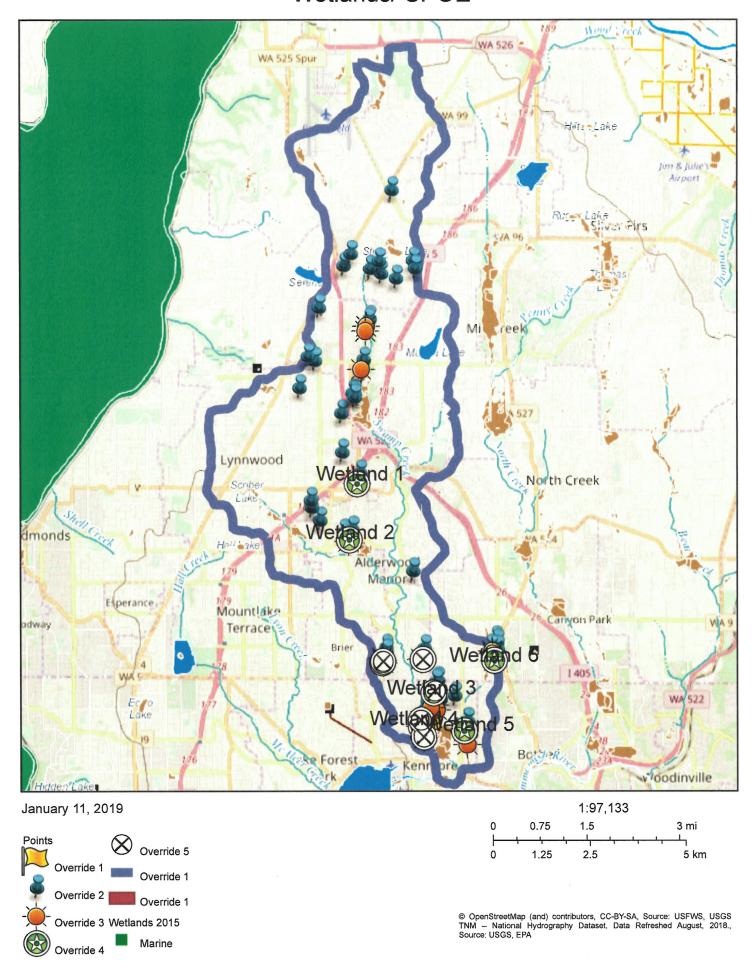


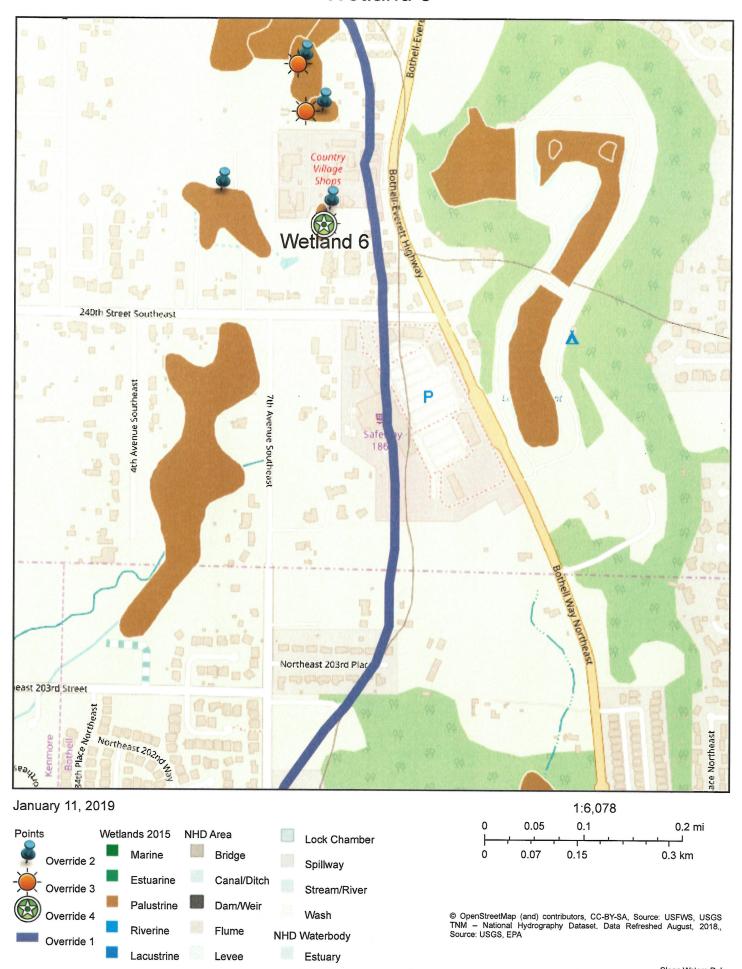






### Wetlands/ SPOE







### King County Area, Washington

### Ur-Urban land

### **Map Unit Composition**

Urban land: 100 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

### **Description of Urban Land**

### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8
Hydric soil rating: No

### **Data Source Information**

Soil Survey Area: King County Area, Washington Survey Area Data: Version 14, Sep 10, 2018

### King County Area, Washington

### EvC—Everett very gravelly sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes

### Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2t62b

Elevation: 30 to 900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 35 to 91 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 48 to 52 degrees F

Frost-free period: 180 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

### **Map Unit Composition**

Everett and similar soils: 80 percent Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

### **Description of Everett**

### Setting

Landform: Kames, eskers, moraines

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, base slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Sandy and gravelly glacial outwash

### Typical profile

Oi - 0 to 1 inches: slightly decomposed plant material

A - 1 to 3 inches: very gravelly sandy loam
Bw - 3 to 24 inches: very gravelly sandy loam
C1 - 24 to 35 inches: very gravelly loamy sand
C2 - 35 to 60 inches: extremely cobbly coarse sand

### Properties and qualities

Slope: 8 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

(1.98 to 5.95 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water storage in profile: Low (about 3.2 inches)

