



U.S. Army
Corps of Engineers
Omaha District



FINAL SITE INSPECTION REPORT

Camp Adair/Adair Air Force Station
Benton, Polk and Linn Counties, OR
FUDS Property No. 10OR0029

Site Inspections at Multiple Sites, NWO Region
Formerly Used Defense Sites
Military Munitions Response Program

Contract No. W912DY-04-D-0010
Delivery Order No. 003

June 2007



Shaw Environmental, Inc.
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The views, opinions, and/or findings contained in this report are those of the author(s) and should not be construed as official department of the Army position, policy, or decision, unless so designated by other documentation.

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Submitted to:

U.S. Department of the Army
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Omaha District

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List of Acronyms

°F	degrees Fahrenheit
AOC	area of concern
ASR	Archives Search Report
bgs	below ground surface
CAIS	Chemical Agent Identification Sets
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CLP	Contract Laboratory Program
CSM	conceptual site model
CWM	Chemical Warfare Materiel
DERP	Defense Environmental Response Program
DMM	discarded military munitions
DoD	Department of Defense
DQO	data quality objective
EDR	Environmental Data Resources, Inc.
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
ER	Engineering Regulation
FR	Federal Register
ft	foot or feet
FUDS	Formerly Used Defense Sites
GPS	Global Positioning System
HRS	Hazard Ranking System
HTRW	hazardous, toxic, or radioactive wastes
IEP	Important Ecological Places
INPR	Inventory Project Report
lb(s)	pound(s)
MC	munitions constituents
MCL	maximum contaminant level
MDL	maximum detection limit
MEC	munitions and explosives of concern
µg/L	micrograms per liter
mg/kg	milligrams per kilogram
MMRP	Military Munitions Response Program
MRA	Munitions Response Area
MRS	Munitions Response Site
MRSP	Munitions Response Site Prioritization Protocol
NCP	National Contingency Plan
NDAI	No Department of Defense Action Indicated
NWO	Northwest Region (Omaha District Military Munitions Design Center)
OB/OD	ordnance burial/ordnance disposal
ODEQ	Oregon Department of Environmental Quality
ODFW	Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife
OE	Ordnance and Explosives

List of Acronyms (Cont.)

OR	Oregon
PAH	polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon
PETN	pentaerythritol tetranitrate
PQL	practical quantitation limit
PRG	preliminary remediation goal
RAC	Risk Assessment Code
ROE(s)	Right(s) of Entry
RI/FS	remedial investigation/feasibility study
Shaw	Shaw Environmental, Inc.
SHPO	State Historic Preservation Office
SI	Site Inspection
SLERA	Screening Level Risk Assessment
SSI	Screening Site Inspection
SSWP	Site-Specific Work Plan
TNT	trinitrotoluene
TPP	Technical Project Planning
USACE	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
USC	United States Code
UTL	upper tolerance limit
UXO	unexploded ordnance
VSP	Visual Sampling Plan

Glossary of Terms

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980

(CERCLA) – Also known as “Superfund,” this congressionally enacted legislation provides the methodology for the removal of hazardous substances resultant from past / former operations. Response actions must be performed in accordance with the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (USACE, 2003). CERCLA was codified as 42 USC 9601 et seq., on December 11, 1980, and amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) on October 17, 1986.

Defense Sites – Locations that are or were owned by, leased to, or otherwise possessed or used by the Department of Defense (DoD). The term does not include any operational range, operating storage, or manufacturing facility, or facility that is used for or was permitted for the treatment or disposal of military munitions (10 USC 2710(e)(1)).

Discarded Military Munitions (DMM) – Military munitions that have been abandoned without proper disposal or removed from storage in a military magazine or other storage area for the purpose of disposal. The term does not include unexploded ordnance, military munitions that are being held for future use or planned disposal, or military munitions that have been properly disposed consistent with applicable environmental laws and regulations (10 USC 2710(e)(2)).

Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOD) – The detection, identification, on-site evaluation, rendering safe, recovery, and final disposal of unexploded ordnance and of other munitions that have become an imposing danger, for example, by damage or deterioration (10 USC 2710(e)(2)).

Formerly Used Defense Site (FUDS) – Real property that was formerly owned by, leased by, possessed by, or otherwise under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Defense or the components, including organizations that predate DoD. Some FUDS properties include areas formerly used as military ranges (10 USC 2710(e)(2)).

Military Munitions – Ammunition products and components produced for or used by the armed forces for national defense and security, including ammunition products or components under the control of the DoD, the U.S. Coast Guard, the U.S. Department of Energy, and the National Guard. The term includes confined gaseous, liquid, and solid propellants, explosives, pyrotechnics, chemical and riot control agents, smokes, and incendiaries, including bulk explosives, and chemical warfare agents, chemical munitions, rockets, guided and ballistic missiles, bombs, warheads, mortar rounds, artillery ammunitions, small arms ammunition, grenades, mines, torpedoes, depth charges, cluster munitions and dispensers, demolition charges, and devices and components of the above.

The term does not include wholly inert items, improvised explosive devices, and nuclear weapons, nuclear devices, and nuclear components, other than non-nuclear components of

nuclear devices that are managed under the nuclear weapons program of the Department of Energy after all required sanitization operations under the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 USC 2011 et seq.) have been completed (10 USC 101(e)(4)(A) through (C)).

Munitions Constituents (MC) – Any materials originating from unexploded ordnance (UXO), discarded military munitions (DMM), or other military munitions, including explosive and non-explosive materials, and emission, degradation, or breakdown elements of such ordnance or munitions (10 USC 2710(e)(3)).

Munitions Debris (MD) – Remnants of munitions (e.g., fragments, penetrators, projectiles, shell casings, links, fins) remaining after munitions use, demilitarization, or disposal (10 USC 2710(e)(2)).

Munitions and Explosives of Concern (MEC) – This term, which distinguishes specific categories of military munitions that may pose unique explosives safety risks means: (A) Unexploded ordnance (UXO), as defined in 10 USC 101(e)(5); (B) Discarded military munitions (DMM), as defined in 10 USC 2710(e)(2); or (C) Munitions constituents (e.g., TNT, RDX), as defined in 10 USC 2710(e)(3), present in high enough concentrations to pose an explosive hazard (10 USC 2710(e)(2)).

Munitions Response Area (MRA) – Any area on a defense site that is known or suspected to contain UXO, DMM, or MC. Examples are former ranges and munitions burial areas. An MRA comprises one or more munitions response sites (32 CFR§179.3).

Munitions Response Site (MRS) – A discrete location within a munitions response area that is known to require a munitions response (32 CFR§179.3).

Munitions Response Site Prioritization Protocol (MRSPP) – The MRSPP was published as a rule on October 5, 2005. This rule implements the requirement established in section 311(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2002 for the Department of Defense (DoD) to assign a relative priority for munitions responses to each location in the DoD's inventory of defense sites known or suspected of containing unexploded ordnance (UXO), discarded military munitions (DMM), or munitions constituents (MC). The DoD adopted the MRSPP under the authority of 10 USC 2710(b). Provisions of 10 USC 2710(b) require that the Department assign to each defense site in the inventory required by 10 USC 2710(a) a relative priority for response activities based on the overall conditions at each location and taking into consideration various factors related to safety and environmental hazards (70 FR 58016).

Range – A designated land or water area that is set aside, managed, and used for range activities of the Department of Defense. The term includes firing lines and positions, maneuver areas, firing lanes, test pads, detonation pads, impact areas, electronic scoring sites, buffer zones with restricted access, and exclusionary areas. The term also includes airspace areas designated for

military use in accordance with regulations and procedures prescribed by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration (10 USC 101(e)(1)(A) and (B)).

Range Activities – Research, development, testing, and evaluation of military munitions, other ordnance, and weapons systems; and the training of members of the armed forces in the use and handling of military munitions, other ordnance, and weapons systems (10 USC 101(e)(2)(A) and (B)).

Risk Assessment Code (RAC) – An interim risk assessment procedure developed by the U.S. Army Engineering and Support Center, Huntsville (USAESCH), Ordnance and Explosives Directorate (CEHNC-OE) to address explosives safety hazards related to munitions. The RAC score was formerly used by the USACE to prioritize response actions at FUDS. The RAC procedure, which does not address environmental hazards associated with munitions constituents, has been superseded by the MRSPP.

Unexploded Ordnance – Military munitions that (A) have been primed, fuzed, armed, or otherwise prepared for action; (B) have been fired, dropped, launched, projected, or placed in such a manner as to constitute a hazard to operations, installations, personnel, or material; and (C) remain unexploded either by malfunction, design, or any other cause (10 USC 101(e)(5)(A) through (C)).

1 *Executive Summary*

2 The Department of Defense (DoD) has established the Military Munitions Response Program
3 (MMRP) under the Defense Environmental Response Program to address DoD sites suspected of
4 containing munitions and explosives of concern (MEC) or munitions constituents (MC). Under
5 the MMRP, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) is conducting environmental response
6 activities at Formerly Used Defense Sites (FUDS) for the Army, DoD's Executive Agent for the
7 FUDS program. Shaw Environmental, Inc. (Shaw) is responsible for conducting Site Inspections
8 (SIs) at FUDS in the northwest region managed by the Omaha District Military Munitions
9 Design Center.

10 *SI Objectives and Scope*

11 The primary objective of the MMRP SI is to determine whether a FUDS project warrants further
12 response action under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability
13 Act. The SI collects the minimum amount of information necessary to make this determination,
14 as well as it (i) determines the potential need for a removal action; (ii) collects or develops
15 additional data, as appropriate, for Hazard Ranking System scoring by the Environmental
16 Protection Agency; and (iii) collects data, as appropriate, to characterize the release for effective
17 and rapid initiation of the Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study. An additional objective
18 of the MMRP SI is to collect the additional data necessary to complete the Munitions Response
19 Site Prioritization Protocol (MRSPP).

20 The scope of the SI reported herein is restricted to evaluation of the presence of MEC or MC
21 related to historical use of the FUDS prior to transfer. Potential releases of hazardous, toxic, or
22 radioactive wastes are not addressed within the current scope. The intent of the SI is to confirm
23 the presence or absence of MEC and/or associated MC contamination.

24 *Camp Adair*

25 This report presents the results of an SI conducted at Camp Adair/Adair Air Force Station (Camp
26 Adair), FUDS property number F10OR0029, located approximately 9 miles north of Corvallis,
27 Oregon, in Polk, Benton, and Linn Counties. Camp Adair was commissioned in 1942 and was
28 used primarily for training of triangular (three-regiment) infantry divisions until 1945. Other
29 uses of the camp from 1944 to 1946 included bombing and gunnery practice for Navy/Marine
30 pilots, a storage facility, a prisoner of war camp, and a Navy hospital. Camp Adair included a
31 cantonment area east of Highway 99 and a live fire and maneuver area to the west. During the
32 last two years of training, an estimated 265,000 rounds of high explosive ammunition (37-
33 millimeter [mm] or larger) were fired. Camp Adair was declared surplus and assigned for
34 disposition in April 1946. A War Department letter of August 1946 stated that Camp Adair had
35 been "dedudded so as to make it reasonably safe for any use" (War Department, 1946). A
36 Certificate of Clearance was issued in March 1947. Between 1958 and 1969, after several years

37 of inactivity, the cantonment area was used as Adair Air Force Station. Related munitions
38 training activity was limited to use of Skeet Range No. 580 in the cantonment area (between
39 1955 and 1964). In 1970, the Adair Air Force Station lands were determined excess and reported
40 to the General Services Administration for disposal.

41 Technical Project Planning

42 The approach for the SI was developed by Shaw in consultation with site stakeholders. A
43 Technical Project Planning meeting conducted in April 2006 was attended by representatives
44 from the USACE Omaha Design Center, USACE Hazardous, Toxic, and Radioactive Waste
45 Center of Expertise, and USACE – Seattle District; Oregon Department of Environmental
46 Quality (ODEQ); Oregon National Guard; U.S. Forest Service; Benton County; Oregon
47 Department of Fish and Wildlife; Polk County; Oregon State University Forestry Department;
48 Allied Waste; and Shaw. The stakeholders agreed to the approach and identified 21 areas of
49 concern (AOCs), that can be divided into five types of AOCs: small arms ranges, explosive
50 munitions ranges, live hand grenade courts, practice grenade courts, and the Chemical
51 Identification Area (Table 1-1).

52 SI Field Activities

53 SI field activities, conducted between August 21 and September 20, 2006, included a site
54 reconnaissance to look for evidence of MEC and to avoid MEC during sampling. Samples were
55 collected from surface soil, sediment, and groundwater. Results of the analyses suggest that
56 representative samples were collected and analyzed, and the results are indicative of the media
57 analyzed. Some results were qualified as described in the report. No data were qualified “R” as
58 unusable. Overall, the data reflect expected site conditions and they are fully usable for their
59 intended purpose.

60 SI Recommendations

61 Results of the SI provide the basis for conclusions and/or recommendations for further actions at
62 each of the AOCs.

63 *Small Arms Ranges*

64 Based on historical evidence and results from the SI field activities, there is no evidence of MEC
65 at any of the five small arms ranges. All of the small arms ranges are recommended for No
66 Department of Defense Action Indicated (NDAI) for MEC.

67 Sampling results at Range Complex No. 5 and Range Complex No. 6 show that concentrations
68 of potential contaminants are below background concentrations. These two ranges are
69 recommended for NDAI for MC.

70 The Infiltration Range No. 143 has been incorporated into the Coffin Butte Landfill operations.
71 The area of Infiltration Range No. 143 has been heavily excavated and the soil has been
72 disturbed, reworked, or removed. In 1994, a small amount of soil containing white phosphorus

73 was discovered and was subsequently allowed to burn and the risk has been eliminated. No soil
74 sampling was conducted during the SI field activities. Based on these findings, the Infiltration
75 Range No. 143 is recommended for NDAI for MC.

76 Soil from Range Complex No. 4 had lead concentrations that were above the background soil
77 concentration and the ecological screening level. The lead concentrations in these samples are
78 considered significant as Camp Adair meets some of the criteria for designation as an Important
79 Ecological Place (IEP) (Section 2.4.7). A recommendation for remedial investigation/feasibility
80 study (RI/FS) with respect to MC is made due to elevated lead concentrations in soil and
81 potential impacts to ecological receptors.

82 Skeet Range No. 580 had lead concentrations above the background soil concentration and
83 ecological screening level. Skeet Range No. 580 is currently a county park with baseball fields,
84 tennis courts, and playgrounds and does not in itself contain any criteria that would identify it as
85 an IEP. Following discussions with ODEQ, it was agreed that because of the site's current land
86 use as a park, the Skeet Range No. 580 is recommended for RI/FS with respect to MC.

87 *Explosive Munitions Ranges*

88 Based on historical evidence, MEC and munitions debris have been identified in five of the six
89 explosive munitions ranges. No MEC or munitions debris have been reported at Range Complex
90 No. 5. Field activities conducted during the SI did not find any MEC or munitions debris. Based
91 on historical findings, all explosive munitions ranges are recommended for RI/FS with regard to
92 MEC.

93 SI sampling results show that concentrations of metals and explosives in groundwater, sediment,
94 and soil are low and are below human health screening values. Exceedances of soil background
95 and ecological screening values were identified for molybdenum in soil at Range Complex
96 No. 3.

97 However, molybdenum is not a Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and
98 Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) hazardous substance and, in accordance with USACE
99 direction, a recommendation for RI/FS cannot be made. Therefore, a recommendation of NDAI
100 for MC is made for all explosive munitions ranges.

101 *Live Hand Grenade Courts*

102 Based on historical evidence, as documented in the ASR, MEC has been reported at the Live
103 Hand Grenade Court No. 129 and the West Live Hand Grenade Court. No MEC has been
104 reported at the East Live Hand Grenade Court. However, based on similar historical uses, there
105 is potential for MEC at the East Live Hand Grenade Court. Field activities conducted during the
106 SI did not identify any MEC or munitions debris. Based on these findings, the three live hand
107 grenade courts are recommended for RI/FS with respect to MEC.

108 SI sampling results show that concentrations of metals in sediment and soil are low and below
109 both human health and ecological screening values. There were no detections of explosives in
110 sediment or soil. Based on these findings, the three live hand grenade courts are recommended
111 for NDAI with respect to MC.

112 *Practice Grenade Courts*

113 Based on historical evidence and results from the SI field activities, training grenades have been
114 found at Practice Grenade Court Nos. 125, 126, and 127. These training grenades may contain a
115 small black powder spotting charge. The risk of injury from these training grenades is
116 considered low. Based on the potential presence of MEC, the practice grenade courts are
117 recommended for RI/FS with respect to MEC.

118 No sampling was conducted at the practice grenade courts. However, potential contaminants are
119 limited to a few common metals (iron, and small quantities of manganese and nickel). The
120 spotting charges were comprised of black powder, which does not contain CERCLA hazardous
121 substances. The practice grenade courts are recommended for NDAI with respect to MC.

122 *Chemical Identification Area*

123 Based on historical documentation, there is no evidence of MEC at the Chemical Identification
124 Area No. 182. The area is currently tilled farm land. No sampling was completed at this range.
125 Based on the possibility of buried MEC and MC, the Chemical Identification Area No. 182 is
126 therefore recommended for RI/FS with respect to MEC and MC.

127 *Removal Action*

128 There is no indication from the SI that a removal action is warranted at Camp Adair.

129 **1.0 Introduction**

130 This Site Inspection (SI) Report presents the results of an SI conducted at the Camp Adair/Adair
131 Air Force Station (Camp Adair) Formerly Used Defense Site (FUDS) located near Corvallis,
132 Oregon (OR). Shaw Environmental, Inc. (Shaw) has prepared this report for the U.S. Army
133 Corps of Engineers (USACE) in accordance with Task Order 003, issued under USACE Contract
134 No. W912DY-04-D-0010. Shaw is responsible for conducting SIs at FUDS in the northwest
135 region managed by the Omaha District Military Munitions Design Center (NWO) as directed by
136 the Performance Work Statement (Appendix A).

137 The technical approach is based on the *Type I Work Plan, Site Inspections at Multiple Sites,*
138 *NWO Region* (Shaw, 2006a) and the *Formerly Used Defense Sites, Military Munitions Response*
139 *Program, Site Inspections, Program Management Plan* (USACE, 2005).

140 **1.1 Project Authorization**

141 The Department of Defense (DoD) has established the Military Munitions Response Program
142 (MMRP) to address DoD sites suspected of containing munitions and explosives of concern
143 (MEC) or munitions constituents (MC). Under the MMRP, the USACE is conducting
144 environmental response activities at FUDS for the Army, DoD's Executive Agent for the FUDS
145 program.

146 Pursuant to USACE's Engineer Regulation (ER) 200-3-1 (USACE, 2004a) and the *Management*
147 *Guidance for the Defense Environmental Response Program* (DERP) (Office of the Deputy
148 Under Secretary of Defense [Installations and Environment], September 2001), USACE is
149 conducting FUDS response activities in accordance with the DERP statute (10 USC 2701 et
150 seq.), the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980
151 (CERCLA) (42 USC 9601), Executive Orders 12580 and 13016, and the National Oil and
152 Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP) (40 CFR Part 300). As such, USACE
153 is conducting remedial SIs, as set forth in the NCP, to evaluate hazardous substance releases or
154 threatened releases from eligible FUDS.

155 While not all MEC/MC constitute CERCLA hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants,
156 the DERP statute provides DoD the authority to respond to releases of MEC/MC, and DoD
157 policy states that such responses shall be conducted in accordance with CERCLA and the NCP.

158 **1.2 Site Name and Location**

159 Camp Adair, FUDS property number F10OR0029, is located approximately 9 miles north of
160 Corvallis, OR, in Polk, Benton, and Linn Counties (Figure 1-1). U.S. Highway 99 runs north-
161 south through the site. Camp Adair is included in the MMRP Inventory in the *Defense*
162 *Environmental Programs Annual Report to Congress Fiscal Year 2006* (DoD, 2006) and in the

163 *Archives Search Report (ASR) Supplement* (USACE, 2004b), with 21 identified ranges as listed
164 in Table 1-1. The Camp Adair FUDS project number, used to identify the ranges, is
165 F10OR002903.

166 **1.3 Purpose, Scope, and Objectives of the Site Inspection**

167 The primary objective of the MMRP SI is to determine whether a FUDS project warrants further
168 response action under CERCLA or not. The SI collects the minimum amount of information
169 necessary to make this determination, as well as it (i) determines the potential need for a removal
170 action; (ii) collects or develops additional data, as appropriate, for Hazard Ranking System
171 (HRS) scoring by Environmental Protection Agency (EPA); and (iii) collects data, as
172 appropriate, to characterize the release for effective and rapid initiation of the Remedial
173 Investigation and Feasibility Study (RI/FS). An additional objective of the MMRP SI is to
174 collect the additional data necessary to complete the Munitions Response Site Prioritization
175 Protocol (MRSPP).

176 The scope of the SI reported herein is restricted to evaluation of the presence of MEC or MC
177 related to historical use of the FUDS prior to transfer. Potential releases of hazardous, toxic, or
178 radioactive wastes (HTRW) are not addressed within the current scope. The intent of the SI is to
179 confirm the presence or absence of contamination from MEC and/or MC. The general approach
180 for each SI is to conduct records review and site reconnaissance to evaluate the presence or
181 absence of MEC and to collect samples at locations where MC might be expected based on the
182 conceptual site model (CSM). The following decision rules are used to evaluate the results of
183 the SI:

184 **Is No DoD Action Indicated (NDAI)?** An NDAI recommendation may be made if:

- 185 • There is no indication of MEC;
- 186 and
- 187 • MC contamination does not exceed screening levels determined from Technical
- 188 Project Planning (TPP).

189 **Is an RI/FS warranted?** An RI/FS may be recommended if:

- 190 • There is evidence of MEC hazard. MEC hazard may be indicated by direct
- 191 observation of MEC during the SI, by indirect evidence (e.g., a false crater
- 192 potentially caused by impact of unexploded ordnance [UXO]), or by a report of
- 193 MEC being found in the past without record that the area was subsequently
- 194 cleared;
- 195 or
- 196 • MC contamination exceeds screening levels determined from TPP.

197 **Is a removal action warranted?** A removal action may be needed if:

- 198 • High MEC hazard is identified. Shaw will immediately report any MEC findings
- 199 so that USACE can determine the hazard in accordance with the MRSPP. An

200 example of a high hazard would be finding sensitive MEC at the surface in a
201 populated area with no barriers to restrict access;
202 or

- 203 • Elevated MC risk is identified. Identification of a complete exposure pathway
204 (e.g., confirming MC concentrations above health-based risk standards in a water
205 supply well) would trigger notification of affected stakeholders. Data would be
206 presented at a second TPP meeting regarding the possible need for a removal
207 action.

208 For purposes of applying these decision rules, USACE has provided guidance that evidence of
209 MEC will generally be a basis of recommending RI/FS. Evidence of MEC may include
210 confirmed presence of MEC from historical sources or SI field work, or presence of munitions
211 debris.

212 *1.4 Munitions Response Site Prioritization Protocol*

213 Appendix K of this report includes draft MRSPP scoring sheets for the munitions response sites
214 identified in this SI Report. The MRSPP scoring will remain draft after this SI Report is
215 finalized and will be updated on an annual basis to incorporate new information.

216 *2.0 Property Description and History*

217 The setting, history, and use of Camp Adair are described in the following sections. Unless
218 otherwise referenced, this information is taken from the ASR (USACE, 2001).

219 *2.1 Historical Military Use*

220 Camp Adair (Figure 2-1) was used primarily for training of triangular (three-regiment) infantry
221 divisions between 1942 and 1945. Training activities for four army infantry divisions included
222 use of small arms, explosives, mortars, artillery, antiaircraft and antitank guns, and support by
223 tanks and Army Air Forces aircraft. Other uses of the camp from 1944 to 1946 included
224 bombing and gunnery practice for Navy/Marine pilots, a storage facility, a prisoner of war camp,
225 and a Navy hospital. Camp Adair included a cantonment area and hospital east of Highway 99
226 and a live fire and maneuver area to the west. Camp Adair was declared surplus and assigned for
227 disposition in April 1946. Figure 2-1 shows the layout of Camp Adair based on a 1945 Training
228 Aid and General Layout Map provided in the ASR. Figure 2-2 shows the current site layout
229 overlain on the most recent available aerial photographs taken in 2005 and 2006.

230 Between 1955 and 1969, after several years of military inactivity, the area of present day Adair
231 Village served as the headquarters for Adair Air Force Station. Adair Air Force Station was
232 headquarters for the 26th Air Division (NORAD), which provided air defense for seven Western
233 states. Adair Air Force Station was selected in 1959 as a location for the Bomarc Missile base,
234 but construction of the base was not completed. During the use by the Air Force, munitions
235 training activity was limited to use of Skeet Range No. 580 in the cantonment area (between
236 1955 and 1964). In 1970, the Adair Air Force Station lands were determined excess and reported
237 to the General Services Administration for transfer.

238 The Oregon National Guard has used a former Army range, the Known Distance Rifle Range
239 No. 4, over the period from 1946 to the present. This is part of a 527-acre facility in which the
240 National Guard conducts weapons qualification and field exercises. The National Guard facility
241 is fenced as a separate property and was not included in the SI. There is only a small overlap
242 between the National Guard property and one of the FUDS AOCs.

243 *2.2 Munitions Information*

244 Munitions at Camp Adair included small arms (.50 caliber or less), practice grenades, live
245 grenades, high explosives (37-millimeter [mm] or larger), and 100-pound (lb) to 500-lb bombs.
246 During the last two years of training, an estimated 265,000 rounds of high explosive ammunition
247 were fired. Table 2-1 contains a list of the munitions and associated MC reportedly used at the
248 Areas of Concern (AOCs).

249 Over the years (and as recently as 2001), MEC and suspected MEC have been found at the
250 former Camp Adair, including 2.36-inch anti-tank rockets, and 60-mm, 81-mm, 105-mm, and
251 155-mm rounds. Reported MEC finds are discussed in Section 2.8.

252 **2.3 Ownership History**

253 The Army began acquiring land for Camp Adair in 1941. In 1946 the War Department declared
254 Camp Adair surplus and the facility was assigned to the War Assets Administration for
255 disposition under the Surplus Property Act. In 1946 the property was transferred to the
256 Department of Agriculture for sale by the Federal Land Bank. Portions of the land were
257 purchased by the Oregon State College for apartment buildings and for Oregon State College
258 forestry land. Other portions of Camp Adair were sold to private owners.

