

Question	Answer
What are you looking for?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Munitions and Explosives of Concern (MEC) • Unexploded Ordnance (UXO) • Discarded Military Munitions • Explosive Munitions Constituents (MC)
What was Bruneau PBR No. 2 used for?	<p>Bruneau Precision Bombing Range No. 2, consisting of 2,552 acres in Owyhee County, Idaho, was originally undeveloped rangeland belonging to the Department of Interior. The Army Air Corps started construction of Mountain Home Army Airfield in November 1942. In September 1943 the War Department acquired the land from the DOI for use as Mountain Home PBR No. 2. After creation of the U.S. Air Force in 1947, the property was renamed Bruneau PBR No. 2. The practice bombing range had a target consisting of concentric circles as large as 1000 feet in diameter. The property was declared excess in November 1953 and returned to the Bureau of Land Management in November 1955. At that time the BLM retained 240 acres and conveyed most the usable land to private owners through the Desert Land Act. The majority of the land is used for agricultural purposes.</p>
Why is the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers involved?	<p>The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers is responsible for Department of Defense environmental programs on former lands. In the late 1980s the Formerly Used Defense Site program was initiated. The Corps has conducted several activities actions leading to the current project.</p>
What prompted the current Site Investigation?	<p>In 2002 (National Defense Authorization Act), Congress required DoD to create an inventory of defense sites known or suspected of containing munitions or munitions constituents.</p> <p>DoD will prioritize the nationwide sites needing action and provide Congress with a response plan. All the Site Inspections need to be completed by the year 2010.</p>
How many sites are you inspecting?	<p>Currently there are two sites in Others sites may be identified in the future. Nationwide, DoD has identified over 3,300 sites with the following breakdown.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active installations (1,333) • Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) (318) • Formerly Used Defense Sites (FUDS) (1,658)

What is the goal of the Site Inspections?	To determine if munitions or munitions constituents are present.
What are the possible outcomes after completion of the SI?	Possible Outcomes of an SI are the elimination of a site from further action or identify the need for further investigation.
What if there is a need for further investigation?	<p>If there is a need to investigate further work may include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remedial Investigation (RI) • Feasibility Study (FS) • Determine need for a time-critical removal action
How will the SI information be used if further work is needed?	SI provides information needed for EPA's Hazard Ranking System for National Priorities List (Superfund) sites. DoD will use the information for a new Munitions Response Site Prioritization Protocol.
What all is involved in the Site Inspection process?	The process begins with a review of available data, what we already know. Next a Technical Project Planning (TPP) is developed followed by a work plan, actual field work and finally a final report summarizing all activities.
What is the Technical Project Plan?	The TPP is developed by meeting with stakeholders (regulators, property owners, local businesses, etc) and identifying their issues concerns. Identifying Areas of Concern (AOCs) at the former camp, reviewing site information, verifying current and future land use. The TPP will develop a Conceptual Site Model, Identify Data Gaps and Data Objectives. Finally all parties will concur on a field work approach.
What types of munitions were used at Bruneau PBR?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 100 pound General Purpose Bombs • 100 pound Practice Bombs • Spotting Charges • Bomb Train Fuzes • Bomb Nose Fuzes • .50 Caliber Cartridges
What other activities were there at Bruneau PBR?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None identified at this time
What other work has been done on the Bruneau PBR?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2004 Archive Search Report Supplement • 2005 Final CERCLA Preliminary Assessment

Have munitions been found in the area?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Small Arms
What will the Corps be inspecting?	The Corps' contractor will be taking samples of soil, surface water and sediment, and groundwater.
Will the Site Inspection involve heavy equipment?	The SI will be non intrusive type of reconnaissance. The process will be visual and with the use of Magnetometers. The SI will be done by trained Unexploded Ordinance Experts. Their goal will be to avoid UXO, select samples and evaluate munitions.
Where will they get their samples from?	The will be getting samples from shallow soils, surface water/sediment and groundwater (existing wells).