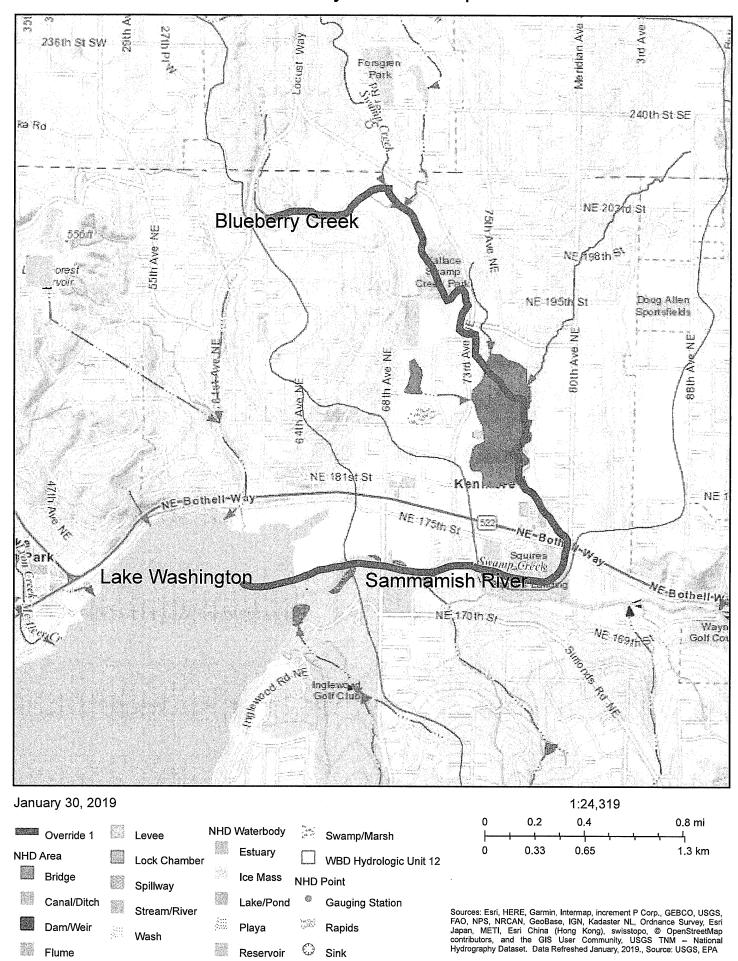
### Interpretive groups

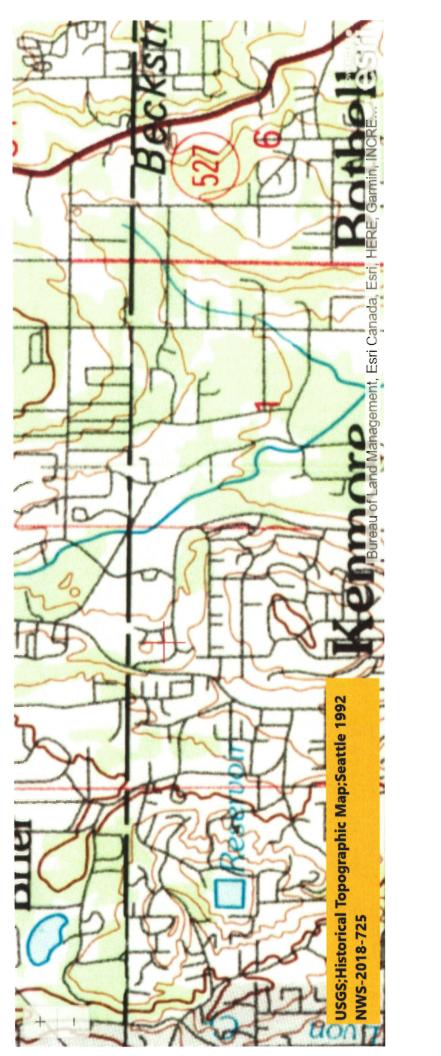
Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

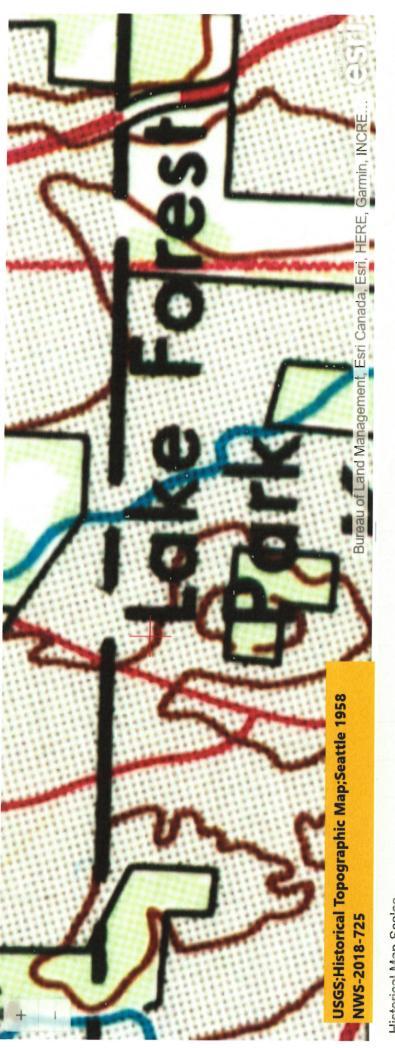