259 Since 1946, the Oregon National Guard has occupied a portion of Camp Adair for use as a
260 training facility.

261 In 1955, the Air Force acquired property in present day Adair Village and portions of the
262 cantonment area for use as an air defense facility (Semi-Automatic Ground Environment
263 System) and later it served as Headquarters for the 26th Air Division (NORAD), which provided
264 air defense for seven western states. In 1969, Adair Air Force Station was closed. In 1970, the
265 Adair Air Force Station lands were determined excess and reported to the General Services
266 Administration for transfer.

267 As of 2006, over 1,000 individuals and agencies shared property ownership of the Camp Adair
268 area. These owners include federal agencies (U.S. Forest Service), Oregon State agencies
269 (Oregon State University, Parks and Recreation Department, Oregon National Guard, Oregon
270 Department of Fish and Wildlife [ODFW]), private industry, and private citizens. There is no
271 controlled access to the FUDS. Figures 2-3A through 2-3L show the current property ownership.
272 On these figures the property owner is identified by an index number rather than a name. The
273 names of the property owners are available on request from the USACE Seattle District office.

274 **2.4 Physical Setting**

275 **2.4.1 Topography and Vegetation**

276 Topography in the area of Camp Adair is relatively flat to mountainous, and variously vegetated
277 with crops, grasses, shrubs, and trees. Elevation varies from between 200 feet (ft) to over 2,000
278 ft above mean sea level. Figure 2-4 shows the FUDS boundary overlain on available
279 topographic maps.

280 **2.4.2 Land Use**

281 Current and expected future land use within the area of former Camp Adair include agriculture,
282 private, state and national forest land, wildlife management and recreation areas, state and county
283 parks, residences, and business. The Oregon National Guard maintains a rifle range and training
284 areas that are not included in this SI. Figure 2-2 shows the FUDS boundary overlain on aerial

285 photographs taken in 2005 and 2006. The aerial photographs illustrate the diverse use of the
286 land.

287 *2.4.3 Nearby Population*

288 Monmouth and Adair Village are the nearest towns, with estimated populations of 8,987 and
289 549, respectively, as of 2005 (U.S. Census, 2000). Polk County has an estimated population of
290 70,295, Benton County has approximately 78,640, and Linn County has over 108,914 as of 2005
291 (U.S. Census, 2000) (Figure 2-5). Estimated population (2000 census) within a 2-mile radius of
292 the Camp Adair FUDS property boundary is 15,365. The population density is 76.2 persons per
293 square mile. The estimated numbers of housing units and households within a 2-mile radius are
294 5,771 and 5,485, respectively.

295 *2.4.4 Climate*

296 The site area has a temperature range of approximately 28 degrees Fahrenheit (°F) between the
297 coldest month, January, and the warmest, July. Lows of sub-zero temperatures or highs above
298 100°F rarely occur. Most precipitation occurs during the winter months in the form of rain.
299 Annual rainfall totals range between 35 and 45 inches (USACE, 2001).

300 *2.4.5 Area Water Supply*

301 The site is located within the Upper Willamette watershed and is drained in a generally eastern
302 direction by tributaries of the Willamette River. The Luckiamute River, which is the largest
303 surface water feature flowing through the area of the former Camp Adair, is characterized by
304 relatively high flows in winter months (generally 500 to 2,000 cubic feet per second), with low
305 summer flows. Both surface water and groundwater serve as the primary sources of water for
306 various public water systems in the area. The Adair Village water system uses surface water
307 from the Willamette River; the Monmouth water system uses groundwater. Much of the central
308 and northern portions of Camp Adair are served by the Luckiamute Domestic Water
309 Cooperative, which uses water from deep aquifer supply wells located east of Camp Adair.
310 Some local residences rely on personal domestic wells for water supply.

311 *2.4.6 Geologic and Hydrogeologic Setting*

312 Camp Adair is located in the Oregon Coast Range section of the Pacific Border physiographic
313 province. Soils at the site are silty, sandy clays with varying gravel content. Potential for soil
314 erosion is severe in some areas. Potential frost depths extend to 24 inches.

315 Bedrock consists of Tertiary submarine lavas and marine sediments. Alluvial deposits of silts
316 and pebbly sands with lenses of gravel overlie bedrock in the valleys of the Luckiamute River
317 and tributary streams.

318 Shallow groundwater within the site is generally within one of two hydrogeologic units: the
319 basement confining unit (bedrock) in upland areas, characterized by low permeability, porosity,
320 and well yield; and the Willamette silt unit, characterized by high porosity but low permeability

321 and well yield, although it may be a significant source of recharge to underlying units (Conlon et
322 al., 2005). In lowland areas, groundwater discharges to streams. During wet winter months, this
323 may be a relatively small component of the total stream flow, but in dry summers groundwater is
324 the main component of stream flow (Conlon et al., 2005). Domestic water supply wells located
325 throughout the site typically tap the basement confining unit (bedrock). Depths range from 50 ft
326 or less to several hundred feet. In many cases, well records indicate that the well bores are
327 uncased through most of the bedrock interval. Static water levels are generally from 10 to 40 ft
328 below ground surface (bgs). Groundwater flow direction in the bedrock unit has not been
329 mapped but is assumed to flow to the east towards the Willamette River, although local geologic
330 structure could alter the direction of flow.

331 **2.4.7 Sensitive Environments**

332 The Camp Adair FUDS covers a diverse area that is used for managed forest areas, cultivated
333 crops, and residential areas. Portions or all of Camp Adair qualify as Important Ecological
334 Places (IEP) or Sensitive Environments as defined by USACE (2006) or EPA (1997) and shown
335 in Table 2-2. A determination has been made for SI evaluation purposes to consider the whole
336 FUDS to qualify as IEP or Sensitive Environments because: there is a stream running through
337 the middle of the site that contains wetlands; the stream may be used by protected salmon;
338 specific locations for protected plant species at the site are unknown.

339 Within the FUDS Boundary there is a wildlife management area (E.E. Wilson Wildlife Refuge).
340 Also present are Oregon State University managed State Forest Lands. The Luckiamute River
341 runs through the FUDS and drains to the nearby Willamette River. Both streams may be used
342 for anadromous fish species and the wetlands are used for migratory bird species. (Anadromous
343 fishes are those that spend all or part of their adult life in salt water and return to freshwater
344 streams and rivers to spawn.)

345 Two Federal and State listed plant species grow within the Camp Adair FUDS boundary (Oregon
346 Department of Agriculture, 2006):

- 347 • *Sidalcea nelsoniana* (Nelson's checkermallow) and
- 348 • *Lupinus sulphureus ssp. kincaidii* (Kincaid's lupine).

349 Seasonal use by bald eagles in winter also occurs in the area.

350 **2.5 Previous Investigations for MC and MEC**

351 Multiple investigations regarding MC/MEC have been performed at Camp Adair.

352 **2.5.1 Archives Search Report**

353 The USACE completed an ASR in 2001, which compiled available information for Camp Adair
354 with emphasis on types, quantities, and areas of ordnance use and disposal. The ASR compiled a
355 summary of range clearance activities prior to transfer of the Camp Adair property to non-War
356 Department ownership. As part of the ASR, members of the USACE visited the site to

357 “characterize OE [ordnance and explosives] and CWM [chemical warfare materiel] potential
358 based on a determination of ordnance and chemical warfare material presence and/or disposed at
359 Camp Adair.” The site visit team concluded that there was no information obtained that would
360 indicate any lands at the former Camp Adair as unusable because of OE/CWM hazards or other
361 military debris.

362 ***2.5.2 ASR Supplement***

363 The USACE completed an ASR Supplement in 2004, which identified specific AOCs (USACE,
364 2004b). Twenty-one ranges were identified in the ASR Supplement. These ranges are listed on
365 Table 1-1. A risk assessment was completed in 2004 on explosives safety hazards related to
366 munitions. The risk assessment did not address the environmental hazards associated with
367 munitions constituents. The Risk Assessment Code (RAC) score was assigned each AOC.
368 Possible scores range from 1 to 5, with 1 having the highest risk and 5 the lowest. Four of the
369 five small arms ranges AOCs (Range Complex Nos. 4, 5, and 6; Skeet Range No. 580) were
370 scored 5, with the Infiltration Range No. 143 scoring 2. For the Explosive Ranges, the Moving
371 Target Range, Bombing Target No. 1, and Range Complex No. 3 were scored 3; the Mortar
372 Range and Range Complex No. 1 were scored 2; and Range Complex No. 2 was scored 1. The
373 live hand grenade courts were all scored 3, the practice grenade courts scored 4, and the
374 Chemical Identification Area scored 1.

375 ***2.5.3 Other Investigations***

376 In 1992, USACE completed an inventory project report (INPR) for Camp Adair, identifying a
377 potential hazard from ordnance at the FUDS.

378 In 1996, URS Consultants completed a Screening Site Inspection (SSI) for Camp Adair for the
379 EPA focusing on the sediment pathway (URS, 1996). The data contained in this 1996 report was
380 reviewed for use in this SI. The SSI report data did not show any adverse impacts to sediments
381 from activities related to Camp Adair. However, the data, collected in April 1996, may not meet
382 the requirements for analysis and thus have limited value. The analytical reports provided in the
383 appendix, which contain the complete analytical results, do not use the same sample numbers as
384 reported in the main text of the SSI report. Furthermore, there is no cross-reference key provided
385 in the report to equate the different sample numbers.

386 ***2.6 Other Land Uses that May Have Contributed to Contamination***

387 Portions of the Camp Adair area have been used extensively for agricultural purposes since the
388 end of World War II. Agricultural uses may have included the use of fertilizers and pesticides
389 containing nitrate-based compounds and heavy metals, which may also occur as MC.

390 The Oregon National Guard may have contributed to contamination within portions of Range
391 Complex No. 4. This contamination would be primarily lead from small arms firing. The

392 National Guard facility is fenced as a separate property and was not included in the SI. There is
393 only a small overlap between the National Guard property and one of the FUDS AOCs

394 **2.7 Past Regulatory Activities**

395 There have been no regulatory actions, with respect to MEC or MC, reported for the site.

396 **2.8 Previous MEC Finds**

397 MEC or suspected MEC finds for Camp Adair are listed on Table 2-3 and shown on Figure 2-6.

398 Details are unavailable for most of these finds.

399 **3.0 SI Tasks and Findings**

400 The SI tasks conducted at the FUDS involved compiling and reviewing historical reports and
401 information that were then used in the TPP process. Following the TPP meeting, the *Site-*
402 *Specific Work Plan* (SSWP) was prepared to define the SI field activities necessary to collect the
403 information needed to address the data gaps and data quality objectives (DQOs). Field work was
404 conducted at the site in August and September, 2006.

405 **3.1 Technical Project Planning**

406 TPP involved compiling and reviewing historical reports and information to identify data gaps
407 and develop a path forward. The TPP meeting for the Camp Adair was conducted on April 5,
408 2006 at the Holiday Inn Express, located at Corvallis, Oregon. This meeting included
409 representatives from: USACE – Omaha Military Munitions Design Center, USACE Hazardous,
410 Toxic, and Radioactive Waste Center of Expertise, and Seattle District; Shaw; Oregon
411 Department of Environmental Quality (ODEQ); Oregon National Guard; U.S. Forest Service;
412 Benton County; ODFW; Polk County; Oregon State University Forestry Department; and Allied
413 Waste.

414 In the TPP meeting, historical information was discussed and historical aerial photographs were
415 reviewed. It was concluded by those in attendance that 21 AOCs were to be inspected during the
416 SI field work (Figure 3-1). Soil, surface water, and groundwater warrant inspection to evaluate
417 the potential presence of MEC and MC. Specific details of the TPP meeting are contained in the
418 *Final TPP Memorandum* (Shaw, 2006b).

419 The results of the TPP meeting were documented in the *TPP Memorandum* (Shaw, 2006b),
420 which was issued final on July 21, 2006 after incorporating comments from the stakeholders.
421 The proposed technical approach was defined in the SSWP (Shaw, 2006c), which was issued
422 final on August 17, 2006 after incorporating comments from the stakeholders. A more complete
423 discussion of the TPP meeting is contained in Appendix B.

424 Following the TPP meeting with institutional stakeholders on April 5, 2006, a second TPP/public
425 information meeting was held at Santiam High School in Adair Village. The meeting presented
426 to interested public an overview of the proposed work at Camp Adair. Discussed were the
427 overall project purpose, contact information, preliminary sampling areas, and rights of entry.
428 Questions were answered following the meeting. An additional public information meeting was
429 held on July 18, 2006 to brief the public on the upcoming sampling that was to be completed in
430 August and September.

431 As discussed during the TPP meeting and documented in the TPP Memo (Shaw, 2006b), the
432 following project objectives and DQOs were developed.

433 **Objective 1: Determine if the site requires additional investigation or can be recommended**
434 **for NDAI based on the presence or absence of MEC.**

435 DQO #1 – At AOCs where MEC has not been reported in the past, trained UXO personnel will
436 conduct a visual search of the AOCs using handheld magnetometers, searching for evidence of
437 the presence of MEC (e.g., craters and ground scars indicative of ordnance burial/ordnance
438 disposal (OB/OD) activities, MEC on the surface, munitions debris indicative of OB/OD
439 activities, and soil discoloration indicative of explosives). The visual search will consist of a
440 meandering path survey along trails and in accessible areas. The following decision rules will
441 apply:

- 442 • If no evidence of MEC is found, the AOCs will be recommended for NDAI relative to
443 MEC.
- 444 • If evidence of MEC is confirmed, the AOCs will be recommended for additional
445 investigation.
- 446 • If there is indication of an imminent MEC hazard, the site may be recommended for a
447 removal action.

448 DQO #2 – At AOCs where MEC has been reported in the past (explosive munitions ranges and
449 live hand grenade courts), the following decision rules will apply:

- 450 • The presence of MEC is confirmed on the basis of past finds, and these areas will be
451 recommended for additional investigation following the SI.
- 452 • If, in the course of reconnaissance for sample targets and/or UXO avoidance, there is
453 indication of an imminent MEC hazard, the site may be recommended for a removal
454 action.

455 **Objective 2: Determine if the site requires additional investigation or can be recommended**
456 **for NDAI based on the presence or absence of MC above screening values.**

457 DQO#3 – Soil, sediment, and groundwater samples will be collected and analyzed. Analytical
458 results will be compared to screening values for human health and ecological risk assessment,
459 and to background values for naturally occurring substances. The following decision rules will
460 apply:

- 461 • If sample results are less than human health and ecological screening values, the AOCs
462 will be recommended for NDAI relative to MC.
- 463 • If sample results exceed both human health screening values and background values, the
464 AOCs will be recommended for additional investigation.
- 465 • If sample results do not exceed human health screening values but do exceed both
466 ecological screening values and background values, additional evaluation of the data will
467 be conducted in conjunction with the stakeholders to determine if additional investigation
468 is warranted.

469 **3.2 Additional Records Research**

470 **3.2.1 Coordination with State Historic Preservation Office**

471 Preparation of the SSWP included coordination with the State Historic Preservation Office
472 (SHPO). The SHPO for Oregon is located within the Parks and Recreation Department. A
473 search of the SHPO's archaeological database indicated that identified sites were located in or in
474 proximity to several of the project AOCs. Range Complex No. 4 was identified as containing
475 cultural resources (archeological). As a result of further discussions between USACE, SHPO,
476 and Shaw representatives, it was determined that these cultural sites could be avoided based on
477 the type and location of environmental samples to be taken.

478 **3.2.2 Coordination with Natural Resources Offices**

479 The ODFW was contacted to identify any potentially impacted threatened or endangered species
480 in the area. The ODFW indicated there was no impact to threatened or endangered wildlife
481 species in the area (ODFW, 2006). The Oregon Department of Agriculture was contacted for
482 evaluation for potentially impacted threatened or endangered species and concluded that while
483 there were two plant species in the Camp Adair area, the scope of the field work should not
484 result in an impact.

485 **3.2.3 Historical Aerial Photographs**

486 Historical aerial photographs of Camp Adair area were reviewed and interpreted prior to field
487 mobilization to aid in site reconnaissance and to refine proposed sampling locations. Limited aerial
488 photographs were available. Aerial photographs were obtained from the United States Geological
489 Survey and evaluated. Because of the wet environment that is conducive to vegetative growth, most
490 features have been obscured or have been removed during tilling for agricultural purposes. Firing
491 points and target areas were not evident on the aerial photos because of growth of vegetation and
492 farming practices.

493 **3.2.4 Environmental Database Search**

494 A search of available environmental records was conducted by EDR, Inc. (2005). The
495 government records search met the requirements of ASTM Standard Practice for Environmental
496 Site Assessments. Search results indicated that Camp Adair does appear on mapped sites in
497 known federal, state, or local environmental databases (Appendix L). Within a 3-mile radius of
498 the Camp Adair FUDS the following sites were identified:

- 499 • Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act/Toxic Substances Control Act
500 Tracking System – 1 site
- 501 • Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Small Quantity Generator – 2 sites
- 502 • Facility Index System – 24 sites
- 503 • Environmental Cleanup Site Information System – 5 sites
- 504 • Solid Waste Facilities List – 2 sites
- 505 • Leaky Underground Storage Tank List – 15 sites

- 506 • Underground Storage Tanks – 11 sites
- 507 • Above Ground Storage Tanks – 16 sites
- 508 • Oregon Department of Environmental Quality Spill list – 3 sites
- 509 • Oregon HAZMAT Spill database – 2 sites
- 510 • Oregon Hazardous Substance Information Survey – 21 sites

511 Note that some sites may be listed under several categories. Additional information on the
512 databases searched and the results for surrounding properties is included in the EDR report found
513 in Appendix L.

514 *3.2.5 Rights of Entry*

515 The USACE Seattle District is responsible for Camp Adair and for obtaining the Rights of Entry
516 (ROEs) for properties where SI activities will be performed. Access to identified property is
517 necessary for conducting field activities. ROEs were obtained for all properties identified for
518 sampling.

519 *3.3 Field Work*

520 SI field activities, conducted between August 21 and September 21, 2006, included site
521 reconnaissance and collection of surface soil, sediment, and groundwater samples. In addition,
522 background samples were also collected as shown in Figure 3-2. The following conditions were
523 recorded in the field logbook (Appendix D) and/or by digital photographs (Appendix E):

- 524 • Presence or absence of evidence of MEC;
- 525 • Changes, if any, in sample location because of field constraints;
- 526 • Vegetative cover; and
- 527 • Presence or absence of water for sediment and surface water samples, and other
528 conditions encountered that impacted sample collection.

529 The approach used in the Camp Adair SI was to group the 21 AOCs (Figure 3-1) into similar
530 historical use, types of MEC/MC expected, and environmental conditions. This grouping was
531 documented in the TPP Memo. The AOC groupings identified within Camp Adair were:

- 532 • Small Arms Ranges
 - 533 • Infiltration Range No. 143
 - 534 • Range Complex No. 4
 - 535 • Range Complex No. 5
 - 536 • Range Complex No. 6
 - 537 • Skeet Range No. 580
- 538 • Explosive Munitions Ranges
 - 539 • Range Complex No. 1
 - 540 • Range Complex No. 2
 - 541 • Bombing Target No. 1
 - 542 • Range Complex No. 3

- 543 • Mortar range
- 544 • Moving Target Range No. 75
- 545 • Live Hand Grenade Courts
- 546 • East Live Hand Grenade Court
- 547 • Live Hand Grenade Court No. 129
- 548 • West Live Hand Grenade Court
- 549 • Practice Grenade Courts
- 550 • Practice Grenade Court No. 122
- 551 • Practice Grenade Court No. 120
- 552 • Practice Grenade Court No. 121
- 553 • Practice Grenade Court No. 127
- 554 • Practice Grenade Court No. 125
- 555 • Practice Grenade Court No. 126
- 556 • Chemical Identification Area No 182

557 **3.4 Data Quality Review**

558 Laboratory analysis was performed by GPL Laboratories of Frederick, Maryland, using methods
559 defined in the SSWP. Analytical results are provided in Appendix F.

560 One hundred percent of the analytical data have been reviewed based on EPA Contract
561 Laboratory Program (CLP) *National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review*, October
562 1999 and EPA CLP *National Functional Guidelines for Inorganic Data Review*, October 2004.
563 Automated Data Review software (version 8.1) was used to assist in the data validation process
564 for all areas with the exception of initial calibration blanks, continuing calibration blanks,
565 interference check standards, serial dilutions, internal standards, instrument tuning standards, and
566 second-column confirmation. Data were evaluated against specific criteria to verify the
567 achievement of all precision, accuracy, representativeness, completeness, comparability, and
568 sensitivity goals established to meet the project DQOs.

569 The overall quality of the data collected is discussed in the Analytical Data QA/QC Report
570 (Appendix G). Results of the analyses suggest that representative samples were collected and
571 analyzed, and the results are indicative of the media analyzed. Some results were qualified as
572 described in the report. No data were qualified “R” as unusable. Overall, the data reflect
573 expected site conditions and they are fully usable for their intended purpose.

574 **3.5 Variances from the SSWP**

575 The following summarizes variances to the SSWP (Shaw, 2006c). The SSWP identified that all
576 background groundwater samples were to be analyzed for dissolved metals, while the normal
577 (non-background) samples were to be analyzed for total metals. A variance was issued to change
578 the text so that all metals analyses would be for total metals. A Variance Report was filed with
579 the USACE. A copy of the Variance Report is in Appendix D.

580 Background sediment sample NWO-017-5012 was shown in the SSWP to be collected along the
581 upper reaches of Berry Creek. Information obtained from the SHPO cautioned Shaw that the
582 proposed sample location may be at or near a cultural resource site and that sampling should
583 avoid the area. The sampling location was moved downstream to a road bridge crossing where
584 impact to potential cultural resources would be avoided.

585 During the collection of groundwater samples from domestic wells, water levels and well depths
586 could not be obtained because of the sanitary well seal at the well heads.

587 *3.6 Third TPP Meeting*

588 A third TPP meeting was held on April 17, 2007 at Santiam High School in Adair Village to
589 present the SI findings to stakeholders and reach consensus regarding conclusions. Only two
590 attendees were at the meeting: Norman Read of ODEQ and Gwyneth Gilly of the Corvallis
591 Gazette newspaper. The findings were presented in the meeting. No comments were provided.
592 ODEQ stated that they would provide comments at a later date.

593 **4.0 Munitions and Explosives of Concern**

594 A survey for potential MEC was completed at each AOC. A visual reconnaissance of site
595 conditions was performed prior to collection of samples, and a hand-held magnetometer was
596 used to aid in discovering unseen items obscured by shallow soil or vegetative cover.

597 **4.1 Field Observations**

598 The reconnaissance team located each planned sampling location and documented conditions
599 with respect to vegetative cover, soil conditions, unexpected debris or material, presence or
600 absence of water, and any other conditions that could potentially impact the collection of
601 samples. Particular attention was paid to munitions debris, potential indications of
602 contamination such as vegetative stress, and other features of interest (e.g., building foundations,
603 floor slabs, drain tiles, etc.). Additionally, the reconnaissance team recorded the path walked
604 within the AOC using a hand-held Global Positioning System (GPS) unit. Digital photographs
605 were taken to document significant features. Representative photographs of reconnaissance
606 activities and observations are included as Appendix E.

607 The approach used for MEC evaluations/investigations at Camp Adair was that if MEC or
608 munitions debris had been previously reported at an AOC, no visual reconnaissance survey
609 would be completed. MEC has been previously identified in all explosive munitions ranges
610 AOCs and in two of three Live Hand Grenade AOCs. No MEC has been previously identified in
611 the small arms ranges. No sampling was proposed or conducted at Infiltration Range No. 143,
612 practice grenade court AOCs, or the Chemical Identification Area No. 182 AOC.

613 A visual reconnaissance survey, for the purpose of looking for evidence of MEC, was only
614 completed for Range Complex No. 4. At other AOCs, prior to sampling at all sediment and soil
615 sampling locations, a visual reconnaissance was conducted aided by a hand-held magnetometer.
616 This was done for avoidance of MEC along the path taken from the vehicle to the sample point,
617 for sampling crew safety.

618 **4.1.1 Small Arms Ranges**

619 The field activities conducted at the small arms ranges included a visual reconnaissance to
620 confirm the presence or absence of MEC, and collection of surface soil, sediment, and
621 groundwater samples.

622 A visual reconnaissance survey was completed in three areas within Range Complex No. 4 AOC
623 (Figure 4-1) to confirm the small arms range CSM. The northern reconnaissance survey was
624 2,653 ft, the central one was 2,839 ft, and the southern survey was 1,453 ft. Visual
625 reconnaissance surveys were not completed at the other small arms range AOCs because of their
626 very small area and because, historically, use of explosive munitions would not be expected.
627 The areas surveyed are within Oregon State Forest Lands and ground cover varies from heavily

628 timbered with thick undergrowth to replanted clear cut areas with native grasses and plants. No
629 MEC or munitions debris was observed. No evidence was found that would indicate the use of
630 Range Complex No. 4 for other than small arms training.

631 Reconnaissance surveys of the small arms ranges were also conducted prior to collection of
632 samples to allow safe passage for the sample team from the vehicle to the sample point. During
633 the visual survey, evidence of military use (presence of lead bullets or shot, target fragments, and
634 ground-scarring) was noted in field notes. During visual reconnaissance and sampling activities
635 a lead bullet was found at sample location NWO-017-0001 at Range Complex No. 4 and a clay
636 target fragment was found at sample location NWO-017-0019 at Skeet Range No. 580. No MEC
637 or other munitions debris was located during field activities at the small arms ranges.

638 *4.1.2 Explosive Munitions Ranges*

639 No visual reconnaissance surveys were conducted in the explosive munitions ranges for the sole
640 purpose of identifying MEC. The presence of MEC at these AOCs has been previously
641 documented in the ASR and ASR Supplement, as listed on Table 2-3.

642 During sampling of the explosive munitions ranges, anomaly avoidance procedures were
643 performed to avoid potential encounter with MEC or munitions debris. No MEC or munitions
644 debris were observed. Much of the land within the explosive munitions ranges is currently being
645 used for agriculture purposes and thus has been disturbed or reworked by tilling or grazing
646 farming practices.