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4s

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

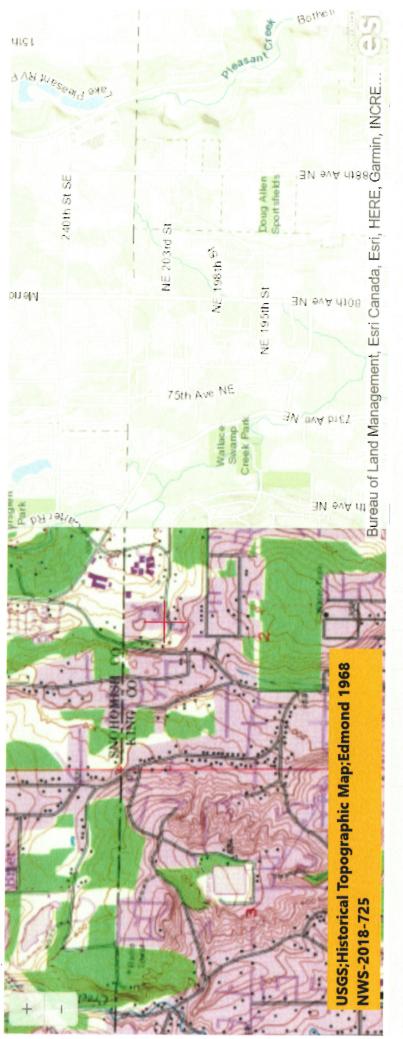
### Blueberry Creek flowpath







Historical Map Scales



Historical Map Scales