647 *4.1.3 Live Hand Grenade Courts*

648 No visual reconnaissance surveys were conducted in the live hand grenade court AOCs for the
649 sole purpose of identifying MEC. The presence of MEC at these AOCs has been previously
650 documented in the ASR and ASR Supplement, as listed on Table 2-3.

651 During sampling of the live hand grenade courts, anomaly avoidance procedures were performed
652 to avoid potential encounters with MEC or munitions debris. No MEC or munitions debris were
653 observed. The land within the live hand grenade court AOCs is currently being used for raising
654 grass for seed (East and West Live Hand Grenade Courts) or as a Christmas tree farm (Live
655 Hand Grenade Court No. 129).

656 *4.1.4 Practice Grenade Courts*

657 No field activities were conducted at the practice grenade courts in accordance with the TPP
658 memo and SSWP. The practice grenade courts used only training munitions that contained only
659 small spotting charges containing black powder or used inert training shapes.

660 *4.1.5 Chemical Identification Area No. 182*

661 No field activities were conducted within Chemical Identification Area No. 182 in accordance
662 with the TPP memo and SSWP. It was agreed to at the TPP meeting that there was no

663 significant risk from MEC at this range. In addition, it was agreed to that only a small quantity
664 of explosive material may have been used in this area and does not pose a significant MEC risk.

665 **4.2 MEC Risk Assessment**

666 The following sections present a qualitative assessment of the risk associated with MEC at each
667 of the AOCs. This assessment is based on historical documentation and limited visual inspection
668 conducted during the SI. This is provided to convey relative risk on a scale from low to high and
669 is not intended to be a thorough risk assessment as required by CERCLA. Low risk is indicated
670 for AOCs where no MEC or munitions debris has been reported or the only munitions used were
671 practice with only a signal charge (i.e., practice grenades). Moderate risk is indicated where
672 records indicate that MEC has been historically reported, munitions debris is present at greater
673 than an occasional occurrence, and public access is possible. High MEC risk is indicated where
674 MEC has been reported within the previous several years or was found during the SI field work,
675 or munitions debris is present in concentrated large quantities, and public access is possible.

676 **4.2.1 Small Arms Ranges**

677 Three magnetometer assisted visual reconnaissance surveys were completed within the Oregon
678 State Forest to evaluate the presence of MEC within Range Complex No. 4. No MEC or
679 munitions debris was identified. The routes taken are shown on Figure 4-1. Historically, no
680 MEC (other than expended small arms munitions) has been reported within any of the small
681 arms ranges. Dropped or misfired live rounds may be present on the range floor near the firing
682 line. The explosive component for small arms is the powder in the munitions casing. A direct
683 impact to the primer would be required to initiate the explosive in the round.

684 The only known potential use of explosives at the small arms ranges would have been at
685 Infiltration Range No. 141 (within Range Complex No. 4 AOC) and Infiltration Range No. 143
686 AOC where static demolition explosive charges may have been used. Neither of these ranges
687 was accessible for the SI field investigation. Infiltration Range No. 141 is located within the
688 active Oregon National Guard facility, which is not part of this FUDS SI. Infiltration Range No.
689 143 has been incorporated into the Coffin Butte Landfill operations. The area of Infiltration
690 Range No. 143 has been heavily excavated and the soil has been disturbed, reworked, or
691 removed. During expansion of the landfill in 1994, a small amount of soil containing white
692 phosphorus was discovered in the vicinity of the Infiltration Range No. 143 AOC (EMCON,
693 1994). Approximately 50 to 70 cubic yards of soil was treated by allowing the white phosphorus
694 soil to auto-ignite and burn. This area is now covered with waste.

695 Based on the use of the small arms ranges (Infiltration Range No. 143, Range Complex No. 4,
696 Range Complex No. 5, Range Complex No. 6, and Skeet Range No. 580) for only small arms
697 training, no evidence of MEC or other explosive hazard, and the extensive reworking of the
698 much of the surface soil for farming, there is low MEC risk at all of the small arms range AOCs.

699 **4.2.2 Explosive Munitions Ranges**

700 All types of explosive munitions were used within the explosive munitions ranges. Munitions
701 would have included anti-tank rockets, field artillery, mortars, aerial bombs, small arms, and
702 grenades. Shaw completed magnetometer assisted MEC avoidance surveys at soil and sediment
703 sampling locations within the explosive munitions ranges. No MEC or munitions debris was
704 observed. Historically, MEC and munitions debris has been found in five of the six explosive
705 munitions AOCs (USACE, 2001; 2004b). MEC has not been reported in Range Complex No. 3.
706 The majority of the reported MEC and munitions debris is within Range Complex Nos. 1 and 2,
707 and Bombing Target No. 1. MEC finds have also been reported at the Mortar Range and at the
708 Moving Target Range No. 75. Locations of reported MEC finds are shown on Figure 2-6.
709 Within Range Complex No. 2, two impact areas were been identified in a 1947 Certificate of
710 Clearance and a recommendation that land use be restricted to grazing or timbering activity due
711 to risk. Many of the rounds used in the explosive munitions ranges contain high explosives and
712 detonation may be triggered by walking, driving, or handling of the munitions. The detonation of
713 one of these rounds could cause serious injury or death.

714 Current land use for the explosive munitions ranges is farming, ranching, Christmas tree farms,
715 undeveloped wooded and timbered areas, and residences. Access to the land is unrestricted to
716 the public. Based on the current use of the explosive munitions ranges and the historical
717 occurrence of MEC and munitions debris, the overall MEC risk is considered to be moderate.

718 **4.2.3 Live Hand Grenade Courts**

719 Munitions used at the live hand grenade courts included the Mk II hand grenade (fragmentation),
720 and the M21 practice hand grenade. Shaw completed limited magnetometer assisted MEC
721 avoidance surveys at soil and sediment sampling locations within the live hand grenade court
722 AOCs. No MEC or munitions debris was located. Historically, MEC and munitions debris has
723 been found at the Live Hand Grenade Court No. 129 and the West Live Hand Grenade Court
724 AOCs (USACE, 2001).

725 The munitions used at the live hand grenade courts could detonate if tampered with or,
726 potentially, if struck. If detonated, the explosion and resulting metal fragments could cause
727 serious injury or death.

728 The East and West Live Hand Grenade Court AOCs are currently within tilled farm land that is
729 used for growing grass seed. Live Hand Grenade Court No. 129 is within a Christmas tree farm
730 and the ground has been cleared and tilled. There are no noticeable remnants of munitions
731 activity at these AOCs. Access to the land is unrestricted and open to the public. Based on the
732 current use of the live hand grenade court AOCs and limited historical occurrence of MEC and
733 munitions debris, the overall MEC risk is considered to be moderate.

734 **4.2.4 Practice Grenade Courts**

735 The likely munitions used at these AOCs were the MK 1A1 training grenade, which is an inert
736 device and the M21 practice grenade that contained only a small charge of black powder to
737 simulate detonation of a live grenade. During sampling activities for a nearby background soil
738 sample, the landowner, whose property is located south of Practice Grenade Courts Nos. 125,
739 126, and 127, showed the Shaw field team seven inert training grenades that were recovered
740 many years ago by the landowner's father.

741 The munitions used at the practice hand grenade courts would require the deliberate detonation
742 of the grenade. If triggered, a small explosive charge would result that may cause injury to the
743 hand.

744 The practice grenade court AOCs are located in tilled farm land. There are no noticeable
745 remnants of the AOCs. Access to the land is unrestricted and open to the public. Based on the
746 current use of the practice grenade court AOCs and types of munitions used at these ranges, the
747 overall MEC risk is considered to be low.

748 **4.2.5 Chemical Identification Area No. 182**

749 The likely munitions used at this AOC included Chemical Agent Identification Sets (CAIS) and
750 detonation sets. No MEC or munitions debris has been reported at this AOC; none was found by
751 the ASR inspection team. The buildings that were used are no longer present.

752 The Chemical Identification Area No. 182 is located on tilled farm land. There are no noticeable
753 remnants of the AOC. Access to the land is unrestricted and open to the public. Based on the
754 current use of this AOC and the types of munitions used, the overall MEC risk is considered to
755 be low.

756 **4.2.6 Other Areas**

757 Several MEC finds have been reported outside of established ranges. A 2.36-inch anti-tank
758 rocket was found by local residents in the area of the Parade field in the cantonment area and a
759 mortar round was uncovered while digging a pond in the south central portion of the cantonment
760 area. A 2.36-inch rocket was also discovered in an area north of Coffin Butte and Range
761 Complex No. 5. These are isolated incidents not associated with a known AOC.

762 **5.0 Munitions Constituents Sampling and Analysis**

763 The results from sampling and analysis for MC are described in this section. As appropriate,
764 results are compared to background values to determine if there is a release with respect to MC
765 regardless of whether the individual compound is a listed hazardous substance or not. If a
766 release is confirmed, analytical results are compared to screening values for human health risk
767 assessment and, if appropriate, for ecological risk assessment. Results are considered in terms of
768 groundwater, surface water/sediment, terrestrial, and air pathways for each AOC.

769 **5.1 General Setting**

770 The general setting of the Camp Adair FUDS was provided in Section 2.0.

771 Figure 5-1 shows the groundwater wells in the vicinity of Camp Adair in relation to distance from
772 the AOCs. Figure 5-2 shows the surface water features in the vicinity of Camp Adair in relation
773 to the distance from the AOCs. Figure 5-3 shows the location of sensitive receptors, such as
774 schools in the vicinity of Camp Adair in relation to the distance from the AOCs.

775 **5.2 Determination of Background Concentrations**

776 Ten background soil samples were collected from the Camp Adair area (Figure 3-2) and
777 analyzed for target analyte list metals. The selection of the soil background locations was aided
778 by Visual Sampling Plan (VSP) (PNNL, 2005). VSP is a computer software program that allows
779 for an independent sampling location selection across a designated area. The area provided to
780 the VSP software was all areas within the FUDS boundary not included in a known AOC. After
781 VSP identified potential sampling locations, the locations were adjusted by hand to place the
782 background sample location on a property for which the USACE has a signed ROE. Background
783 sediment sampling locations were selected from locations within stream channels upstream of
784 sediment sampling locations and AOCs. Background groundwater sampling locations were from
785 groundwater wells interpreted to be upgradient or distant from source areas.

786 The background soil sample analytical results were used to calculate background metal soil
787 concentrations using published EPA Guidance (1989, 1992, 1994, 1995, and 2006). The
788 background concentrations are either a 95th upper tolerance limit (UTL) for normally and
789 lognormally distributed analytes or the 95th percentile for nonparametric distributed analytes.
790 The background soil sample analytical results are provided in Appendix G. Table 5-A lists the
791 soil, groundwater, and sediment background concentrations used in this SI report. A summary of
792 the soil background calculations is presented in Appendix L.

793 Three sediment and two groundwater background samples were collected from the Camp Adair
794 vicinity (Figure 3-2). The analytical results are presented in Appendix G.

795 The method for comparing sediment and groundwater results to background was not defined in
796 the TPP process. For purposes of comparison in this SI, the background concentrations for
797 sediments and groundwater are taken to be the maximum values observed in the background data
798 set. The approach for determining if a release has occurred is consistent with the EPA's HRS
799 (40 CFR Part 300: Appendix A): "The minimum standard to establish an observed release by
800 chemical analysis is analytical evidence of a hazardous substance in the media significantly
801 above the background level." Table 2-3, "Observed Release Criteria for Chemical Analysis" has
802 the following criteria:

- 803 1. "If the sample measurement is less than or equal to the sample quantitation limit, no
804 observed release is established.
- 805 2. If the sample measurement is greater than or equal to the sample quantitation limit,
806 then:
 - 807 • If the background concentration is not detected, an observed release is established
808 when the sample equals or exceeds the sample quantitation limit.
 - 809 • If the background concentration equals or exceeds the detection limit, an observed
810 release is established when the sample is three times or more above the background
811 concentration."

812 In the discussions below, these criteria are used to determine whether a release of MC has
813 occurred in sediment and groundwater, regardless of whether the analyte is considered a
814 hazardous substance. However, these criteria are not applied for soils because a statistically
815 based determination of background has been established, and an exceedance of the 95th UTL or
816 95th percentile, depending on the individual analyte, is used to establish a release of MC.

817 **5.3 Small Arms Ranges**

818 **5.3.1 General History and Field Findings**

819 The small arms range AOCs were used between 1942 and 1945, except for the Skeet Range No.
820 580, which was used by the Air Force between 1955 and 1964. Table 1-1 provides a listing of
821 the ranges and subranges and approximate acreage included in the small arms range designation.
822 Munitions used at these AOCs were limited to small arms (.22 to .50 caliber and shotgun shells).
823 Known use of explosives at these ranges was limited to static charges of dynamite or
824 trinitrotoluene (TNT) (detonated with blasting caps) in craters at Infiltration Range No. 141
825 (Range Complex No. 4) and Infiltration Range No. 143. At some ranges, small arms fire would
826 tend to be concentrated in backstops; i.e., manmade berms or natural hillsides. Berms are still
827 evident at the Known Distance Rifle Ranges Nos. 1 through 4 (Range Complex No. 4). At other
828 ranges, small arms fire would tend to be dispersed over a wide area; e.g., the anti-aircraft ranges
829 and the skeet range. The expected distribution for MEC and MC at small arms ranges is shown
830 by the CSM (Appendix J). When known, approximate locations of firing lines and target areas
831 are shown on Figures 5-4A through 5-7. Several of the small arms subranges were used for
832 dispersed training and firing and specific firing and target locations are not known.

833 Bullets, principally lead, accumulate mainly in or behind the backstop berm with soil, rocks, and
834 other bullets causing some degree of fragmentation. Redistribution of the lead may have
835 occurred with the removal of the berm and years of farming activity. At the skeet range, in
836 addition to the lead shot accumulation, fragments from the clay targets containing polycyclic
837 aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) would accumulate mainly near the firing line. As described in
838 Section 4.1.1, no MEC was observed at the small arms ranges. Other than a lead bullet observed
839 within the Known Distance Range No. 1 subrange (Range Complex No. 4), no munitions debris
840 was observed. A clay target fragment, which is neither MEC nor munitions debris, was observed
841 at the Skeet Range No. 580 AOC.

842 Range Complex No. 4 AOC is currently used as managed timberland by the Oregon State
843 Department of Forestry, with agricultural uses including row crops, grass seed, Christmas tree
844 farms, and residences. Range Complex Nos. 5 and 6 AOCs are currently used as small farms
845 and residential sites. The Skeet Range No. 580 AOC is used as a county park with open lands,
846 ball fields, and playgrounds. Infiltration Range No. 143 AOC has been incorporated into the
847 Coffin Butte Landfill operations. The area of Infiltration Range No. 143 has been heavily
848 excavated and the soil has been disturbed, reworked, or removed.

849 *5.3.2 Sampling and Analysis*

850 Sample details are provided in Table 5-1 and analytical detections are listed in Tables 5-2A
851 through 5-4D. Figures 5-4 through 5-7 show the SI sampling locations and indicate if an
852 exceedance of background concentrations and human health and/or ecological screening values
853 has occurred. Field records are provided in Appendix D and representative photographs of
854 sampling activities are included as Appendix E. Complete analytical data are presented in
855 Appendix F and the Analytical Data QA/QC Report is included as Appendix G.

856 *5.3.3 Groundwater Pathway*

857 Groundwater sample results were compared to the maximum detected concentration from the
858 two background groundwater samples. The background groundwater sample results are
859 provided in Appendix G. Groundwater samples were collected from Range Complex No. 4
860 (NWO-017-3001), Range Complex No. 5 (NWO-017-3002), and Range Complex No. 6 (NWO-
861 017-3003 and field duplicate NWO-017-3004). No groundwater samples were planned from the
862 Skeet Range No. 580 AOC or the Infiltration Range No. 143. Existing wells selected for
863 sampling were located within the individual AOCs generally downgradient of target areas and/or
864 safety fans provided a signed ROE with the property owner was available. All samples were
865 collected using pumps installed in the wells. All wells are used as domestic water sources. No
866 boring or well logs are available for the wells located in Range Complex Nos. 4 and 6. Well
867 depths or water levels could not be measured due to the well seal at the well head. A well log is
868 available for the well located in Range Complex No. 5, which indicated a well depth of 166 ft
869 bgs. The water level in this well could not be measured due to the well seal at the well head.

870 Wells were purged prior to sampling. All samples were collected from a sampling point as close
871 to the well as possible. Generally, this was a hose bib at the well house. Samples were analyzed
872 for lead and perchlorate. Groundwater analytical result detections, background values, and
873 human health and ecological screening values for the small arms ranges are shown on Tables 5-
874 2A through 5-2C.

875 *5.3.3.1 Comparison to Background Data*

876 Lead was detected in all three groundwater samples collected at the small arms ranges. The
877 result for lead from sample NWO-017-3002 (0.51 J micrograms per liter [$\mu\text{g/L}$]) was equal to the
878 maximum concentration (0.5 J $\mu\text{g/L}$) detected in the background samples. Perchlorate was not
879 detected in groundwater samples. Based on this, there appears to be no impact to groundwater
880 from the small arms range AOCs.

881 *5.3.3.2 Comparison to Human Health Screening Values*

882 Because sample analytical results did not significantly exceed background, no comparison to
883 human health screening values is completed.

884 *5.3.4 Surface Water/Sediment Pathway*

885 No surface water samples were collected at the small arms ranges. In accordance with the
886 SSWP, one sediment sample was collected at Range Complex No. 4 (sample NWO-017-1001).
887 The sample was collected from the bottom of Berry Creek. The sample location was selected
888 based on its position downstream from some of the subranges within Range Complex No. 4. The
889 sediment sample was analyzed for lead only. No sediment samples were proposed or collected at
890 Range Complex Nos. 5 or 6, or Skeet Range No 580.

891 The sediment sample was collected as a wet sample. The sediment lead analytical result
892 detections, background value, and human health and ecological screening values for the small
893 arms ranges are shown on Table 5-3. Potential receptors are residents, farm and forest workers,
894 and recreational users. For the screening risk assessment, it was conservatively assumed that
895 worker exposures to sediments would be similar to those of soil.

896 *5.3.4.1 Comparison to Background*

897 Lead was detected in sample NWO-017-1001 at a concentration of 7 milligrams per kilogram
898 (mg/kg). This result was compared to the maximum background sediment concentration
899 (11.1 mg/kg) collected from Camp Adair. The sediment value is less than the background value.

900 *5.3.4.2 Comparison to Human Health Screening Values*

901 Because no lead concentrations significantly exceeded background concentrations, no
902 comparison to human health screening values is completed.

903 *5.3.4.3 Comparison to Ecological Screening Values*

904 Because no lead concentrations significantly exceeded background concentrations, no
905 comparison to ecological screening values is completed.

906 **5.3.5 Terrestrial Pathway**

907 The potential routes of human exposure to lead in the surface soil include incidental ingestion,
908 dermal contact, or inhalation of soil particulates during intrusive work. Current exposure
909 scenarios would primarily involve farm workers exposed to surface soil while planting crops. In
910 addition, workers would be potentially exposed to surface and subsurface soil during intrusive
911 activities such as tilling or digging. Children playing in soils also are viable exposure scenarios.
912 Future land use is expected to remain as discussed in Section 5.2.1 above. Therefore, potential
913 future exposures to soil would be similar to current exposures.

914 Soil sampling at the small arms ranges was completed as planned in accordance with the SSWP
915 with the collection of:

- 916 • Eight surface soil samples (plus one field duplicate) from Range Complex No. 4 were
917 analyzed for lead only. Sample locations were selected based on position relative to
918 targets when known. Where signed ROEs were not available, samples were collected
919 from accessible property behind the targets within safety zones;
- 920 • Four surface soil samples from Range Complex No. 5 were analyzed for lead only.
921 Sample locations were selected based on position relative to targets when known. Where
922 signed ROEs were not available samples were collected from accessible property behind
923 the targets within safety zones;
- 924 • Four surface soil samples (plus one field duplicate) from Range Complex No. 6 were
925 analyzed for lead only. Sample locations were selected based on position relative to
926 targets when known. Where signed ROEs were not available samples were collected
927 from accessible property behind the targets within safety zones; and
- 928 • Three surface soil samples from the Skeet Range No. 580 AOC were analyzed for lead
929 and PAHs. Sampling locations were selected from where the expected clay target fall
930 would be and in the safety fan area where much of the lead pellets would fall if clay
931 targets were missed.

932 All samples were composite samples, collected at or near the locations and coordinates specified
933 in the Final SSWP. Each composite surface soil sample was collected from between 0 to 6-
934 inches depth and consisted of seven surface samples collected in a wheel pattern (2 foot
935 diameter). Samples were sieved by the laboratory prior to analysis for lead. Soil analytical
936 result detections, background soil concentrations, and human health and ecological screening
937 values for the small arms ranges are shown on Tables 5-4A through 5-4D.

938 **5.3.5.1 Comparison to Background Data**

939 Analytical results were compared to the lead background concentration of 29.5 mg/kg. At Range
940 Complex No. 4 AOC, lead was detected in all samples. Lead was detected above the
941 background concentration in two samples (NWO-017-0001 and NWO-017-0003).

942 At Range Complex Nos. 5 and 6 AOCs, lead was detected in all samples at concentrations below
943 the background concentration of 29.5 mg/kg.

944 At the Skeet Range No. 580 AOC, lead was detected in all three samples. Lead was detected
945 above the background concentration in two samples (NWO-017-0020 and NWO-017-0021).
946 PAHs were detected in sample NWO-017-0019. Some PAH compounds can occur naturally due
947 to burning, such as from forest fires. However, because PAH compounds are contained in clay
948 targets and the targets were used at the Skeet Range No. 580, it can be logically concluded that
949 the PAH compound detections are likely from the use of clay targets at the AOC, and all
950 detections are considered to be above natural background concentrations.

951 *5.3.5.2 Comparison to Human Health Screening Values*

952 The analytical results from all small arms range AOCs that were above the background
953 concentration were compared to the human health screening value for lead in soil of 400 mg/kg.
954 All surface soil analytical results that were above background concentrations were below this
955 screening value. The detections of PAHs were below human health screening criteria
956 (Table 5-4D).

957 *5.3.5.3 Comparison to Ecological Screening Values*

958 Analytical results that were above the background concentration were compared to the ecological
959 screening value for lead (16 mg/kg). At Range Complex No. 4 AOC, lead was detected above
960 the background concentration for lead (29.5 mg/kg) and ecological screening value (16 mg/kg) in
961 two samples (NWO-017-0001 [45.5 mg/kg] and NWO-017-0003 [73.2 mg/kg]). The results
962 from these two samples are considered significant as the site meets some of the criteria for
963 designation as an IEP (Section 2.4.7). Based on the Ecological Screening-Level Risk
964 Assessment (SLERA) (Appendix L) adverse ecological effects are possible at Range Complex
965 No. 4.

966 At Range Complex Nos. 5 and 6, lead was not detected above both the background
967 concentrations and the ecological screening value.

968 At the Skeet Range No. 580 AOC, lead was detected above the background concentration
969 (29.5 mg/kg) and ecological screening value (16 mg/kg) in both samples (NWO-017-0020
970 [58.4 mg/kg] and NWO-017-0021 [41.1 mg/kg]). Some parts of Camp Adair meet some of the
971 criteria for designation as an IEP (Section 2.4.7), but the Skeet Range No. 580 is currently a
972 county park that is grassed and mowed. Ecological habitat identified in Section 2.4.7 is not
973 present at the Skeet Range No. 580. The detections of PAHs were below ecological screening
974 values.

975 *5.3.6 Air Pathway*

976 By agreement at the TPP meeting, air is not considered to be a significant pathway as inhalation
977 of MC in vapor form is not a pathway of concern for non-volatile MC under normal
978 environmental conditions. The potential inhalation of soil particles is included in the
979 development of health-based screening values for soil.

980 *5.4 Explosive Munitions Ranges*

981 *5.4.1 General History and Field Findings*

982 The explosive munitions ranges were used by the Army between 1942 and 1945. Table 1-1
983 provides a listing of the ranges and subranges and approximate acreage included in the Explosive
984 Munitions Range designation. Navy and Marine Corps pilots also conducted bombing and
985 gunnery operations in the north area of the FUDS sometimes referred to as the artillery range
986 (principally Range Complex Nos. 1 and 2, and Bombing Target No. 1).

987 Munitions used varied from range to range but at Range Complex Nos. 1 and 2 all infantry and
988 crew-served conventional weapons were authorized for use. Weapons used included the .30-
989 caliber rifle, automatic rifle, .30-caliber light and heavy machine guns, .50-caliber machine gun,
990 anti-tank guns, 105-mm and 155-mm howitzers, mortars, and 2.36-inch anti-tank and practice
991 rockets.

992 Exercises included support by tank and aircraft (the latter using 100-lb, 300-lb, and 500-lb
993 general-purpose and practice bombs). Explosives, blasting caps, and incendiary, illumination,
994 and smoke devices were also used.

995 The range complexes included many overlapping safety fans and supported multiple activities
996 that simulated combat conditions. Much of the explosive munitions fire was directed toward
997 specific targets, creating impact areas in the center of the range complexes. A 1947 Certificate
998 of Clearance included a recommendation that three land tracts (shown on Figure 5-8) be
999 restricted to grazing or timbering activity due to a high concentration of shell firing (War
1000 Department, 1947). Because of the wide range of munitions used and training activities that
1001 occurred, identifying specific firing points and target areas is not possible. Generally the firing
1002 positions would be from the outer perimeter of the ranges into the center. At the Mortar Range
1003 the specific firing point and target area is not known. Firing was likely toward the hills. At
1004 Moving Target Range No. 75, a worn pathway was identified approximately 1,500 yards down
1005 range from the firing point (Appendix E, photographs 3, 4, and 5).

1006 Craters caused by explosive munitions were visible during and shortly after the use of these
1007 ranges, but these areas have generally been regraded for agricultural or other purposes.

1008 During SI field activities at the explosive munitions ranges, only MEC avoidance surveys were
1009 conducted. During these surveys, no MEC or munitions debris were found.

1010 The explosive munitions ranges are currently used primarily for farming, with much of the land
1011 reworked through tilling. Crops grown include grass seed and Christmas trees. Farm residences
1012 are also present. The western portion of Range Complex No. 3 is currently managed as a private
1013 forest. The future land use is expected to remain the same as today.

1014 **5.4.2 Sampling and Analysis**

1015 Sample details are provided in Table 5-1 and analytical detections are listed in Tables 5-5A
1016 through 5-7F. Figures 5-8 through 5-11 show the SI sampling locations for the explosive
1017 munitions ranges and indicate if an exceedance of background concentrations and human health
1018 and/or ecological screening values has occurred. Field records are provided in Appendix D and
1019 representative photographs of sampling activities are included as Appendix E. Complete
1020 analytical data are presented in Appendix F and the Analytical Data QA/QC Report is included
1021 as Appendix G.

1022 **5.4.3 Groundwater Pathway**

1023 Groundwater samples were collected from Range Complex No. 1 (NWO-017-3005), Range
1024 Complex No. 2 (NWO-017-3006 and NWO-017-3007), Bombing Target No. 1 (NWO-017-
1025 3008), Range Complex No. 3 (NWO-017-3009), the Mortar Range (NWO-017-3010), and
1026 Moving Target Range No. 75 (NWO-017-3011 and field duplicate NWO-017-3011-FD).
1027 Existing wells selected for sampling were located within or near the individual AOCs, generally
1028 downgradient of target areas and/or safety fans, provided a signed ROE with the property owner
1029 was available. Wells were sampled either with an existing installed pump (samples NWO-017-
1030 3008, NWO-017-3009, NWO-017-3010, and NWO-017-3011) or a decontaminated portable
1031 submersible pump (samples NWO-017-3005, NWO-017-3006, and NWO-017-3007). All wells
1032 are used as domestic water source except for the wells for samples NWO-017-3005 and NWO-
1033 017-3007. The well for sample NWO-017-3005 was formerly used for irrigation but is currently
1034 not used and the well for sample NWO-017-3007 is used for filling an irrigation pond. No logs
1035 are available for these wells. Well depths and water levels could only be measured at wells for
1036 samples NWO-017-3005, NWO-017-3006, and NWO-017-3007. The well depths and depths to
1037 water for sample NWO-017-3005 were 160.85 ft bgs and 58.25 ft bgs, for NWO-017-3006 were
1038 113 ft bgs and 9.9 ft bgs, and for sample NWO-017-3007 were 21.6 ft bgs and 5.1 ft bgs. Well
1039 depths and water levels could not be measured in the other wells due to the well seal at the well
1040 head. All samples were collected from a hose bib or from the pump discharge for those sampled
1041 with the portable pump. Samples were analyzed for select metals, explosives, and perchlorate.
1042 Groundwater analytical result detections, background value, and human health and ecological
1043 screening values for the explosive munitions ranges are shown on Tables 5-5A through 5-5F.

1044 **5.4.3.1 Comparison to Background Data**

1045 Groundwater sample results were compared to the maximum detected concentration from the
1046 two background groundwater samples. The background groundwater sample results are
1047 provided in Appendix F. The following samples had background concentration exceedances.

- 1048 • Sample NWO-017-3005 (Range Complex No. 1) concentrations exceeded the
1049 concentration in the background wells for magnesium (7,500 µg/L vs. 6,850 µg/L) and
1050 strontium (197 µg/L vs. 73.8 µg/L). All exceedances were less than a factor of three
1051 times the maximum background value.

- 1052 • Sample NWO-017-3006 (Range Complex No. 2) concentrations exceeded the
1053 concentration in the background wells for antimony (0.21 µg/L vs. 0.17 µg/L), barium
1054 (22 µg/L vs. 20 µg/L), cobalt (0.61 µg/L vs. 0.28 µg/L), iron (893 µg/L vs. 188 µg/L),
1055 molybdenum (5.8 µg/L vs. 1.8 µg/L), and nickel (3.8 µg/L vs. 1.8 µg/L). Iron (factor of
1056 4.8) and molybdenum (factor of 3.2) exceeded the maximum background concentrations
1057 by a factor greater than three.
- 1058 • Sample NWO-017-3007 (Range Complex No. 2) concentrations exceeded the
1059 concentration in the background wells for barium (35.9 µg/L vs. 20 µg/L), cobalt
1060 (1.2 µg/L vs. 0.28 µg/L), manganese (310 µg/L vs. 85.2 µg/L), nickel (3.7 µg/L vs.
1061 1.8 µg/L), and strontium (83.5 µg/L vs. 73.8 µg/L). Only cobalt (factor of 3.6) and
1062 manganese (factor of 3.6) exceeded the maximum background concentration by a factor
1063 of greater than three.
- 1064 • Sample NWO-017-3008 (Bombing Target No. 1) background concentrations were
1065 exceeded for lead (0.81 µg/L vs. 0.5 µg/L). The exceedance was less than a factor of
1066 three times the maximum background value.
- 1067 • Sample NWO-017-3010 (Mortar Range) background concentrations were exceeded for
1068 magnesium (13,000 µg/L vs. 6,850 µg/L) and strontium (115 µg/L vs. 73.8 µg/L). All
1069 exceedances were less than a factor of three times the maximum background value.
- 1070 • Sample NWO-017-3011 (Moving Target Range No. 75) background concentrations were
1071 exceeded for barium (20.2 µg/L vs. 20 µg/L) and strontium (101 µg/L vs. 73.8 µg/L). All
1072 exceedances were less than a factor of three times the maximum background value.

1073 There were no background exceedances for sample NWO-017-3009. Perchlorate was not
1074 detected in any sample. Based on the above, iron, manganese, molybdenum, and cobalt were
1075 detected at a concentration significantly (by a factor of 3 or more) above the maximum
1076 background concentration.

1077 *5.4.3.2 Comparison to Human Health Screening Values*

1078 The analytical results that exceeded background concentrations were compared to human health
1079 screening values and are identified below. The following summarizes the exceedances of human
1080 health screening values:

- 1081 • Iron in sample NWO-017-3006 (Range Complex No. 2) (893 µg/L) exceeded the federal
1082 drinking water secondary maximum contaminant level (MCL) (300 µg/L) but not the
1083 EPA Region 9 tap water preliminary remediation goal (PRG) (11,000 µg/L).
- 1084 • Manganese in sample NWO-017-3007 (Range Complex No. 2) (310 µg/L) exceeded the
1085 secondary MCL (50 µg/L) but not the PRG (880 µg/L).

1086 Secondary MCLs are non-enforceable guidelines regulating contaminants that may cause
1087 cosmetic effects (such as skin or tooth discoloration) or aesthetic effects (such as taste, odor, or
1088 color) in drinking water. Because the exceedances were of non-enforceable secondary MCLs,
1089 iron and manganese will not be evaluated further with respect to human health risk.

1090 There were no human health screening value exceedances in the other groundwater samples from
1091 the explosive munitions ranges.

1092 Explosive compounds were detected in one sample (NWO-017-3005) at concentrations below
1093 human health screening values. The compounds detected, with detected concentrations, and
1094 human health screening values were:

- 1095 • 1,3-dinitrobenzene (0.038 µg/L, 3.6 µg/L),
- 1096 • 2,4,6-trinitrotolunene (0.077 µg/L, 2.2 µg/L),
- 1097 • 2,4-dinitrotoluene (0.027 µg/L, 0.099 µg/L),
- 1098 • 2-amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene (0.072 µg/L, 7.3 µg/L),
- 1099 • 4-amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene (0.079 µg/L, 7.3 µg/L), and
- 1100 • octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine (HMX) (0.14 µg/L, 1,800 µg/L).

1101 All concentrations were qualified as estimated between the method detection limit (MDL) and
1102 practical quantitation limit (PQL). This well is located in an assumed downgradient direction
1103 from Bombing Target No. 2 (Range Complex No. 1) and within Field Combat Range No. 84
1104 (Range Complex No. 2). This well was previously used for irrigation water supply, but is
1105 currently unused.

1106 *5.4.4 Surface Water/Sediment Pathway*

1107 No surface water samples were collected at the explosive munitions ranges. In accordance with
1108 the SSWP, eight sediment samples and one field duplicate were collected from the explosive
1109 munitions ranges. The samples were: Range Complex No. 1 (NWO-017-1002 and NWO-017-
1110 1003), Range Complex No. 2 (NWO-017-1004, NWO-017-1005, and field duplicate NWO-017-
1111 1006), Bombing Target No. 1 (NWO-017-1007), Range Complex No. 3 (NWO-017-1008),
1112 Mortar Range (NWO-017-1009R), and Moving Target Range No. 75 (NWO-017-1010R).

1113 The sediment sample locations were selected based on locations that were downstream from a
1114 target area on property where a signed ROE was available. The sediment analytical result
1115 detections, background value, and human health and ecological screening values for the explosive
1116 munitions ranges are shown on Tables 5-6A through 5-6F. Potential receptors are residents,
1117 farm and forest workers, and recreational users. For the screening risk assessment, it was
1118 conservatively assumed that worker exposures to sediments would be similar to those of soil.

1119 *5.4.4.1 Comparison to Background*

1120 Sediment sample results were compared to the maximum detected concentration from the three
1121 background sediment samples. The background sediment sample results are provided in
1122 Appendix G. The following samples had background concentration exceedances.

- 1123 • For Range Complex No. 1, background concentrations for lead (11.1 mg/kg) were
1124 exceeded in samples NWO-017-1002 (13.8 mg/kg) and NWO-017-1003 (11.9 mg/kg);
1125 background for mercury (0.049 mg/kg) was exceeded in sample NWO-017-1003 (0.058
1126 mg/kg). All exceedances were less than a factor of three times the maximum background
1127 value and are not considered significant.

- 1128 • For Range Complex No. 2, the background concentrations were exceeded for barium
1129 (177 mg/kg vs. 173 mg/kg) and lead (11.2 mg/kg vs. 11.1 mg/kg) in sample NWO-017-
1130 1004. All exceedances were less than a factor of three times the maximum background
1131 value and are not considered significant.
- 1132 • For Bombing Target No. 1, the background concentration was exceeded in sample NWO-
1133 017-1007 for antimony (0.15 mg/kg vs. not detected), barium (202 mg/kg vs. 173 mg/kg),
1134 lead (15.7 mg/kg vs. 11.1 mg/kg), and molybdenum (0.56 mg/kg vs. not detected). Only
1135 the antimony detection is considered significant (greater than 3 times background), as the
1136 metal was not detected in the background samples. However, antimony is not a metal of
1137 concern at Bombing Target No. 1.
- 1138 • For Range Complex No. 3, background concentrations were exceeded in sample NWO-
1139 017-1008 for lead (17.5 mg/kg vs. 11.1 mg/kg) and molybdenum (0.62 mg/kg vs. 0.56
1140 mg/kg). All exceedances were less than a factor of three times the maximum background
1141 value and are not considered significant.
- 1142 • For the Mortar Range, background concentrations were exceeded in sample NWO-017-
1143 1009R for aluminum (39,300 mg/kg vs. 36,900 mg/kg), barium (181 mg/kg vs. 173
1144 mg/kg), chromium (117 mg/kg vs. 100 mg/kg), cobalt (76.5 mg/kg vs. 45.8 mg/kg),
1145 magnesium (12,900 mg/kg vs. 12,000 mg/kg), manganese (1,800 mg/kg vs. 1,290
1146 mg/kg), nickel (79.5 mg/kg vs. 44.2 mg/kg), and strontium (88 mg/kg vs. 52.4 mg/kg).
1147 All exceedances were less than a factor of three times the maximum background value
1148 and are not considered significant.
- 1149 • For the Moving Target Range No. 75, background concentrations were exceeded in
1150 sample NWO-017-1010R for barium (444 mg/kg vs. 173 mg/kg), lead (12 mg/kg vs. 11.1
1151 mg/kg), manganese (2,320 mg/kg vs. 1,290 mg/kg), molybdenum (1.2 mg/kg vs. 0.56
1152 mg/kg), and strontium (107 mg/kg vs. 52.4 mg/kg). All exceedances were less than a
1153 factor of three times the maximum background value and are not considered significant.

1154 Based on the above, only antimony significantly exceeded the maximum background
1155 concentration for sediments at the explosive munitions ranges. However, antimony is not a
1156 metal of concern at these AOCs.

1157 *5.4.4.2 Comparison to Human Health Screening Values*

1158 Because analytical results significantly did not exceed background concentrations, no
1159 comparison to human health screening values is completed.

1160 *5.4.4.3 Comparison to Ecological Screening Values*

1161 The analytical results were compared to ecological screening values if they also significantly
1162 exceeded background concentrations. There were no samples that had concentrations that
1163 significantly exceeded the background concentrations and also ecological screening values.

1164 *5.4.5 Terrestrial Pathway*

1165 The potential routes of human exposure to metals and explosives in the surface soil include
1166 incidental ingestion, dermal contact, or inhalation of soil particulates during intrusive work.
1167 Current exposure scenarios would primarily involve farm workers exposed to surface soil while

1168 planting crops. In addition, workers would be potentially exposed to surface and subsurface soil
1169 during intrusive activities such as tilling or digging. Children playing in soils also are viable
1170 exposure scenarios. Future land use is expected to remain as discussed in Section 5.3.1 above.
1171 Therefore, potential future exposures to soil would be similar to current exposures.

1172 Soil sampling at the explosive munitions ranges was completed as planned in accordance with
1173 the SSWP with the collection of:

- 1174 • Four surface soil samples from Range Complex No. 1. Soil sampling locations were
1175 selected based on suspected troop maneuver areas. No direct information of areas of
1176 concentrated activity was available. Sample locations within the Bombing Target No. 2
1177 subrange were located near the target center, where an existing ROE was available.
- 1178 • Seven surface soil samples from Range Complex No. 2. Soil sampling locations were
1179 selected based on suspected troop maneuver areas and at known artillery target areas
1180 provided a ROE was available for the property.
- 1181 • One surface soil sample from range Bombing Target No. 1. The sample location was
1182 selected near the target center where an existing ROE was available.
- 1183 • Four surface soil samples from Range Complex No. 3. Sample locations were selected
1184 based on suspected maneuver areas where an ROE was available. No direct information
1185 of areas of concentrated activity was available.
- 1186 • Three surface soil samples plus one field duplicate from the Mortar Range. Sample
1187 locations were selected within the suspected impact area, although no specific
1188 information was available as to the location of the impact area.
- 1189 • Two surface soil samples plus one field duplicate from the Moving Target Range No. 75.
1190 The sample locations were selected from where the suspected roads (trails) for the
1191 moving targets were indicated on aerial photos.

1192 All samples were composite samples, collected at or near the locations and coordinates specified
1193 in the Final SSWP. Each composite surface soil sample was collected from between 0 to 6-
1194 inches depth and consisted of seven surface samples collected in a wheel pattern (2 ft diameter).
1195 All soil samples were analyzed for metals and explosives, including nitroglycerin and
1196 pentaerythritol tetranitrate (PETN). Soil analytical result detections, background soil
1197 concentrations and human health and ecological screening values for the explosive munitions
1198 ranges are shown on Tables 5-7A through 5-7F.

1199 *5.4.5.1 Comparison to Background Data*

1200 Analytical results were compared were compared to the metals background concentrations. The
1201 following summarizes the background concentration exceedances.

- 1202 • For Range Complex No. 1 AOC, the background concentration for mercury (0.06 mg/kg)
1203 was exceeded in sample NWO-017-0022 at a concentration of 0.089 mg/kg.
- 1204 • For Range Complex No. 2 AOC, the background concentration for mercury (0.06 mg/kg)
1205 was exceeded in sample NWO-017-0030 at a concentration of 0.086 mg/kg.

- 1206 • For the Range Complex No. 3 AOC, the background concentration for molybdenum
1207 (1.36 mg/kg) was exceeded in sample NWO-017-0036 at a concentration of 5.7 mg/kg.
- 1208 • For the Mortar Range AOC, the background concentration for strontium (57.1 mg/kg)
1209 was exceeded in samples NWO-017-0039R, NWO-017-0040RR, and field duplicate
1210 NWO-017-0040RR-ED at concentrations of 78.4 mg/kg, 86.3 mg/kg, and 89.3 mg/kg,
1211 respectively. The background concentration for cadmium (0.996 mg/kg) was exceeded in
1212 sample NWO-017-0040R at a concentration of 1 mg/kg. The background concentration
1213 for chromium (153 mg/kg) was exceeded in samples NWO-017-00040R and field
1214 duplicate sample NWO-017-0040RR-ED at concentrations of 175 mg/kg and 155 mg/kg,
1215 respectively.
- 1216 • For Moving Target Range No. 75 AOC, the background concentration for strontium
1217 (57.1 mg/kg) was exceeded in samples NWO-017-0041, NWO-017-0042, and field
1218 duplicate NWO-017-0043 at concentrations of 131 mg/kg, 61.4 mg/kg, and 62.6 mg/kg,
1219 respectively. The background concentration for barium (472 mg/kg) was exceeded in
1220 sample NWO-017-00041 at a concentration of 646 mg/kg. However, strontium is not a
1221 metal of concern of the explosive munitions ranges.

1222 Background concentration exceedances for molybdenum (Rang Complex No. 3), chromium
1223 (Mortar Range), and barium (Moving Target Range No. 75) were further evaluated using
1224 geochemical methods as described in Myers and Thorbjornsen (2004). The geochemical method
1225 graphically compares trace to major element concentrations to determine whether elevated levels
1226 of trace elements are naturally occurring or are the result of some other impacts to soil. The
1227 evaluation indicated that the elevated barium and chromium concentrations are likely naturally
1228 occurring and the molybdenum at Range Complex No. 3 is anomalously high with respect to
1229 major element concentrations. A summary of the evaluation is included in Appendix L.

1230 All explosives, nitroglycerine, and PETN results in soil were not detected. It is noted that
1231 explosives were detected at low concentrations below human health screening values in a
1232 groundwater well in the Explosives Munitions Ranges (Section 5.4.3). These results may
1233 indicate a release to soil that was not detected by the soil sampling.

1234 Based on the comparison of analytical results to background and geochemical evaluation,
1235 mercury in soils at Range Complex No. 1 and Range Complex No. 2, molybdenum in soil at
1236 Range Complex No. 3, and strontium in soil at the Mortar Range are above background
1237 concentrations and are considered to be not at naturally occurring concentrations. These metals
1238 will be carried forward for comparison to human health and ecological screening values.

1239 *5.4.5.2 Comparison to Human Health Screening Values*

1240 The analytical results that exceeded background concentrations were compared to human health
1241 screening values. No analytical results exceeded both the human health screening value and
1242 background concentrations.

1243 **5.4.5.3 Comparison to Ecological Screening Values**

1244 Analytical results were compared to the ecological screening values and are identified below if
1245 the also exceeded the background concentrations. The following samples had concentrations
1246 that exceeded both the background concentrations and ecological screening values.

- 1247 • For Range Complex No. 3, the ecological screening value for molybdenum (2 mg/kg)
1248 was exceeded in sample NWO-017-0036 at a concentration of 5.7 mg/kg.
- 1249 • For the Mortar Range, the ecological screening value for chromium (0.4 mg/kg) was
1250 exceeded in samples NWO-017-0040R and field duplicate sample NWO-017-0040RR-
1251 ED at concentrations of 175 mg/kg and 155 mg/kg, respectively.
- 1252 • For Moving Target Range No. 75, the ecological screening value for barium (85 mg/kg)
1253 was exceeded in sample NWO-017-0041 at a concentration of 646 mg/kg).

1254 As ecological receptors are possible at the site, and the maximum detected concentrations of
1255 these inorganics in soil exceed the ecological screening values by a significant factor, adverse
1256 ecological effects are possible.

1257 Geochemical evaluation indicates that concentrations of chromium (Mortar Range) and barium
1258 (Moving Target Range No. 75) are representative of natural conditions. However, molybdenum
1259 is not.

1260 **5.4.6 Air Pathway**

1261 By agreement at the TPP meeting air is not considered to be a significant pathway as inhalation
1262 of MC in vapor form is not a pathway of concern for non-volatile MC under normal
1263 environmental conditions. The potential inhalation of soil particles is included in the
1264 development of health-based screening values for soil.

1265 **5.5 Live Hand Grenade Courts**

1266 **5.5.1 General History and Field Findings**

1267 The live hand grenade courts were used by the Army between 1942 and 1945. Table 1-1
1268 provides a listing of the ranges and approximate acreage included in the Live Hand Grenade
1269 Courts designation. The courts were used for training in the use of live (explosive) and/or
1270 training hand grenades. Grenades were thrown from individual throwing bays constructed from
1271 sandbags or concrete, or from a trench. Grenades were thrown toward targets in an impact area
1272 approximately 25 yards from the throwing line. A danger area of approximately 600 ft would
1273 have been established around each court.

1274 During SI field activities, no MEC or munitions debris was found.

1275 The East and West Live Hand Grenade Court AOCs are currently within tilled farm land that is
1276 used for growing grass seed. Live Hand Grenade Court No. 129 AOC is within a Christmas tree
1277 farm and the ground has been cleared and tilled. There are no noticeable remnants of the
1278 grenade courts. The actual grenade courts were assumed to be near the center of the AOC, the

1279 number of throwing bays in each court is unknown. Access to the land is unrestricted and open
1280 to the public.

1281 *5.5.2 Sampling and Analysis*

1282 Sample details are provided in Table 5-1 and analytical detections are listed in Tables 5-8A
1283 through 5-9C. Figures 5-12, 5-13, and 5-14 show the live hand grenade courts SI sampling
1284 locations and indicate if an exceedance of background concentrations and human health and/or
1285 ecological screening values has occurred. Field records are provided in Appendix D and
1286 representative photographs of sampling activities are included as Appendix E. Complete
1287 analytical data are presented in Appendix F and the Analytical Data QA/QC Report is included
1288 as Appendix G.

1289 *5.5.3 Groundwater Pathway*

1290 No groundwater samples were proposed or collected within the live hand grenade court AOCs.
1291 It was agreed at the TPP meeting that groundwater sampling would not be required due to the
1292 proximity of the AOC boundaries with those of Range Complex Nos. 1 and 2.

1293 *5.5.4 Surface Water/Sediment Pathway*

1294 No surface water samples were collected at the live hand grenade court AOCs. In accordance
1295 with the SSWP, two sediment samples and one field duplicate were collected. The samples
1296 were: East Live Hand Grenade Court AOC (NWO-017-10011) and Live Hand Grenade Court
1297 No. 129 AOC (NWO-017-1012 and field duplicate NWO-017-1013). The sediment sample
1298 collected from the East Live Hand Grenade Court was selected from the creek bottom located
1299 east of the AOC center. The sample collected for Live Hand Grenade Court No. 129 was
1300 collected from a creek located southwest and down slope of the AOC.

1301 The sediment analytical result detections, background value, and human health and ecological
1302 screening values for the live hand grenade courts are shown on Tables 5-8A and 5-8B. Potential
1303 receptors are residents, farm and forest workers, recreational users, and ecological receptors. For
1304 the screening risk assessment, it was conservatively assumed that worker exposures to sediments
1305 would be similar to those of soil.

1306 *5.5.4.1 Comparison to Background*

1307 Sediment sample results were compared to the maximum detected concentration from the three
1308 background sediment samples. The background sediment sample results are provided in
1309 Appendix F. Background concentrations were exceeded in sample NWO-017-1011 for barium
1310 (188 mg/kg vs. 173 mg/kg), lead (11.6 mg/kg vs. 11.1 mg/kg), and manganese (1,460 mg/kg vs.
1311 1,290 mg/kg). All exceedances were less than a factor of three times the maximum background
1312 value and are not considered significant.

1313 *5.5.4.2 Comparison to Human Health Screening Values*

1314 The analytical results were compared to human health screening values and are identified if they
1315 also significantly exceeded background concentrations. No sample results significantly
1316 exceeded background groundwater concentrations and also the human health screening values.

1317 *5.5.4.3 Comparison to Ecological Screening Values*

1318 The analytical results were compared to ecological screening values and are identified if they
1319 also significantly exceeded background concentrations. No samples significantly exceeded
1320 background concentrations and also the ecological screening values.

1321 *5.5.5 Terrestrial Pathway*

1322 The potential routes of human exposure to metals and explosives in the surface soil include
1323 incidental ingestion, dermal contact, or inhalation of soil particulates during intrusive work.
1324 Current exposure scenarios would primarily involve farm workers exposed to surface soil while
1325 planting crops. In addition, workers would be potentially exposed to surface and subsurface soil
1326 during intrusive activities such as tilling or digging. Future land use is expected to remain as
1327 discussed in Section 5.3.1 above. Therefore, potential future exposures to soil would be similar
1328 to current exposures.

1329 Soil sampling at the live hand grenade courts was completed as planned in accordance with the
1330 SSWP with the collection of one sample each from the three live hand grenade court AOCs.
1331 Sample locations were selected from the center of the AOC, as there was no visible evidence of
1332 the grenade court.

1333 All samples were composite samples, collected at or near the locations and coordinates specified
1334 in the Final SSWP. Each composite surface soil sample was collected from between 0 to 6-
1335 inches depth and consisted of seven surface samples collected in a wheel pattern (2 ft diameter).
1336 Soil samples were analyzed for metals and explosives, including nitroglycerin and PETN. Soil
1337 analytical result detections, background soil concentrations, and human health and ecological
1338 screening values for the live hand grenade courts are shown on Tables 5-9A through 5-9C.

1339 *5.5.5.1 Comparison to Background Data*

1340 All explosives, nitroglycerine, and PETN results in soil were not detected.

1341 Analytical results were compared to the metals background concentrations. There were no
1342 exceedances of soil background concentrations in any sample.

1343 *5.5.5.2 Comparison to Human Health Screening Values*

1344 The analytical results were compared to human health screening values and are identified if they
1345 also exceeded background concentrations. No analytical results exceeded both the human health
1346 screening value and background concentrations.

1347 **5.5.5.3 Comparison to Ecological Screening Values**

1348 Analytical results were compared to the ecological screening values and are identified below if
1349 the also exceeded the background concentrations. No analytical results exceeded both the
1350 ecological screening value and background concentrations.

1351 **5.5.6 Air Pathway**

1352 By agreement at the TPP meeting air is not considered to be a significant pathway as inhalation
1353 of MC in vapor form is not a pathway of concern for non-volatile MC under normal
1354 environmental conditions. The potential inhalation of soil particles is included in the
1355 development of health-based screening values for soil.

1356 **5.6 Practice Grenade Courts**

1357 **5.6.1 General History and Field Findings**

1358 The ranges were used by the Army between 1942 and 1945. Table 1-1 provides a listing of the
1359 ranges and approximate acreage included in the Practice Grenade Courts designation. The courts
1360 were used to allow troops to throw training or practice grenades prior to throwing a live grenade
1361 (see Figure 24 of the *Final TPP Memorandum*). A typical practice court consisted of a number
1362 of individual courts designed to allow men to throw under a variety of conditions. The AOCs
1363 shown on Figure 24 of the Final TPP Memorandum are assumed to have been used for practice
1364 grenade training and no safety zones were included in the boundaries.

1365 The practice grenade courts are currently within tilled farm land that is used for growing row
1366 crops, grass seed, and other agricultural crops. There are no noticeable remnants of the AOCs
1367 (USACE, 2004b). Access to the land is unrestricted and open to the public.

1368 **5.6.2 Sampling and Analysis**

1369 No field activities were proposed or completed within the practice grenade court AOCs. It was
1370 agreed at the TPP meeting that MEC (other than black powder spotting charges) would not be
1371 expected and MC from the training grenades would be minimal. Black powder consists of
1372 charcoal, potassium nitrate, and sulfur, which are not hazardous substances under CERCLA.

1373 **5.7 Chemical Identification Area**

1374 **5.7.1 General History and Field Findings**

1375 The area was used by the Army between 1942 and 1945. According to a Camp Adair Training
1376 Aids General Layout map dated January 1944, Range No. 182 was used for CWM recognition
1377 and decontamination exercises. Another map lists the area as a gas chamber. CWM recognition
1378 training was likely to have included the use of CAIS and/or detonation sets. CAIS consisted of
1379 several bottles containing small quantities of CWM gases or solids; bottles were opened so that
1380 trainees could experience the smell of the specific CWM. Detonation sets were containers (one
1381 gallon) holding larger quantities of CWM agents, which were detonated, creating an agent cloud.
1382 Trainees would then try to identify the agent based on its odor and other characteristics. The

1383 location for the training with detonation sets was not specified in the ASR documentation, but it
1384 is likely that it occurred on a training course or range that had sufficient land area for the exercise
1385 and not at Chemical Identification Area No. 182, which was primarily a gas chamber.

1386 Decontamination exercises, as documented in historical photos from the camp, involved small
1387 sections of wooden floors and walls contaminated by vesicant gas (mustard and Lewisite) being
1388 treated with a decontaminant solution such as “chloride of lime.” The location of the training
1389 exercises was not identified in the ASR.

1390 Other CWM activities documented at unspecified locations within Camp Adair include:

- 1391 • Decontamination of mustard-contaminated vehicles,
- 1392 • Neutralization of chemical land mines, possibly containing mustard filling,
- 1393 • Field simulation of a CWM battlefield, in which troops traverse an area, contaminated
1394 with a mustard mixture, applying their training skills.
- 1395 • Gas mask training using tear gas in gas chambers.

1396 The Chemical Identification Area No. 182 AOC is currently within tilled farm land that is used
1397 for growing row crops, grass seed, and other agricultural crops. No MEC was observed in the
1398 ASR inspection and there were no noticeable remnants of the AOC (USACE, 2004b). Access to
1399 the land is unrestricted and open to the public.

1400 *5.7.2 Sampling and Analysis*

1401 No field activities were proposed or completed within the Chemical Identification Area No. 182
1402 AOC. It was agreed at the TPP meeting that only a small quantity of explosive material may
1403 have been used in this area and does not pose a significant risk of environmental contamination
1404 and any CWM agents that may have been released in this area would not be expected to have
1405 persisted and/or have been released in quantities that would pose a significant risk of
1406 environmental contamination.

1407 **6.0 Summary and Conclusions**

1408 The conclusions of the SI are presented in this section. Recommendations for further action are
1409 presented in Section 7.0 and Appendix K.

1410 Camp Adair is included in the MMRP Inventory in the *Defense Environmental Programs Annual*
1411 *Report to Congress Fiscal Year 2006* (DoD, 2006), and in the *ASR Supplement* (USACE,
1412 2004b), with 21 identified ranges. The 21 ranges and associated subranges are identified on
1413 Table 1-1.

1414 **6.1 Small Arms Ranges**

1415 No MEC or munitions debris, other than an expended bullet and a fragment of a clay target were
1416 encountered or have been reported at the small arms ranges. Based on the discussion in Section
1417 4.2.1 the small arms ranges have low MEC risk, due to the use for small arms training only and
1418 extensive reworking of the surface soil for farming.

1419 During the SI field work, 4 groundwater, 1 sediment, and 18 soil samples were collected from
1420 the small arms ranges. Analytes included lead in all soil, sediment, and groundwater samples,
1421 perchlorate in groundwater samples, and PAHs in the three samples from the Skeet Range No.
1422 580. Analytical results were compared to site background values. If the analytical results
1423 significantly exceeded the background value (greater than three times background
1424 concentration), the results were then compared to EPA Region 9 PRGs for human health risk
1425 screening and site inspection ecological risk screening values developed during the TPP process.
1426 The exceedances and subsequent evaluation are summarized below.

1427 **6.1.1 Groundwater Pathway**

1428 There were no exceedances of Camp Adair groundwater background values and human health
1429 risk screening values. There does not appear to be an impact to groundwater at the small arms
1430 ranges based on the four groundwater samples collected at the small arms ranges.

1431 **6.1.2 Surface Water/Sediment Pathway**

1432 No surface water samples were collected during the SI field work. Analytical results from the
1433 sediment sample indicate no exceedances of Camp Adair sediment background concentrations
1434 and human health or ecological screening values. There does not appear to be an impact to
1435 sediments at the small arms ranges based on the sediment sample collected at the small arms
1436 ranges.

1437 **6.1.3 Terrestrial Pathway**

1438 Analytical results from soil samples collected during the SI indicate the following:

- 1439 • There were no exceedances of background concentrations and the EPA Region 9 PRGs
1440 for human health. Therefore there is no expected adverse impact to human health from
1441 military activity at the five AOCs included in the small arms ranges.
- 1442 • The detected concentration for lead in two surface soil samples from Range Complex No.
1443 4 exceeded the background concentration and the ecological screening value. Based on
1444 the SLERA (Appendix L) adverse ecological effects are possible at Range Complex No.
1445 4.
- 1446 • The detected concentration for lead in two surface soil samples from the Skeet Range No.
1447 580 exceeded the background concentrations and the ecological screening value. Based
1448 on the SLERA (Appendix L) adverse ecological effects are possible at Skeet Range No.
1449 580.
- 1450 • PAHs were detected in one soil sample from the Skeet Range No. 580. Concentrations
1451 were all below human health and ecological screening levels.

1452 **6.2 Explosive Munitions Ranges**

1453 MEC and munitions debris have been reported at all AOCs except for Range Complex No. 3.
1454 No MEC or munitions debris was identified during the SI field activities. Based on the current
1455 use of the explosive munitions ranges and the historical occurrence of MEC and munitions
1456 debris, the overall MEC risk is considered to be moderate.

1457 During the SI field work, 7 groundwater, 8 sediment, and 21 soil samples were collected from
1458 the explosive munitions ranges. Analytes included metals and explosives in all samples, plus
1459 perchlorate in groundwater samples. Analytical results were compared to site background
1460 values. If the analytical results exceeded the background value, the results were then compared
1461 to EPA Region 9 PRGs for human health risk screening and site inspection ecological risk
1462 screening values developed during the TPP process. The exceedances and subsequent evaluation
1463 is summarized below.

1464 **6.2.1 Groundwater Pathway**

1465 Based on analytical results from groundwater samples collected during the SI, the groundwater
1466 pathway impacts are as follows:

- 1467 • Iron, molybdenum, and cobalt were detected at concentrations greater than three times
1468 their respective background values and may indicate a release to the environment has
1469 occurred.
- 1470 • No groundwater analytical results significantly exceeded the maximum groundwater
1471 background values and human health screening values.
- 1472 • Explosive compounds were detected at estimated concentrations between the MDL and
1473 PQL in one groundwater sample from a well located adjacent to Range Complex No. 1.
1474 All detections were below groundwater human health screening values.

1475 Based on the above discussion, military activity at the explosive munitions ranges has not
1476 resulted in an adverse impact to groundwater with respect to human health.

1477 **6.2.2 Surface Water/Sediment Pathway**

1478 No surface water samples were collected during the SI field work. Based on analytical results
1479 from sediment samples collected during the SI, there were no samples that had concentrations
1480 that significantly exceeded the background concentrations and also either human health or
1481 ecological screening values. Based on these results, military activity at the explosive munitions
1482 ranges has not resulted in adverse impact to sediments with respect to human health or ecological
1483 receptors.

1484 **6.2.3 Terrestrial Pathway**

1485 Based on analytical results from surface soil samples collected during the SI, the terrestrial
1486 pathway impacts are as follows:

- 1487 • There were no exceedances of background concentrations and the EPA Region 9 PRGs
1488 for human health.
- 1489 • Molybdenum from Range Complex No. 3 exceeded both the soil background value and
1490 the ecological screening value. Based on the SLERA, the maximum detected
1491 concentrations of these metals in soil exceed the ecological screening values by a
1492 significant amount, and adverse ecological effects are possible.

1493 Based on the above discussion, military activity at the explosive munitions ranges has not
1494 resulted in an adverse impact to human health via the terrestrial pathway. However, there
1495 appears to be potential ecological impacts in soil at the Range Complex No. 3.

1496 **6.3 Live Hand Grenade Courts**

1497 MEC and munitions debris have been reported at Live Hand Grenade Court No. 129 and the
1498 West Live Hand Grenade Court. No MEC or munitions debris was identified during the SI field
1499 activities. Based on the current use of the live hand grenade court AOCs and limited historical
1500 occurrence of MEC and munitions debris, the overall MEC risk is considered to be moderate.

1501 During the SI field work, two sediment and three soil samples were collected from the live hand
1502 grenade courts. Analytes included metals and explosives in all samples. Analytical results were
1503 compared to site background values. If the analytical results exceeded the background value, the
1504 results were then compared to EPA Region 9 PRGs for human health risk screening and site
1505 inspection ecological risk screening values developed during the TPP process. The exceedances
1506 and subsequent evaluation are summarized below.

1507 **6.3.1 Groundwater Pathway**

1508 No groundwater samples were collected from the live hand grenade courts. It was agreed at the
1509 TPP meeting that groundwater sampling would not be required due to the proximity of the AOC
1510 boundaries with those of Range Complex Nos. 1 and 2.

1511 **6.3.2 Surface Water/Sediment Pathway**

1512 No surface water samples were collected during the SI field work. Based on analytical results
1513 from sediment samples collected during the SI, there were no significant exceedances of
1514 background concentrations.

1515 Based on the above discussion, military activity at the live hand grenade courts has not resulted
1516 in an adverse impact to human health or ecological receptors via the surface water and sediment
1517 pathway.

1518 **6.3.3 Terrestrial Pathway**

1519 Based on analytical results from surface soil samples collected during the SI, the terrestrial
1520 pathway impacts are as follows:

- 1521 • There were no exceedances of background concentrations and the EPA Region 9 PRGs
1522 for human health. Therefore, there is no adverse impact to humans from military activity
1523 at the three AOCs included in the live hand grenade courts.
- 1524 • There were no exceedances of background concentrations and the ecological screening
1525 values. Therefore, there is no adverse impact to ecological receptors from military
1526 activity at the three AOCs included in the live hand grenade courts would be expected.

1527 Based on the above discussion, military activity at the live hand grenade courts has not resulted
1528 in an adverse impact to human or ecological receptors inform potential exposure to soils.

1529 **6.4 Practice Grenade Courts**

1530 MEC has not been reported at the practice grenade courts. However, munitions debris consisting
1531 of training grenades have been reported being found at Practice Grenade Court Nos. 125, 126,
1532 and 127. These practice grenades would have contained only a spotting charge of black powder.
1533 Based on the current use of the practice grenade court AOCs and no occurrence of MEC or
1534 munitions debris, the overall MEC risk is considered to be low.

1535 No field activities were conducted at the practice grenade courts during the SI. Based on
1536 reported use of the site for the use of practice grenades only, the only contaminant impact would
1537 be from metals (i.e., rusting of grenade bodies). Using SI results for metals from the live hand
1538 grenade courts as a model, there would be no adverse human health impacts in either the
1539 sediment or terrestrial pathways. It is possible that adverse impact to ecological receptors may
1540 occur in sediments as a result of elevated metals concentrations.

1541 **6.5 Chemical Identification Area No. 182**

1542 MEC has not been reported at Chemical Identification Area No.182. Based on the current use of
1543 this AOC and no historic occurrence of MEC or munitions debris, the overall MEC risk is
1544 considered to be low. No field activities were conducted. It was agreed at the TPP meeting that
1545 only a small quantity of explosive material (detonation cord) may have been used in this area and
1546 does not pose a significant risk. Any CWM agents that may have been released in this area

1547 would not be expected to have persisted (other than mustard agent, which crusts over and does
1548 not migrate) and would not have been released in quantities that would pose a significant risk of
1549 environmental contamination.

1550 *6.6 Camp Adair FUDS Summary*

1551 Camp Adair consisted of nearly 57,000 acres of land that were used during World War II to train
1552 infantry troops for battle. A wide range of munitions were used, from small arms to field
1553 artillery, to aerial bombs. The results of this SI indicate that portions of Camp Adair, specifically
1554 the explosive munitions ranges and the live hand grenade courts have a moderate risk for MEC.
1555 Other areas within Camp Adair have a low MEC risk.

1556 Sampling of groundwater indicates that MC impacts to groundwater are minimal and sampling
1557 of soils and sediments indicate that it is unlikely that there is an MC source that could in the
1558 future adversely impact groundwater. Sampling of soil and sediment indicates that some metals
1559 concentrations were above background and ecological screening values. The SI sampling did not
1560 detect any explosives compounds above screening values and no perchlorate was detected in
1561 groundwater.

1562 **7.0 Recommendations**

1563 Results of the SI provide the basis for conclusions and/or recommendations for further actions at
1564 each of the AOCs.

1565 **7.1 Small Arms Range**

1566 Based on historical evidence and results from the SI field activities, there is no evidence of MEC
1567 at any of the five small arms ranges. All of the small arms ranges are recommended for NDAI
1568 for MEC.

1569 Sampling results at Range Complex No. 5 and Range Complex No. 6 show that concentrations
1570 of potential contaminants are below background concentrations. These two ranges are
1571 recommended for NDAI for MC.

1572 The Infiltration Range No. 143 has been incorporated into the Coffin Butte Landfill operations.
1573 The area of Infiltration Range No. 143 has been heavily excavated and the soil has been
1574 disturbed, reworked, or removed. In 1994, a small amount of soil containing white phosphorus
1575 was discovered and was subsequently allowed to burn and the risk has been eliminated. No soil
1576 sampling was conducted during the SI field activities. Based on these findings, the Infiltration
1577 Range No. 143 is recommended for NDAI for MC.

1578 Soil from Range Complex No. 4 had lead concentrations that were above the background soil
1579 concentration and the ecological screening level. The lead concentrations in these samples are
1580 considered significant as Camp Adair meets some of the criteria for designation as an IEP
1581 (Section 2.4.7). A recommendation for RI/FS with respect to MC is made due to elevated lead
1582 concentrations in soil and potential impacts to ecological receptors.

1583 Skeet Range No. 580 had lead concentrations above the background soil concentration and
1584 ecological screening level. Skeet Range No. 580 is currently a county park with baseball fields,
1585 tennis courts, and playgrounds and does not in itself contain any criteria that would identify it as
1586 an IEP. Following discussions with ODEQ, it was agreed that because of the site's current land
1587 use as a park, the Skeet Range No. 580 is recommended for RI/FS with respect to MC.

1588 **7.2 Explosive Munitions Ranges**

1589 Based on historical evidence, MEC and munitions debris have been identified in five of the six
1590 explosive munitions ranges. No MEC or munitions debris has been reported at Range Complex
1591 No. 5. Field activities conducted during the SI did not find any MEC or munitions debris. Based
1592 on historical findings, all explosive munitions ranges are recommended for RI/FS with regard to
1593 MEC.

1594 SI sampling results show that concentrations of metals and explosives in groundwater, sediment,
1595 and soil are low and are below human health screening values. Exceedances of soil background

1596 and ecological screening values were identified for molybdenum in soil at Range Complex
1597 No. 3.

1598 However, molybdenum is not a CERCLA hazardous substance and, in accordance with USACE
1599 direction, a recommendation for RI/FS cannot be made. Therefore, a recommendation of NDAI
1600 for MC is made for all explosive munitions ranges.

1601 **7.3 Live Hand Grenade Courts**

1602 Based on historical evidence, as documented in the ASR, MEC has been reported at the Live
1603 Hand Grenade Court No. 129 and the West Live Hand Grenade Court. No MEC has been
1604 reported at the East Live Hand Grenade Court. However, based on similar historical uses there is
1605 risk of MEC at the East Live Hand Grenade Court. Field activities conducted during the SI did
1606 not identify any MEC or munitions debris. Based on these findings, the three live hand grenade
1607 courts are recommended for RI/FS with respect to MEC.

1608 SI sampling results show that concentrations of metals in sediment and soil are low and below
1609 both human health and ecological screening values. There were no detections of explosives in
1610 sediment or soil. Based on these findings, the three live hand grenade courts are recommended
1611 for NDAI with respect to MC.

1612 **7.4 Practice Hand Grenade Courts**

1613 Based on historical evidence and results from the SI field activities, training grenades have been
1614 found at Practice Grenade Courts Nos. 125, 126, and 127. These training grenades may contain
1615 a small black powder spotting charge. The risk of injury from these training grenades is
1616 considered low. Based on the potential presence of MEC, the practice grenade courts are
1617 recommended for RI/FS with respect to MEC.

1618 No sampling was conducted at the practice grenade courts. However, potential contaminants are
1619 limited to a few common metals (iron, and small quantities of manganese and nickel). The
1620 spotting charges were comprised of black powder, which does not contain CERCLA hazardous
1621 substances. The practice grenade courts are recommended for NDAI with respect to MC.

1622 **7.5 Chemical Identification Area No. 182**

1623 Based on historical documentation, there is no evidence of MEC at the Chemical Identification
1624 Area No. 182. The area is currently tilled farm land. No sampling was completed at this range.
1625 Based on the possibility of buried MEC and MC, the Chemical Identification Area No. 182 is
1626 therefore recommended for RI/FS with respect to MEC and MC.

1627 **7.6 Removal Actions**

1628 Section 1.3 identified as one of the decision rules evaluation of whether a removal action is
1629 warranted. A removal action would be warranted if a high MEC hazard or an elevated MC risk
1630 were identified. There is no indication that a high MEC risk is present at Camp Adair. No MEC

1631 was identified during the SI field activities and no reports of MEC have been made since 2001
1632 (USACE, 2001). In addition, reports of MEC have progressively declined since the 1950s.

1633 Based on SI sampling results, no elevated MC risk has been identified. Only limited
1634 exceedances of human health or ecological screening criteria were noted. Based on the above
1635 discussion, a removal action at Camp Adair is not warranted.

1636 **7.7 Munitions Response Sites**

1637 Results of the SI field activities and the range inventory contained in the MMRP Inventory in the
1638 *Defense Environmental Programs Annual Report to Congress Fiscal Year 2006* (DoD, 2006)
1639 provide the basis for identifying munitions response areas (MRAs) and/or munitions response
1640 sites (MRSs) and for scoring each MRS using the MRSPP. Individual range identifier numbers
1641 are listed on Table 1-1.

1642 Based on the use and physical distribution of the ranges at Camp Adair, 21 MRSs are identified
1643 Figures 7-1a and 7-1b:

- 1644 • MRS No. 1: Consists of Range Complex No. 1.
- 1645 • MRS No. 2: Consists of Range Complex No. 2.
- 1646 • MRS No. 3: Consists of Bombing Target No. 1.
- 1647 • MRS No. 4: Consists of Range Complex No. 3.
- 1648 • MRS No. 5: Consists of the East Live Hand Grenade Court.
- 1649 • MRS No. 6: Consists of Live Hand Grenade Court No. 129.
- 1650 • MRS No. 7: Consists of the West Live Hand Grenade Court.
- 1651 • MRS No. 8: Consists of Moving Target Range No. 75.
- 1652 • MRS No. 9: Consists of Range Complex No. 4.
- 1653 • MRS No. 10: Consists of the Mortar Range.
- 1654 • MRS No. 11: Consists of Range Complex No. 5.
- 1655 • MRS No. 12: Consists of Range Complex No. 6.
- 1656 • MRS No. 13: Consists of Infiltration Range No. 143.
- 1657 • MRS No. 14: Consists of Skeet Range No. 580.
- 1658 • MRS No. 15: Consists of Practice Grenade Court No. 120.
- 1659 • MRS No. 16: Consists of Practice Grenade Court No. 121.
- 1660 • MRS No. 17: Consists of Practice Grenade Court No. 122.
- 1661 • MRS No. 18: Consists of Practice Grenade Courts No. 125.
- 1662 • MRS No. 19: Consists of Practice Grenade Courts No. 126.
- 1663 • MRS No. 20: Consists of Practice Grenade Courts No. 127.
- 1664 • MRS No. 21: Consists of Chemical Identification Area No. 182.

1665 The MRSPP scoring packages for the MRSs are included in Appendix K.

1666 **8.0 References**

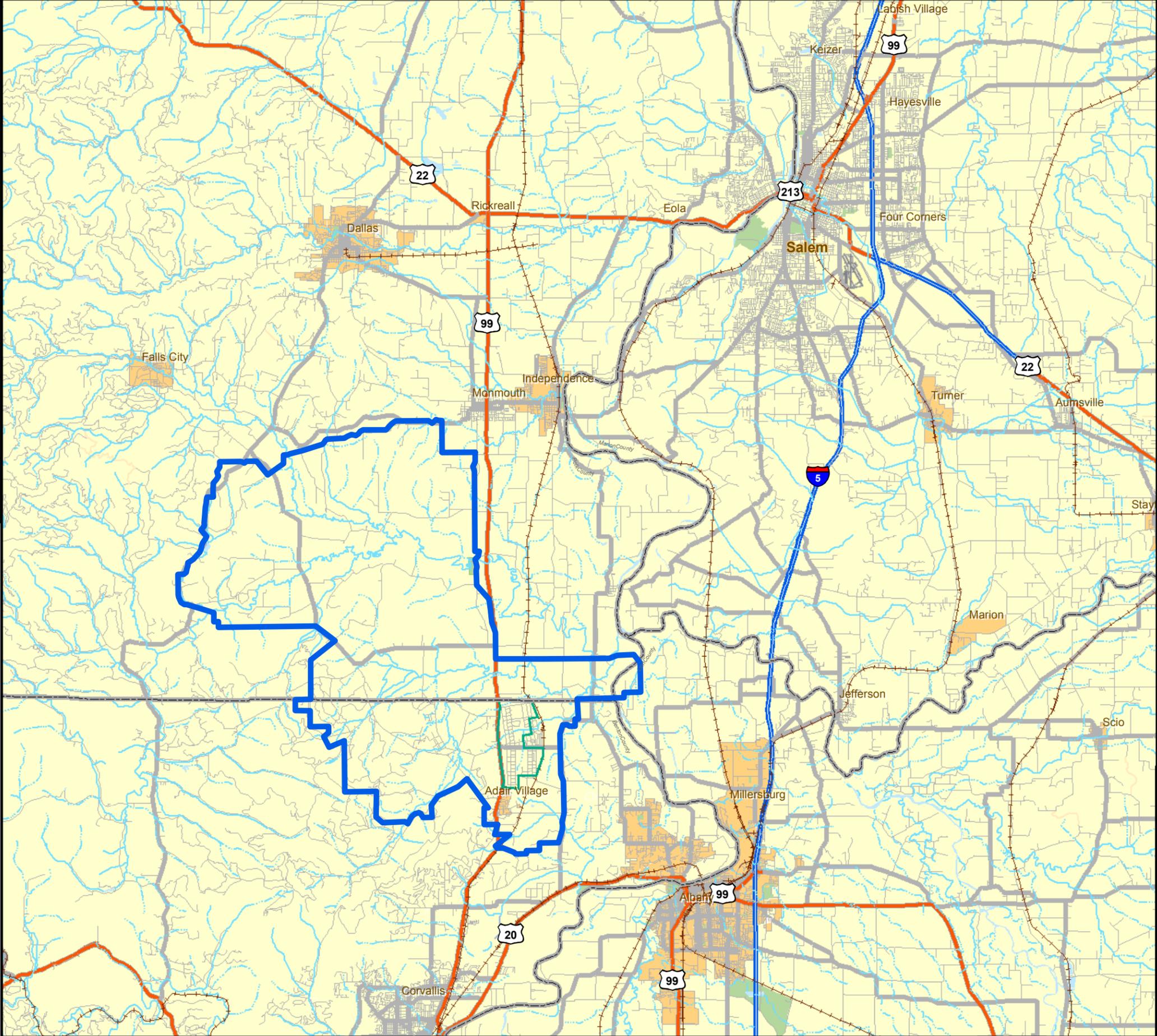
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1677 [bin/waisgate.cgi?WAISdocID=209840153119+0+0+0&WAISaction=retrieve](http://frwebgate5.access.gpo.gov/cgi-bin/waisgate.cgi?WAISdocID=209840153119+0+0+0&WAISaction=retrieve).
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Figures

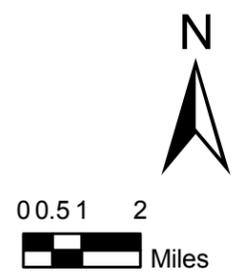
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DRAWING NUMBER
DRAWN BY K. Masterson 11/08/06
OFFICE mnrvl



Legend

 Camp Adair Installation Area

NOTES:
 1) Installation area was derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.



REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N



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 OMAHA DESIGN CENTER

FIGURE 1-1
SITE LOCATION
 CAMP ADAIR

123°24'0"W

123°18'0"W

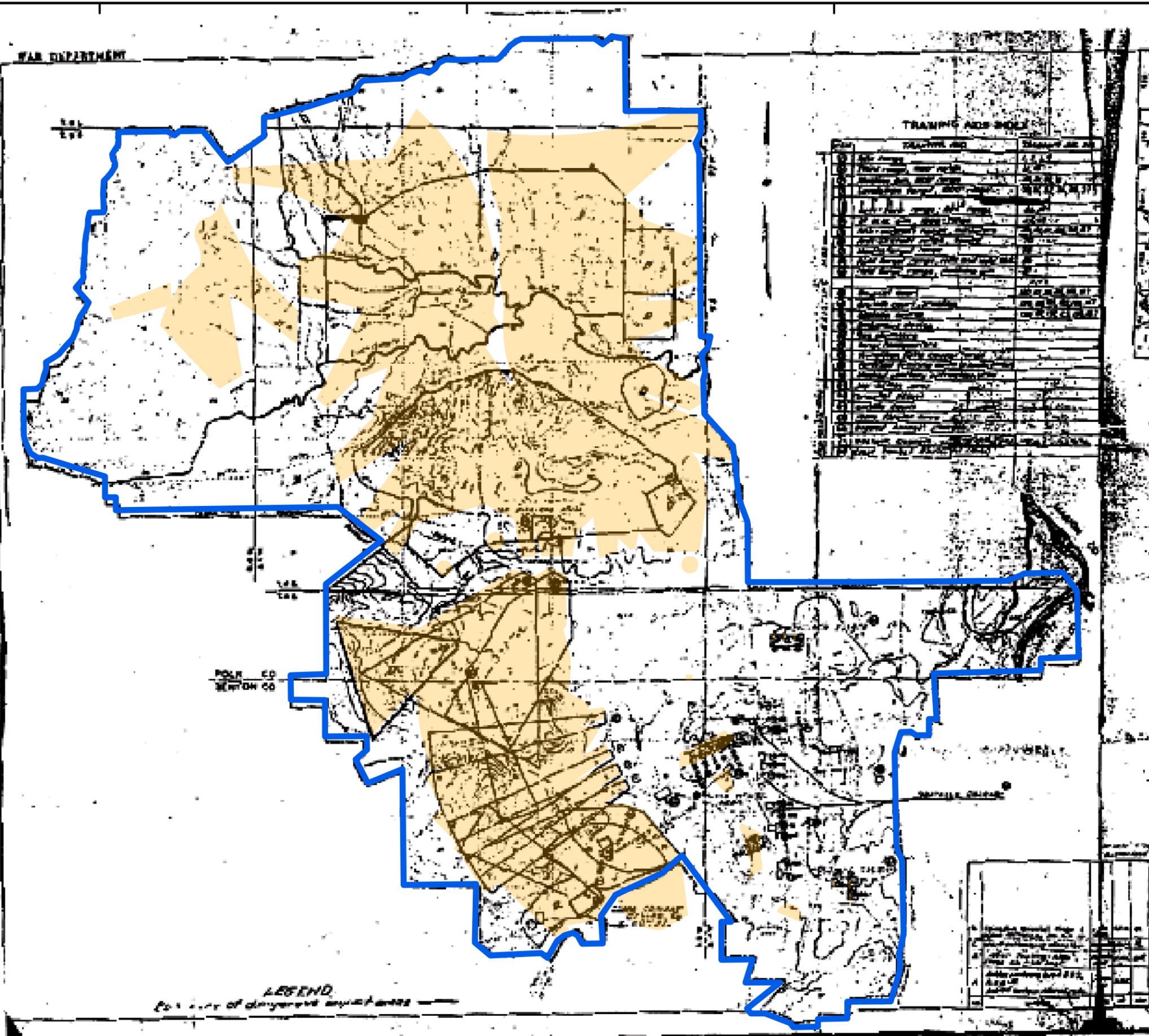
123°12'0"W

OFFICE
mnrvl

DRAWN BY
K. Masterson

DRAWING NUMBER
11/09/06

CampAdair_072_fig2_1
orig_site_layout_S1

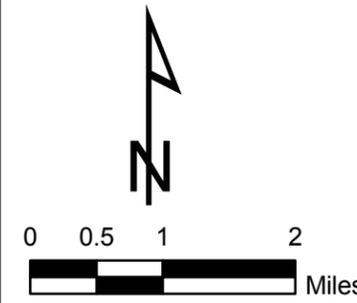


Legend

-  Camp Adair Installation Area
-  Camp Adair AOCs

NOTES:
 1) Historical site layout was obtained from the Camp Adair ASR Document and depicts the general layout in 1945.

44°48'0"N



REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N



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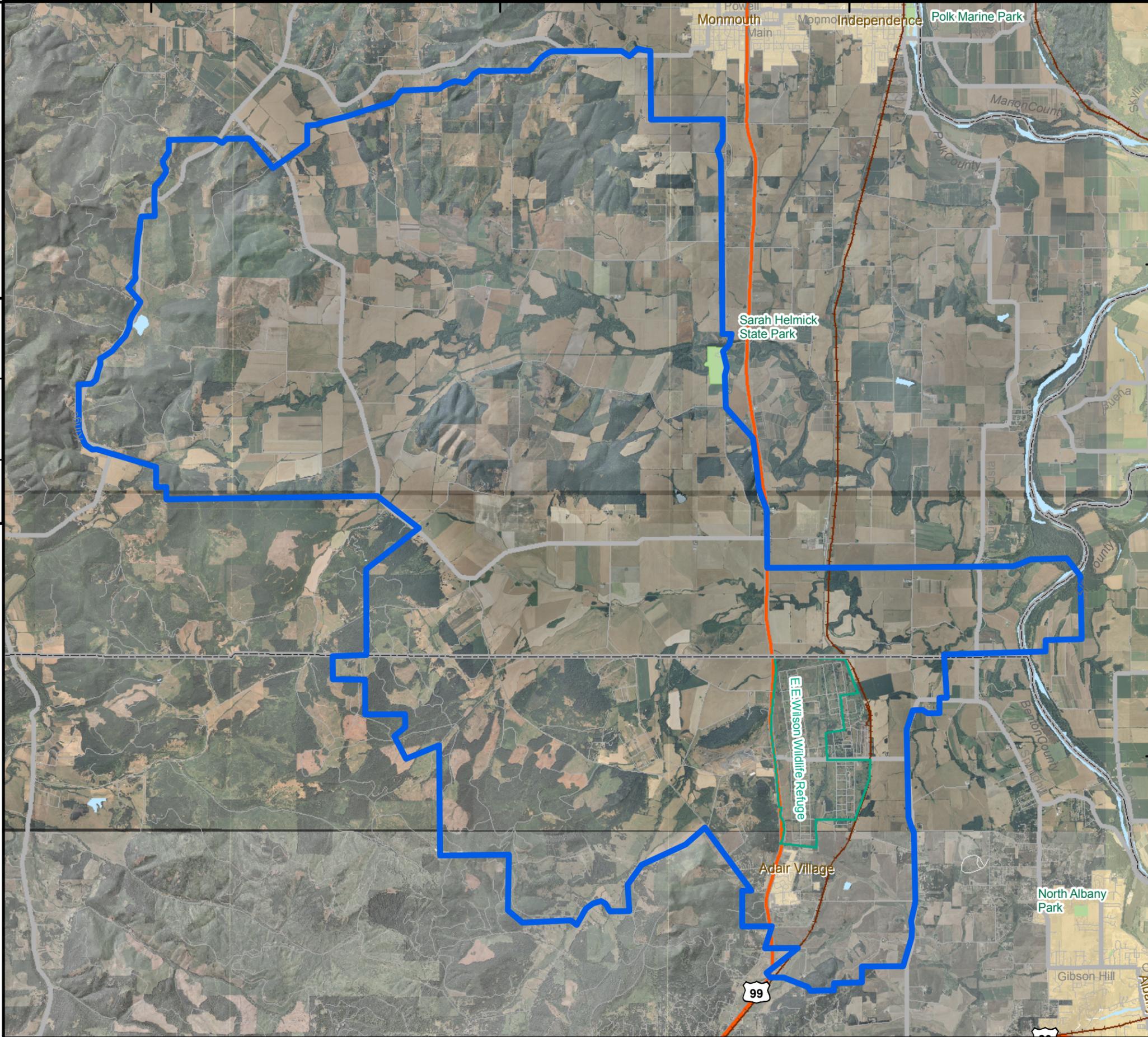
FIGURE 2-1
ORIGINAL SITE LAYOUT
CAMP ADAIR

123°24'0"W

123°18'0"W

123°12'0"W

OFFICE	DRAWN BY	DRAWING NUMBER	CampAdair_074_fig_2_2_
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mnrvl	K. Masterson	01/04/07	

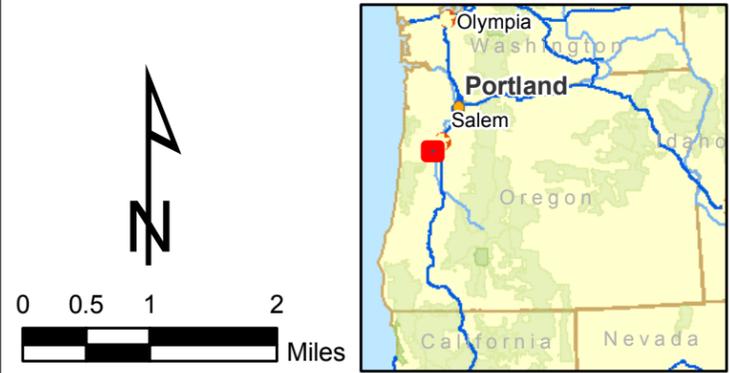


Legend

 Camp Adair Installation Area

NOTES:
 1) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.

44°48'0"N



REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

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FIGURE 2-2
CURRENT SITE CONDITIONS
AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH
 CAMP ADAIR



OFFICE
 mnrvl
DRAWN BY
 K. Masterson
 01/04/07
DRAWING NUMBER
 CampAdair_075_fig2_3a_IR143_parcel_SI

Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- Infiltration Range No. 143 AOC Boundary
- Range Complex No. 5 AOC Boundary
- Taxlot Parcel

Notes:

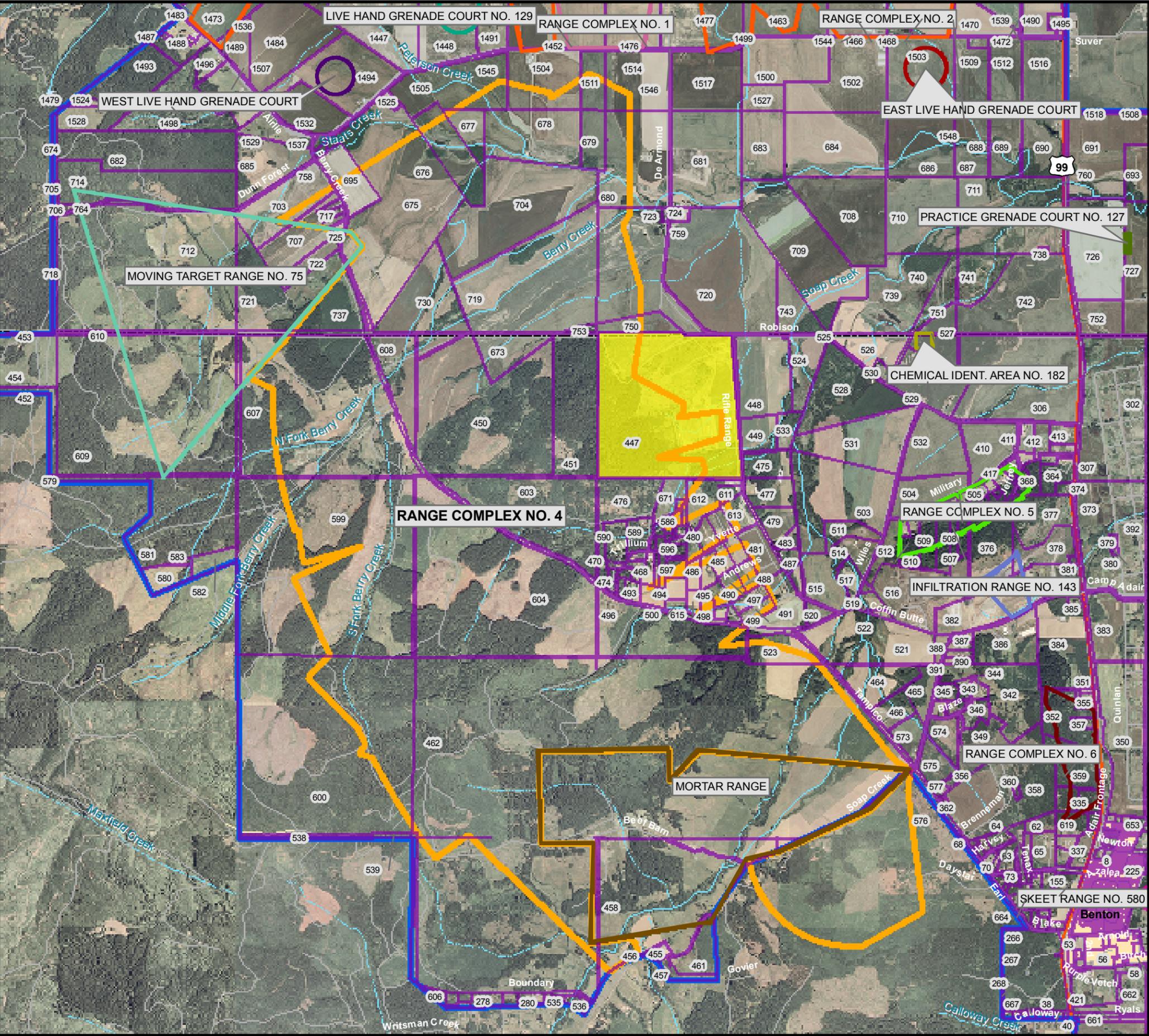
- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.

REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

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FIGURE 2-3A
PARCEL OWNERSHIP
SMALL ARMS RANGES
INFILTRATION RANGE NO. 143
 CAMP ADAIR

Camp Adair_076_fig_2_3b
DRAWING NUMBER rc4_parcel_SI
DRAWN BY K.Masterson 01/04/07
OFFICE mnrvl

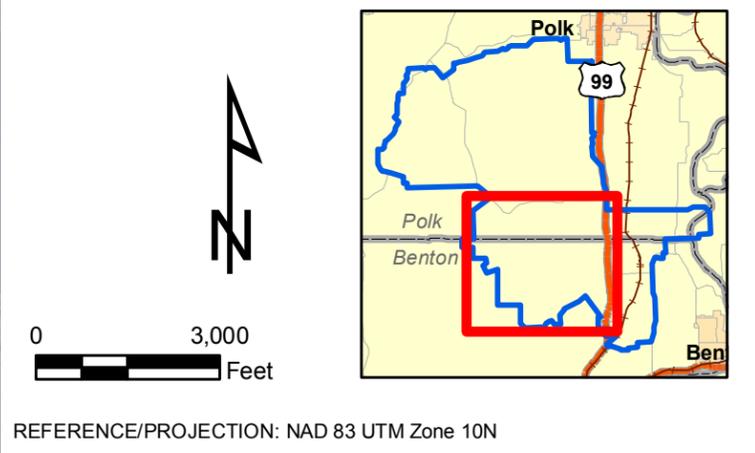


Legend

	Camp Adair FUDS Boundary		Practice Grenade Court No. 127 AOC Boundary
	Range Complex No. 4 AOC Boundary		Range Complex No. 1 AOC Boundary
	Chemical Ident. Area No. 182 AOC Boundary		Range Complex No. 2 AOC Boundary
	East Live Hand Grenade Court AOC Boundary		Range Complex No. 5 AOC Boundary
	Infiltration Range No. 143 AOC Boundary		Range Complex No. 6 AOC Boundary
	Live Hand Grenade Court. 129 AOC Boundary		Skeet Range No. 580 AOC Boundary
	Mortar Range AOC Boundary		West Live Hand Grenade Court AOC Boundary
	Moving Target Range No. 75 AOC Boundary		National Guard Facility
			Parcel

Notes:

- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.



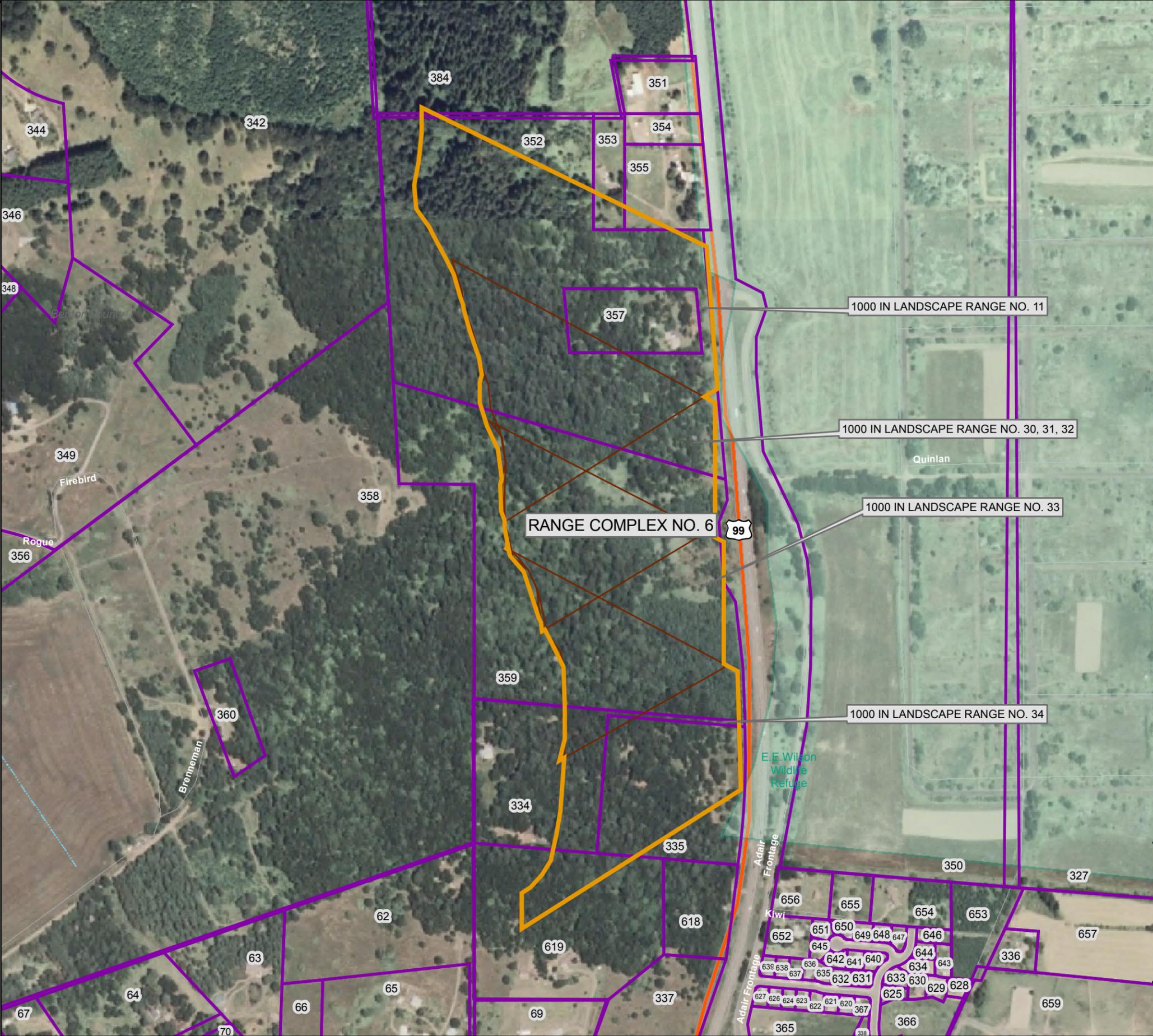

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FIGURE 2-3B
PARCEL OWNERSHIP
SMALL ARMS RANGES
RANGE COMPLEX NO. 4
CAMP ADAIR

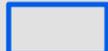
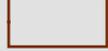


Shaw Environmental, Inc.

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 DATE: 01/04/07
 OFFICE: MNRVL

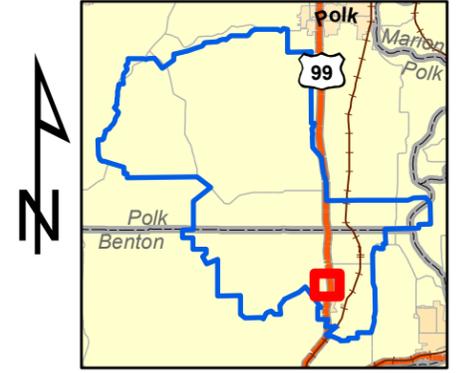


Legend

-  Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
-  Range Complex No. 6
-  Subrange Boundary
-  Taxlot Parcel
-  E.E Wilson Wildlife Refuge

NOTES:

- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.



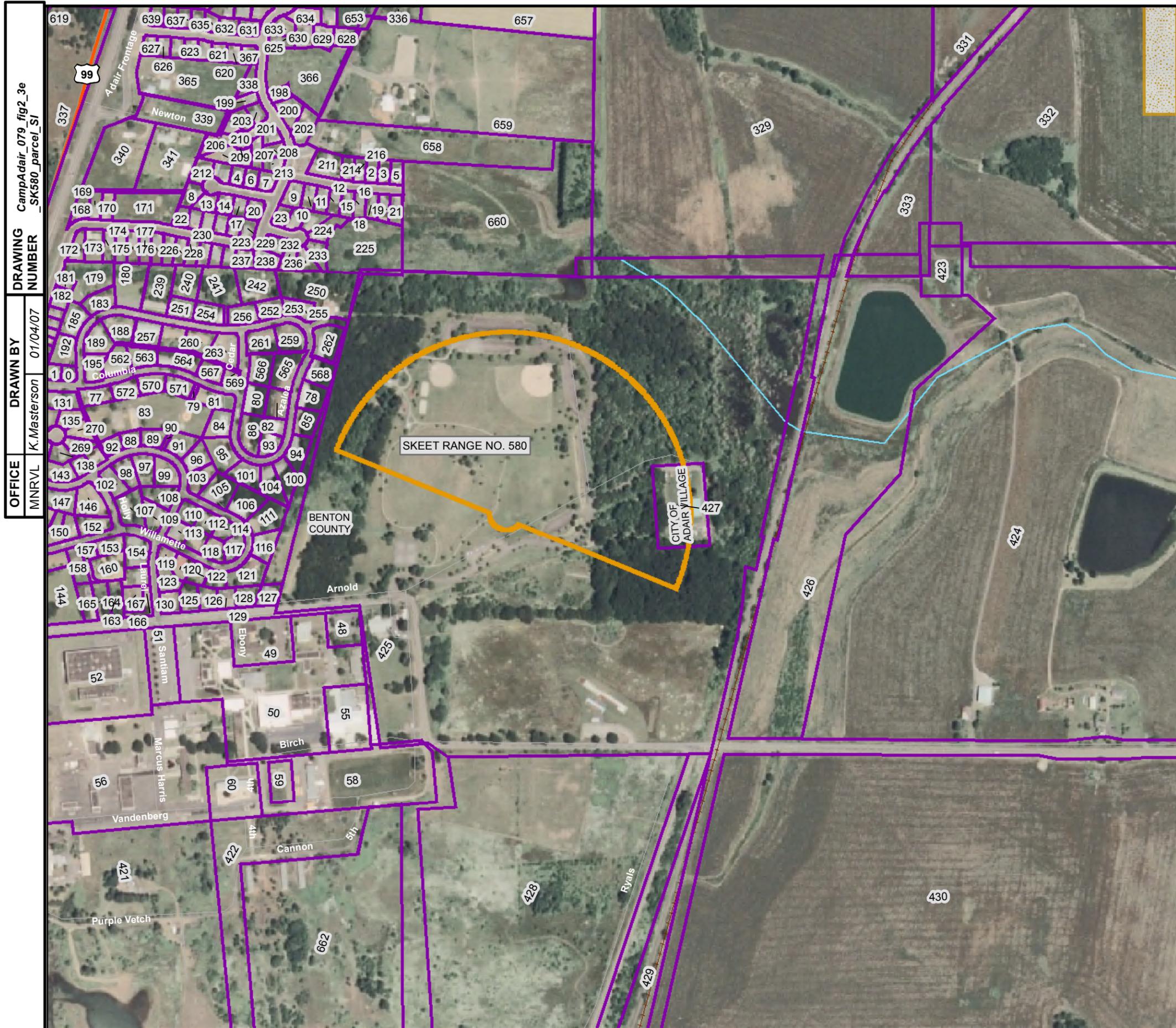
REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N



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FIGURE 2-3D
PARCEL OWNERSHIP
SMALL ARMS RANGES
RANGE COMPLEX NO. 6
 CAMP ADAIR





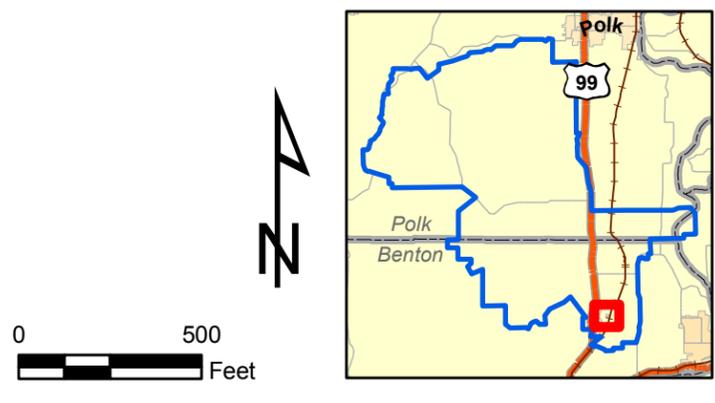
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DRAWN BY K. Masterson
DRAWING NUMBER 01/04/07
DRAWING NUMBER CampAdair_079_fig2_3e_SK580_parcel_SI

Legend

-  Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
-  Skeet Range No. 580 AOC Boundary
-  Taxlot Parcel

NOTES:

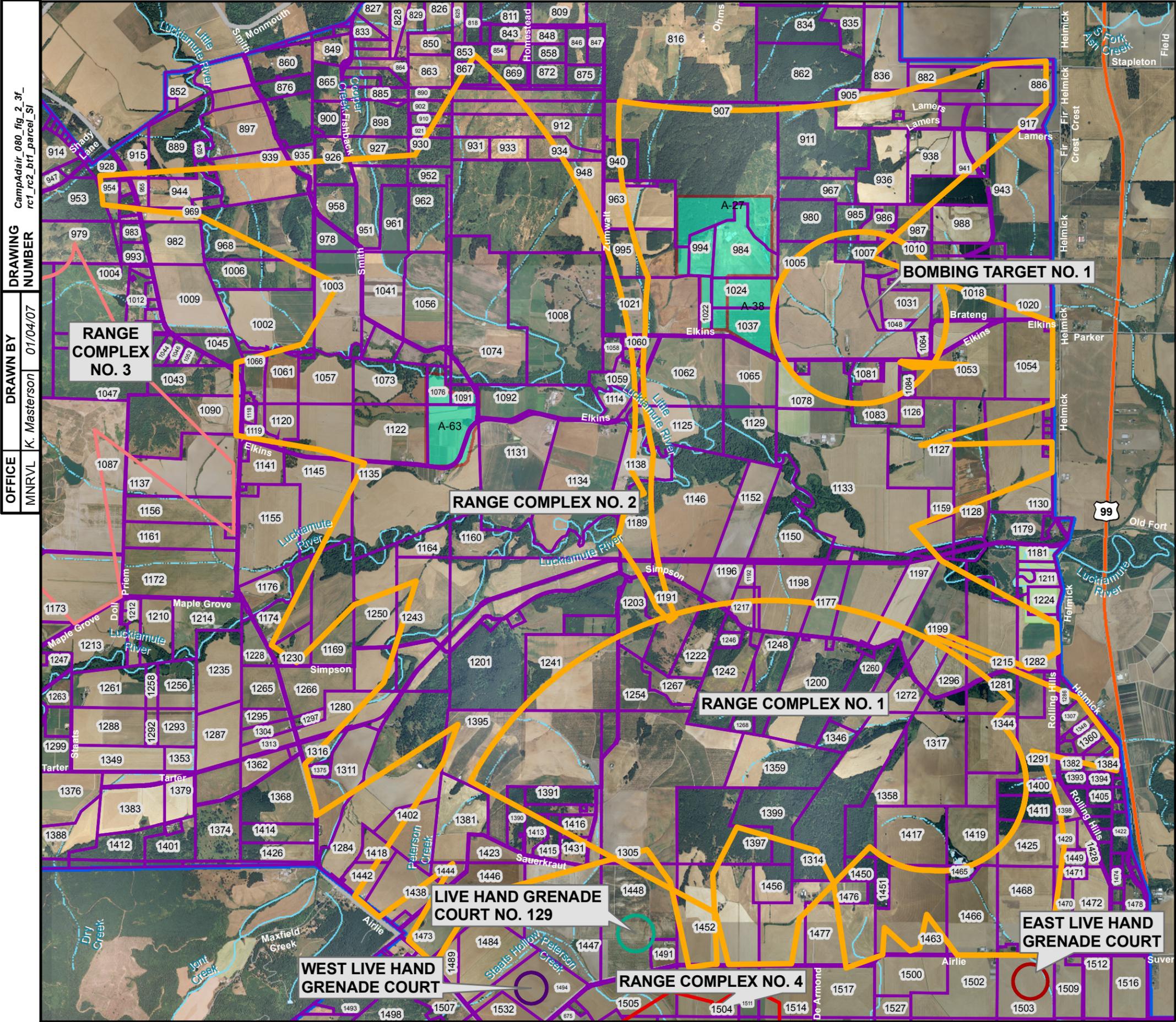
- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.



REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N


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FIGURE 2-3E
PARCEL OWNERSHIP
SMALL ARMS RANGES
SKEET RANGE NO. 580
 CAMP ADAIR



Camp Adair_080_fig_2_3f_
rc1_rc2_btf_parcel_sl_

DRAWING NUMBER
01/04/07

DRAWN BY
K. Masterson

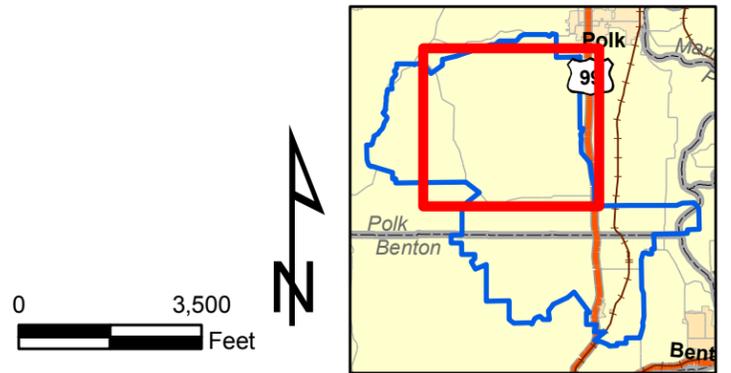
OFFICE
MNRVL

Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- Range Complex No. 1 and No. 2 and Bombing Target No. 1
- East Live Hand Grenade Court AOC Boundary
- Live Hand Grenade Court. 129 AOC Boundary
- Range Complex No. 3 AOC Boundary
- Range Complex No. 4 AOC Boundary
- West Live Hand Grenade Court AOC Boundary
- Impact Areas
- Taxlot Parcel

NOTES:

- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.

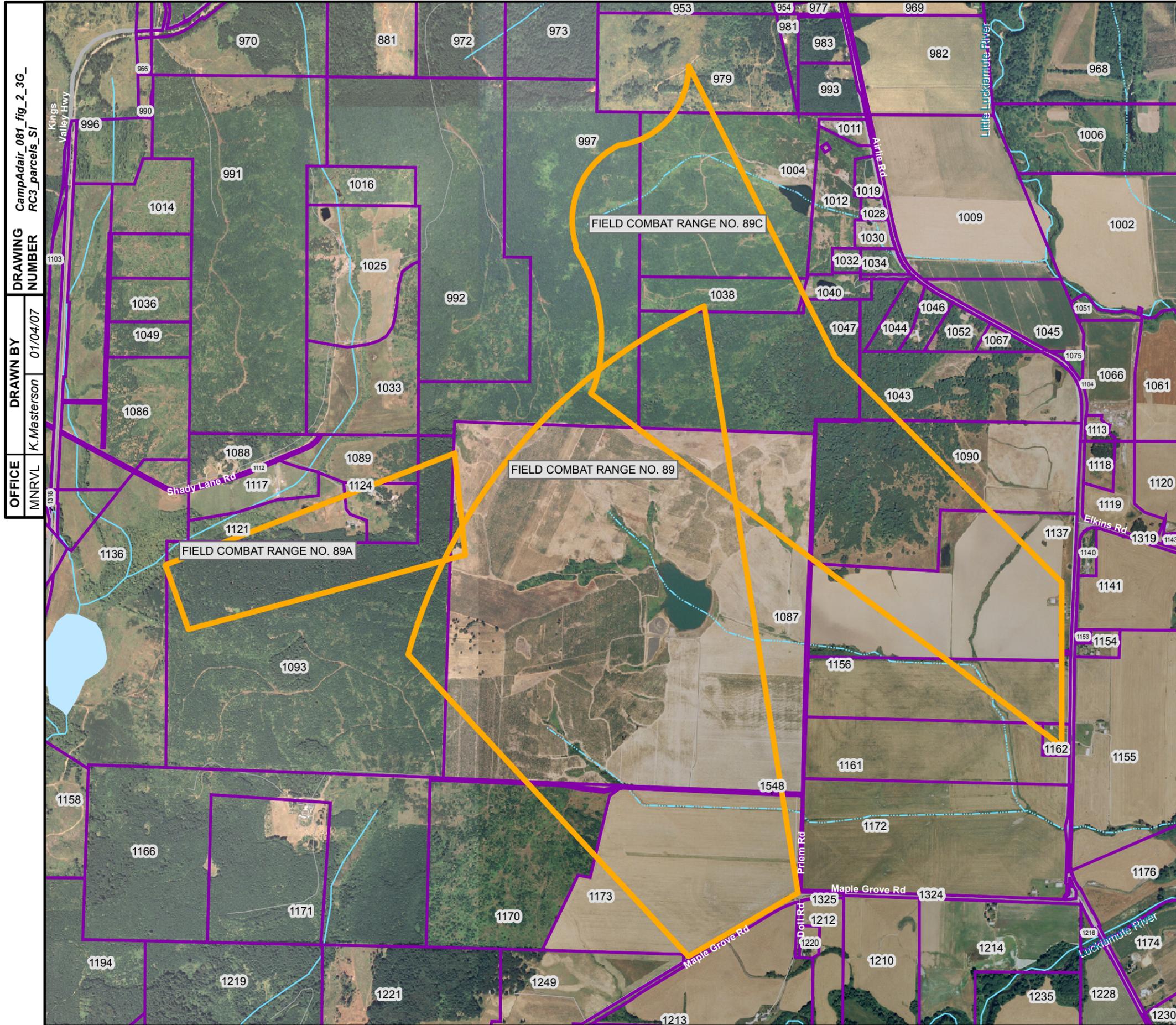


REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

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FIGURE 2-3F
PARCEL OWNERSHIP
EXPLOSIVE MUNITIONS RANGES
RANGE COMPLEXES NO. 1 and NO. 2
AND BOMBING TARGET NO. 1
CAMP ADAIR

Shaw Environmental, Inc.



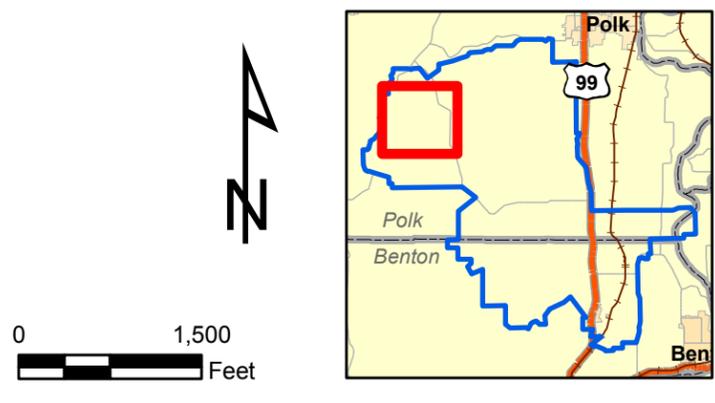
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DRAWN BY K.Masterson
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Legend

-  Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
-  Range Complex No. 3 AOC Boundary
-  Taxlot Parcel

NOTES:

- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.

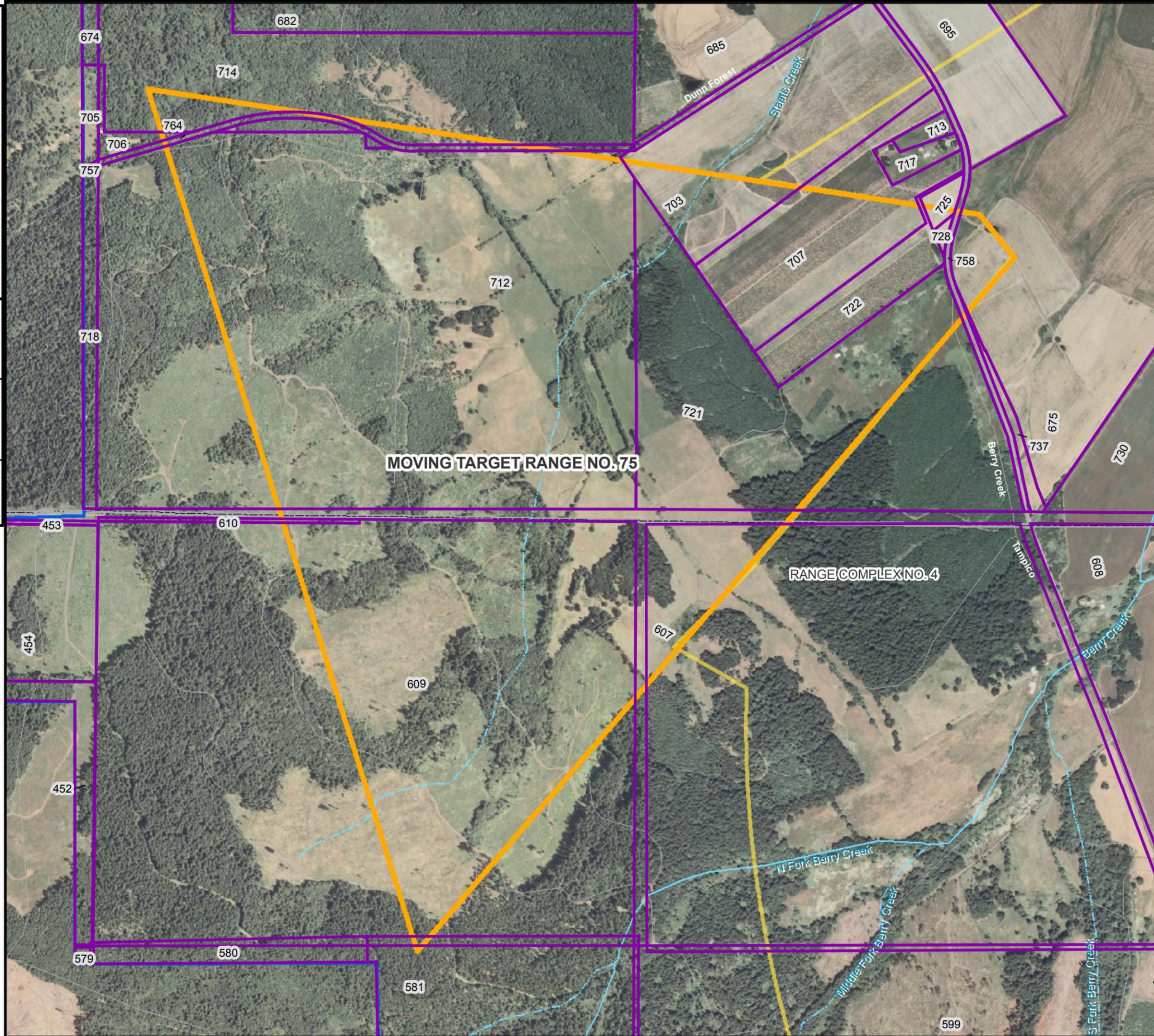


REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

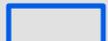
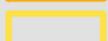

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FIGURE 2-3G
PARCEL OWNERSHIP
EXPLOSIVE MUNITIONS RANGES
RANGE COMPLEX NO. 3
 CAMP ADAIR

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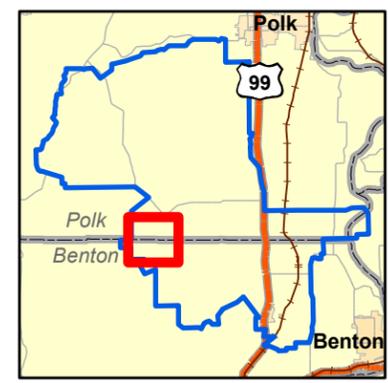


Legend

-  Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
-  Moving Target Range No. 75 AOC Boundary
-  Range Complex No. 4 AOC Boundary
-  Taxlot Parcel

NOTES:

- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.



REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N



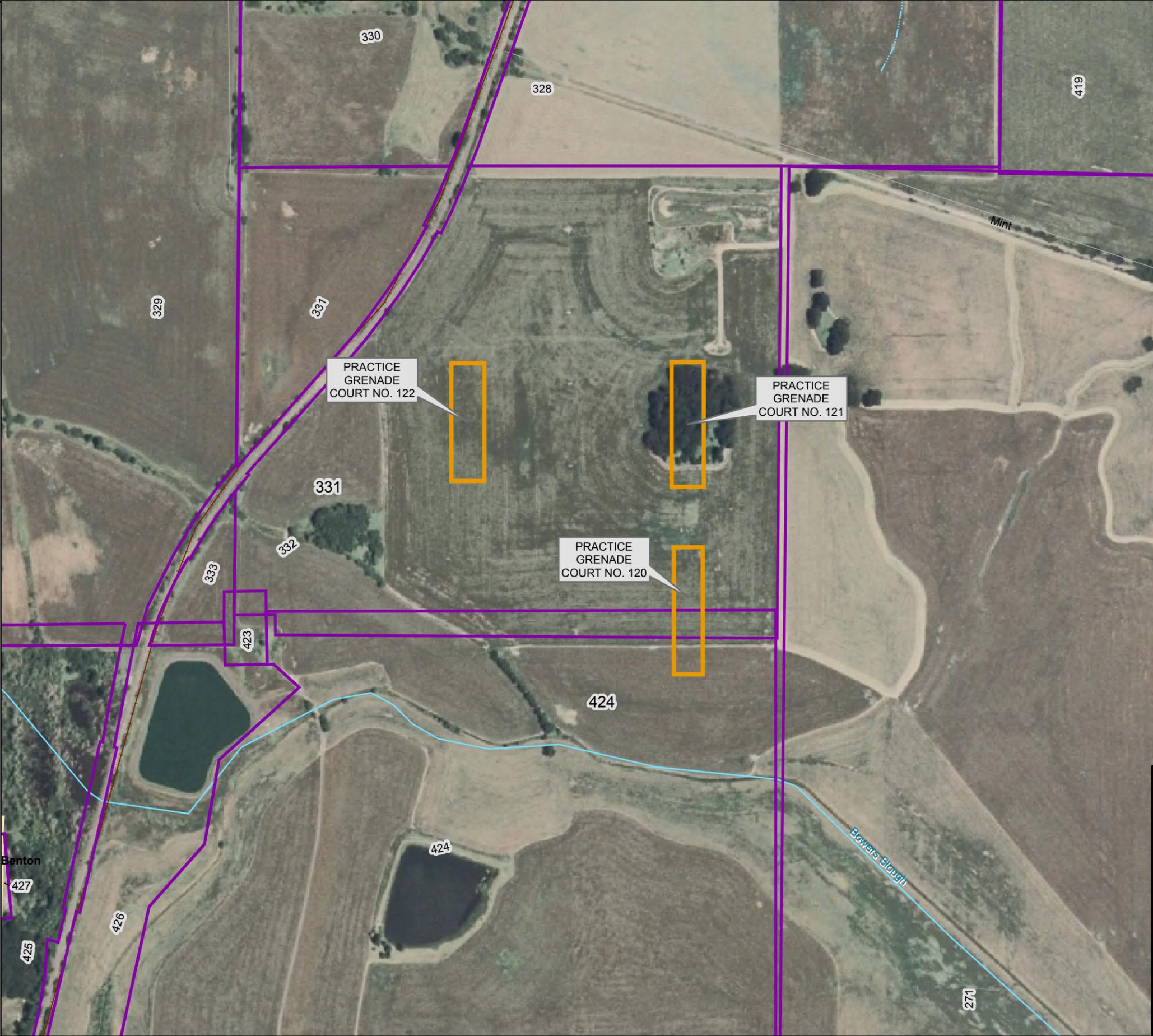
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
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FIGURE 2-31
PARCEL OWNERSHIP
EXPLOSIVE MUNITIONS RANGES
MOVING TARGET RANGE NO. 75

CAMP ADAIR



OFFICE
 MNRVL
DRAWN BY
 K. Masterson
 01/04/07
DRAWING NUMBER
 CampAdair_084_fig_2_3j_
 pg120_122_parcel_SI_



Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- Practice Grenade Courts Nos. 120, 121 AND 122
- Taxlot Parcel

NOTES:

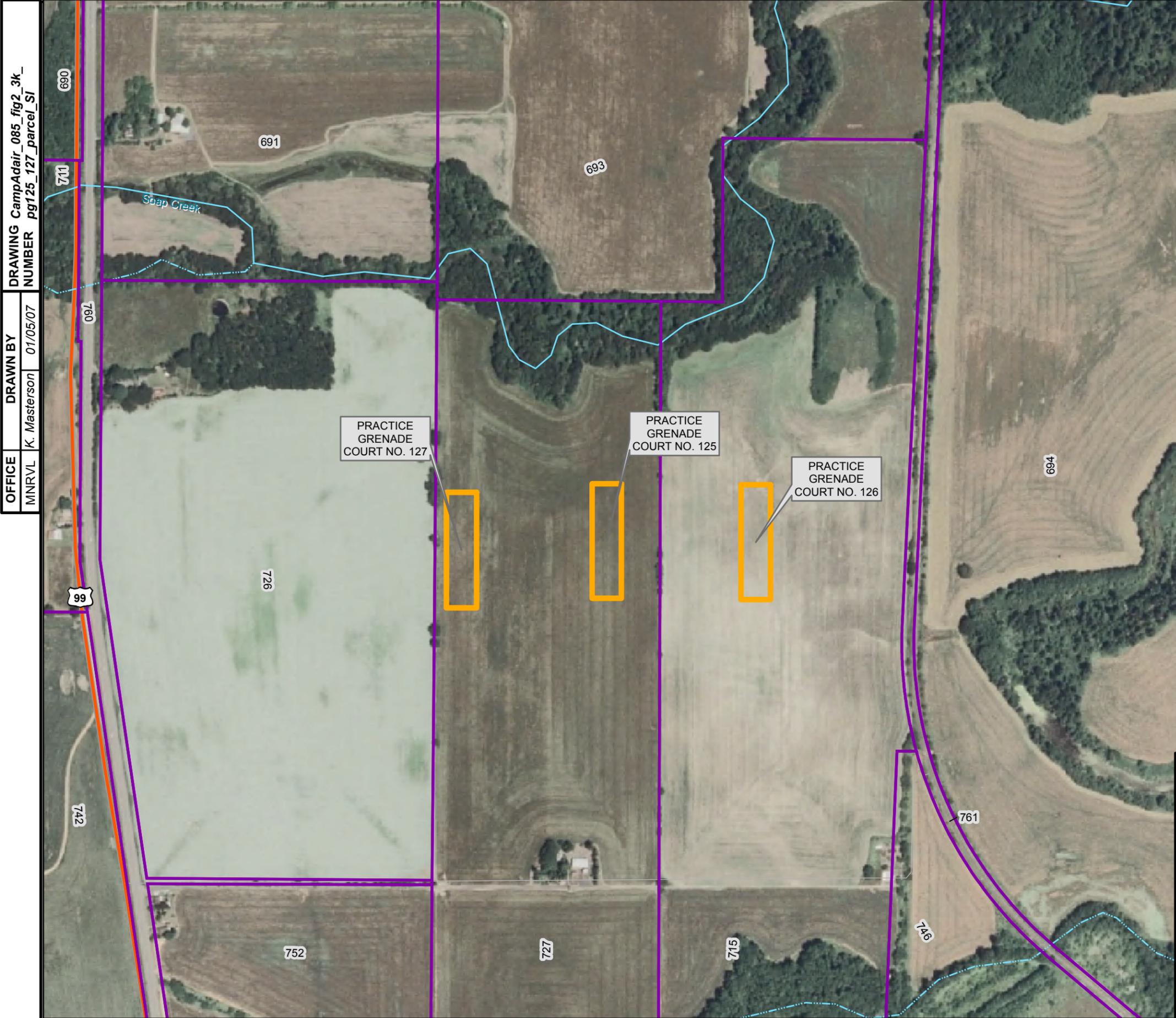
- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.

REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

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FIGURE 2-3J
PARCEL OWNERSHIP
PRACTICE GRENADE COURTS
NOS. 120, 121 AND 122
 CAMP ADAIR

Shaw Environmental, Inc.



OFFICE MNRVL
DRAWN BY K. Masterson
DRAWING NUMBER CampAdair_085_fig2_3k_pg125_127_parcel_SI
DATE 01/05/07

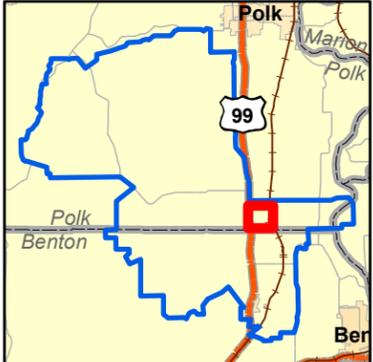
Legend

-  Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
-  Practice Grenade Courts Nos. 125, 126, and 127
-  AOC Boundaries
-  Taxlot Parcel

NOTES:

- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.

0 500 Feet

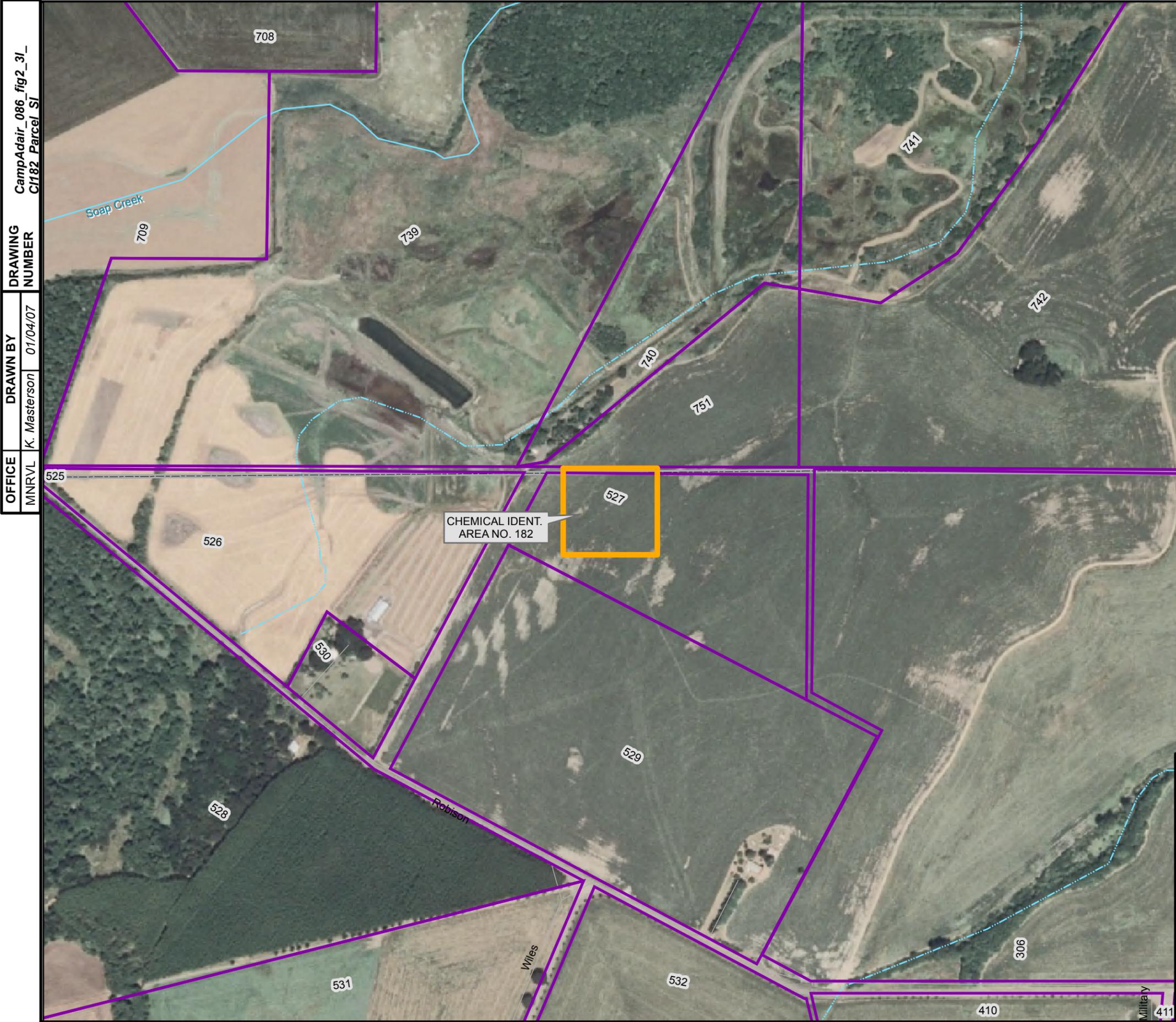



REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N


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FIGURE 2-3K
PARCEL OWNERSHIP
PRACTICE GRENADE COURTS
NOs. 125, 126, AND 127
 CAMP ADAIR


Shaw Shaw Environmental, Inc.



Legend

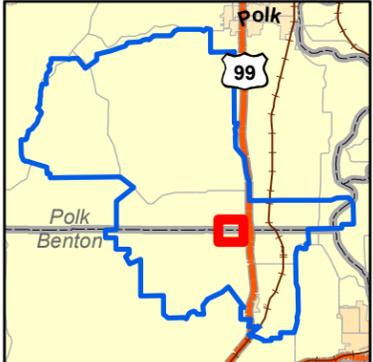
-  Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
-  Chemical Ident. Area No 182 AOC Boundary
-  Taxlot Parcel

NOTES:

- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.







REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

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FIGURE 2-3L
PARCEL OWNERSHIP
CHEMICAL IDENT. AREA NO. 182

CAMP ADAIR

 Shaw Environmental, Inc.

123°24'0"W

123°18'0"W

123°12'0"W

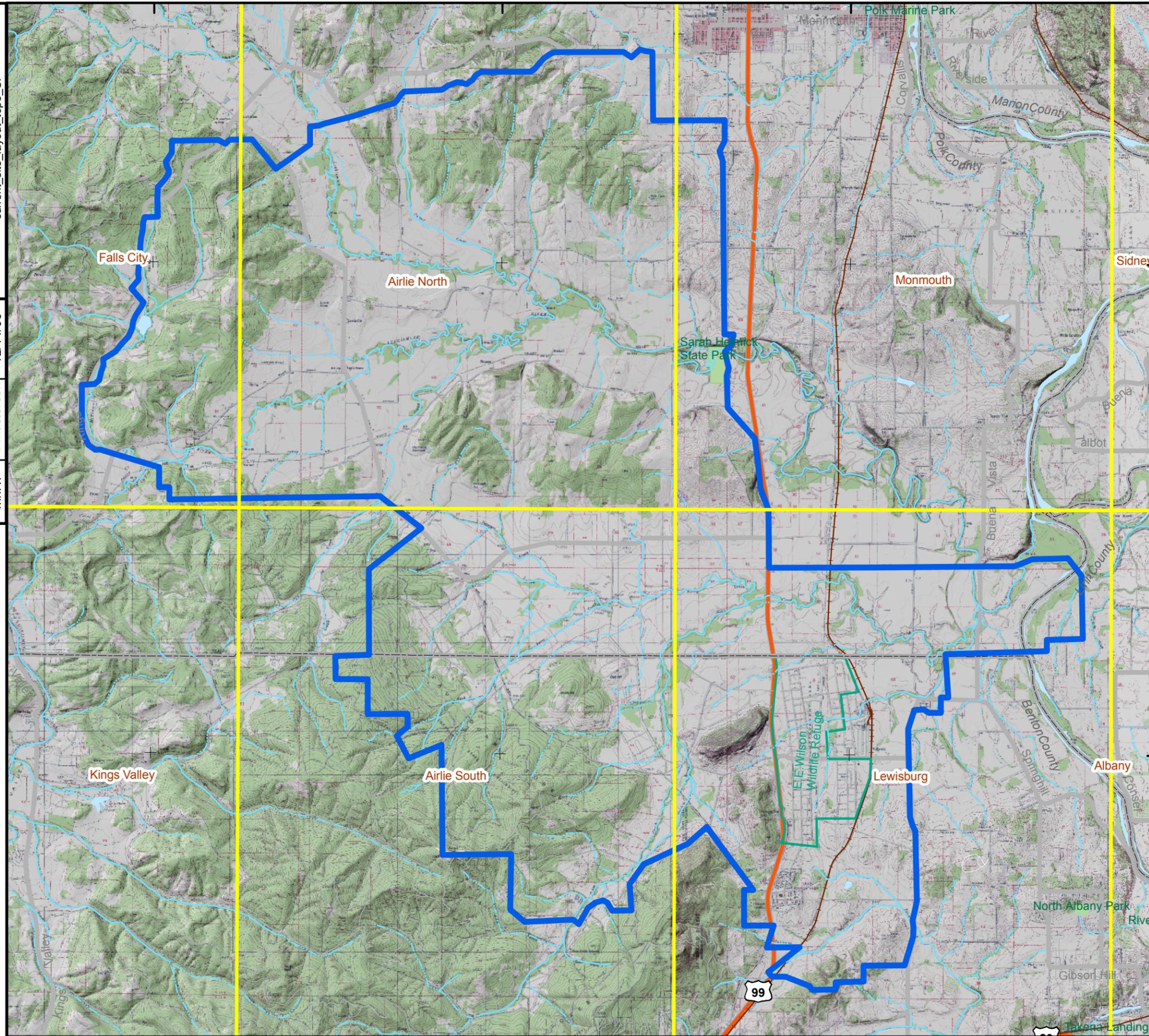
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DRAWING
NUMBER

DRAWN BY
K. Masterson

OFFICE
mnr/vl

12/14/06



Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- USGS Quad Sheet

- NOTES:
- 1) Installation area was derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
 - 2) USGS Quads: Albany, Arlie South, Arlie North, Falls City, Kings Valley, Lewisburg, Monmouth, Sidney
 - 3) USGS topographic map (2 meter resolution) was obtained from Terraserver and is dated July 01, 1991.

44°48'0"N



42'0"N

REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N



U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
OMAHA DESIGN CENTER

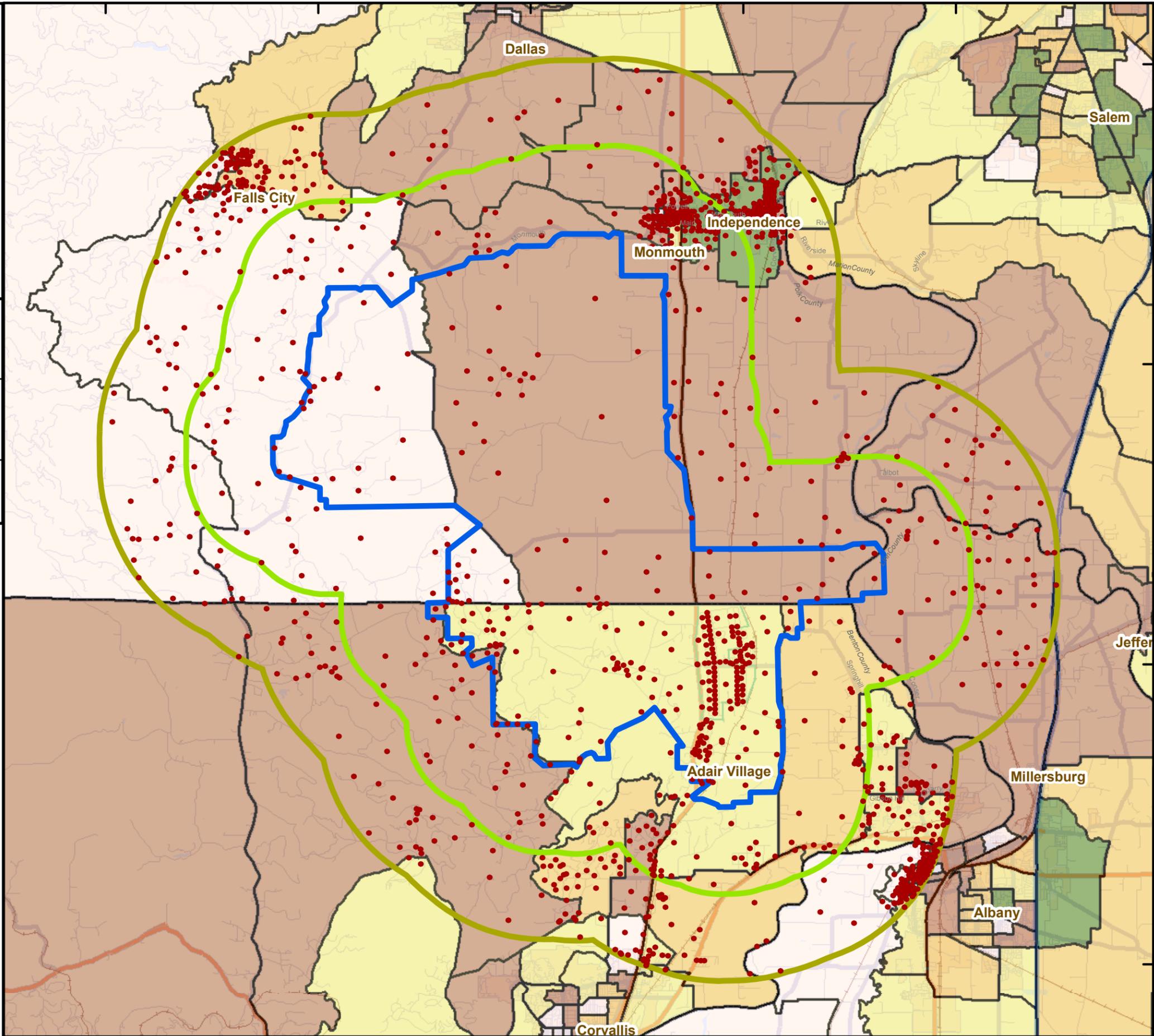
FIGURE 2-4
CURRENT TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

CAMP ADAIR

123°30'0"W 123°24'0"W 123°18'0"W 123°12'0"W 123°6'0"W

44°54'0"N
44°48'0"N
44°42'0"N

OFFICE: mnrvl
DRAWN BY: K. Masterson
DRAWING NUMBER: 03/17/06
CampAdair_088_fig2_5_census_4mi_SI



Legend

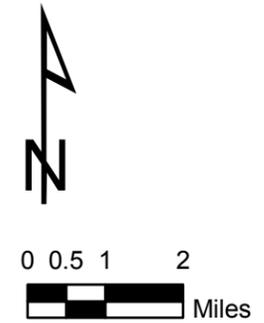
- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- 2-Mile Buffer Around FUDS Property
- 4-Mile Buffer Around FUDS Property

2004 Block Group Population

- 395 - 887
- 888 - 1259
- 1260 - 1676
- 1677 - 2284
- 2285 - 4414

- NOTES:**
- 1) Total population within 2-mile radius of the FUDS property boundary is 36226.
 - 2) The Total Housing Units within a 2-mile radius of the FUDS boundary is 13755.
 - 3) The Total Households within a 2-mile radius of the FUDS boundary is 13022.

Total population, housing units, and households were calculated from the US Census Block Centroid Unit.



REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N



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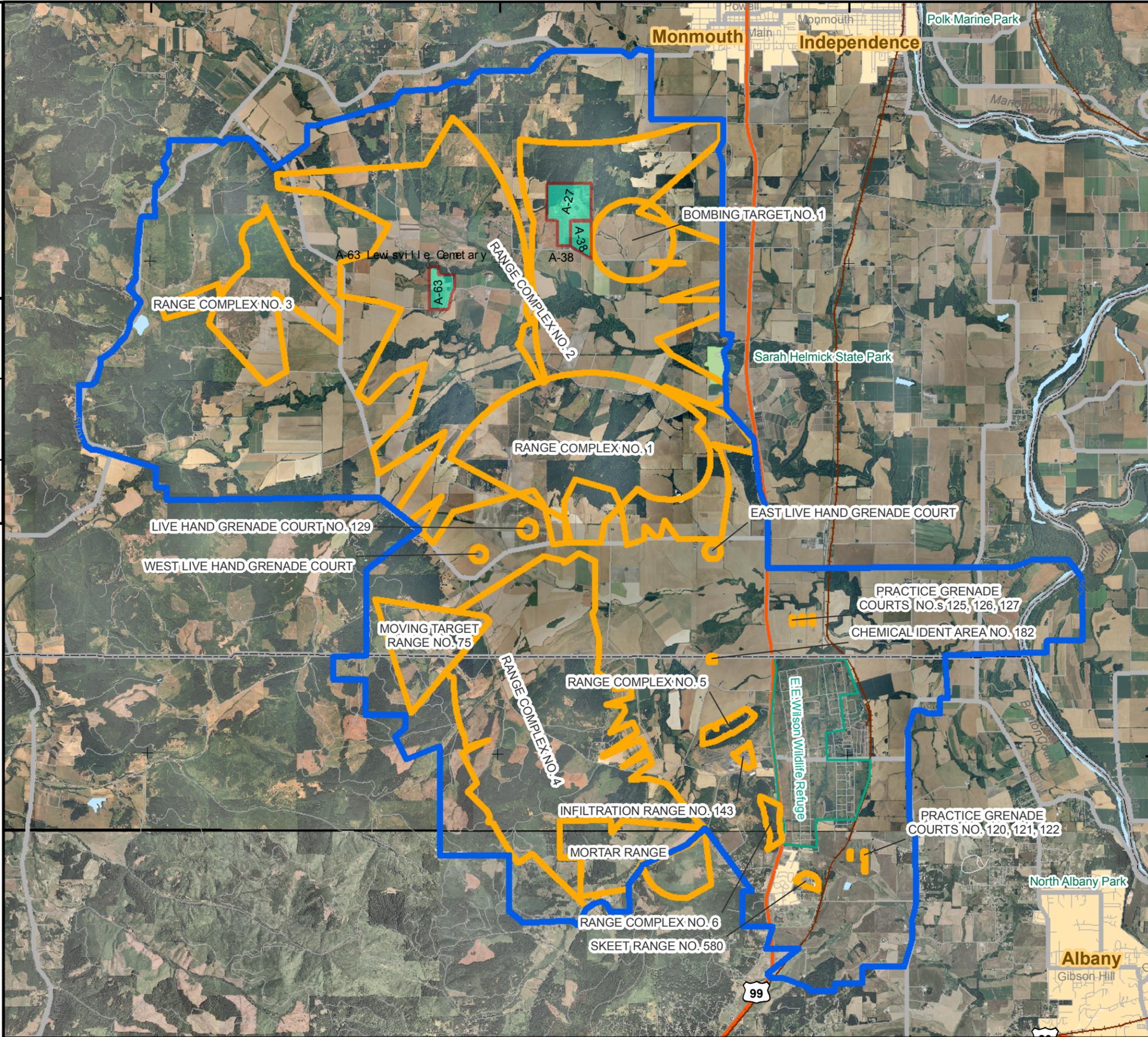
FIGURE 2-5
CENSUS DATA WITHIN
2- AND 4-MILE RADII
CAMP ADAIR

123°24'0"W

123°18'0"W

123°12'0"W

OFFICE	DRAWN BY	DRAWING NUMBER	CampAdair_039_fig3_1_AOC_SI
			mnrvl
			12/05/06
			K. Masterson



Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- Camp Adair AOCs
- Impact Areas

NOTES:

- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.

44°48'0"N



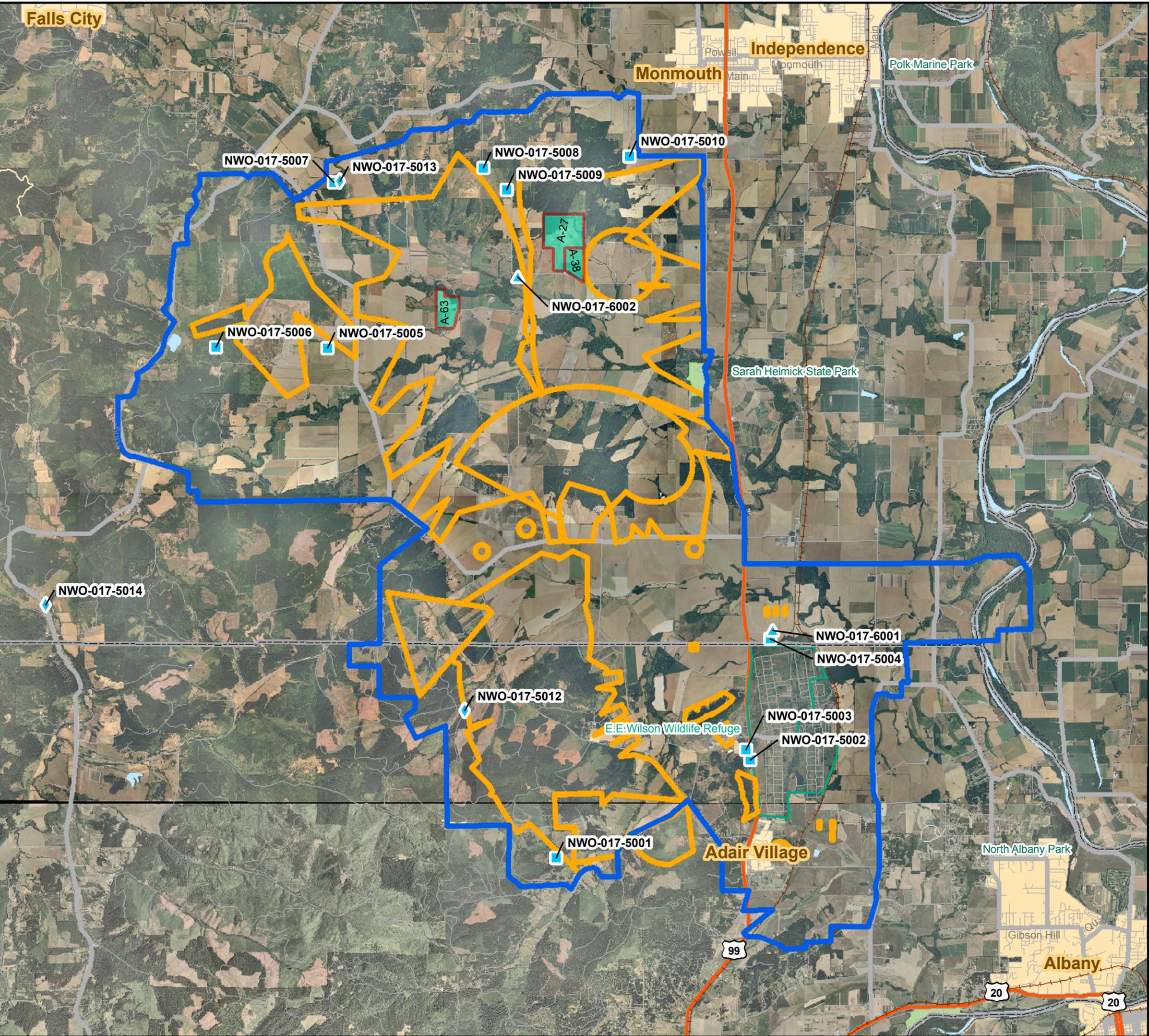
REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N



**U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
OMAHA DESIGN CENTER**

**FIGURE 3-1
AREAS OF CONCERN
CAMP ADAIR**

OFFICE: mnrvl
 DRAWN BY: K. Masterson
 DRAWING NUMBER: 01/04/07
 CampAdair_0909_background_GPS_SI



Legend

- Camp Adair FUD Boundary
- Camp Adair AOCs
- Impact Areas
- Background Groundwater Sample
- Background Sediment Sample
- Background Soil Sample

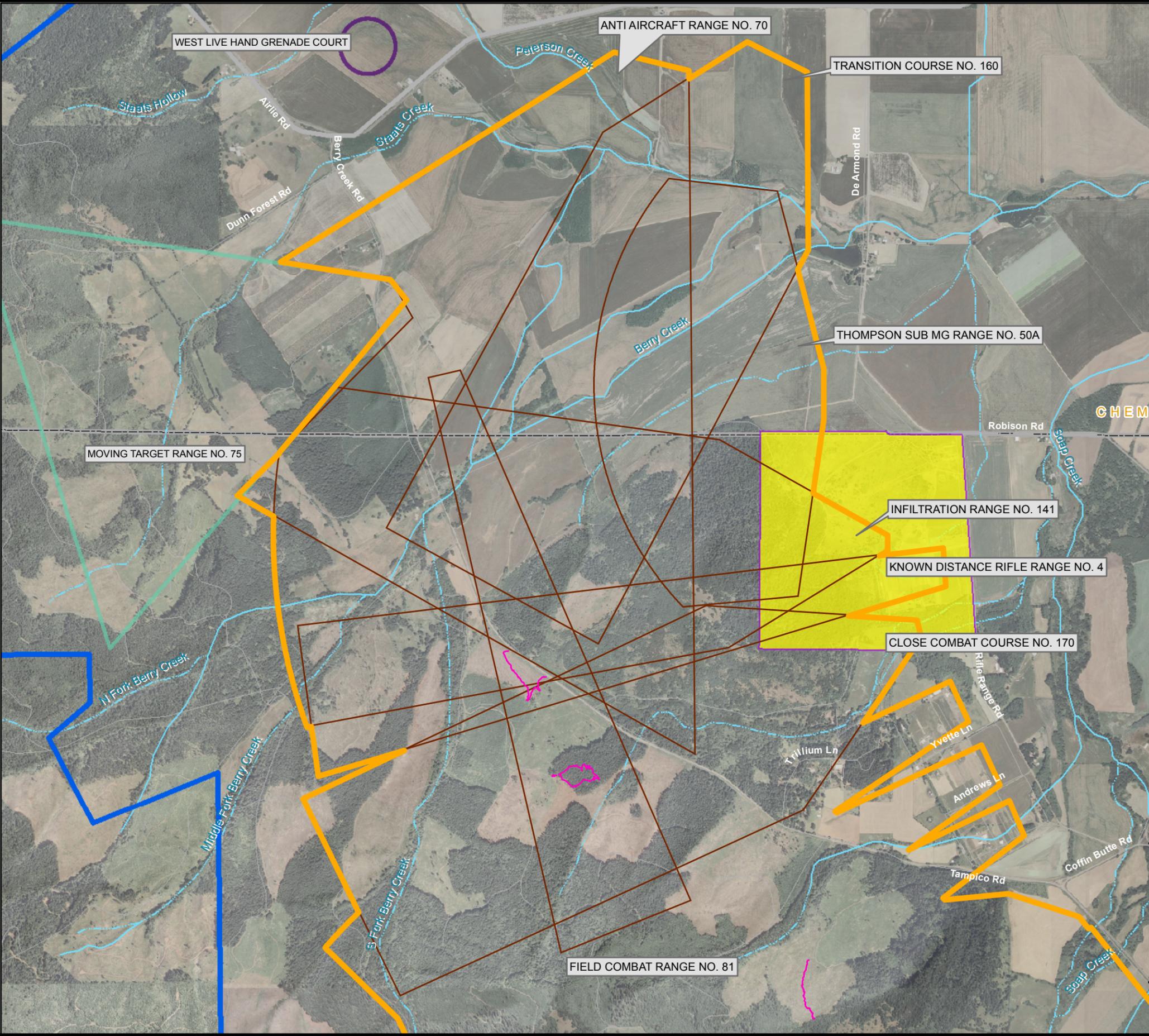
NOTES:
 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.

REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

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FIGURE 3-2
BACKGROUND SAMPLE LOCATIONS
 CAMP ADAIR

DRAWING CampAdair_091_fig4_1_
NUMBER RC4n_vis_recon_SI
OFFICE MNRVL
DRAWN BY K. Masterson
DATE 01/04/07

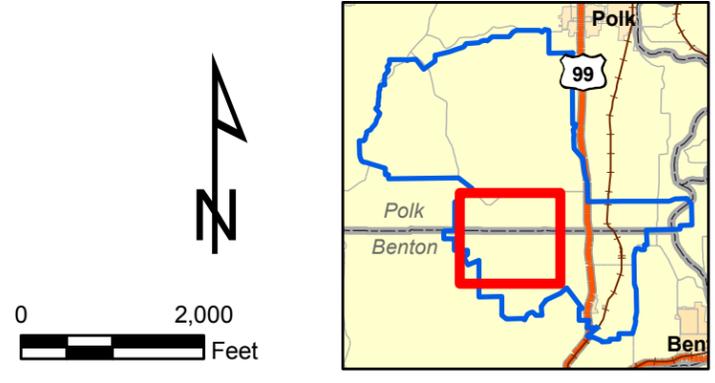


Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- Range Complex No. 4 AOC Boundary
- Moving Target Range No. 75 AOC Boundary
- West Live Hand Grenade Court AOC Boundary
- Subrange Boundary
- National Guard Facility
- Reconnaissance Pathway

NOTES:

- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.



REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

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FIGURE 4-1
VISUAL RECONNAISSANCE SURVEY
SMALL ARMS RANGES
RANGE COMPLEX NO. 4 - NORTH

CAMP ADAIR

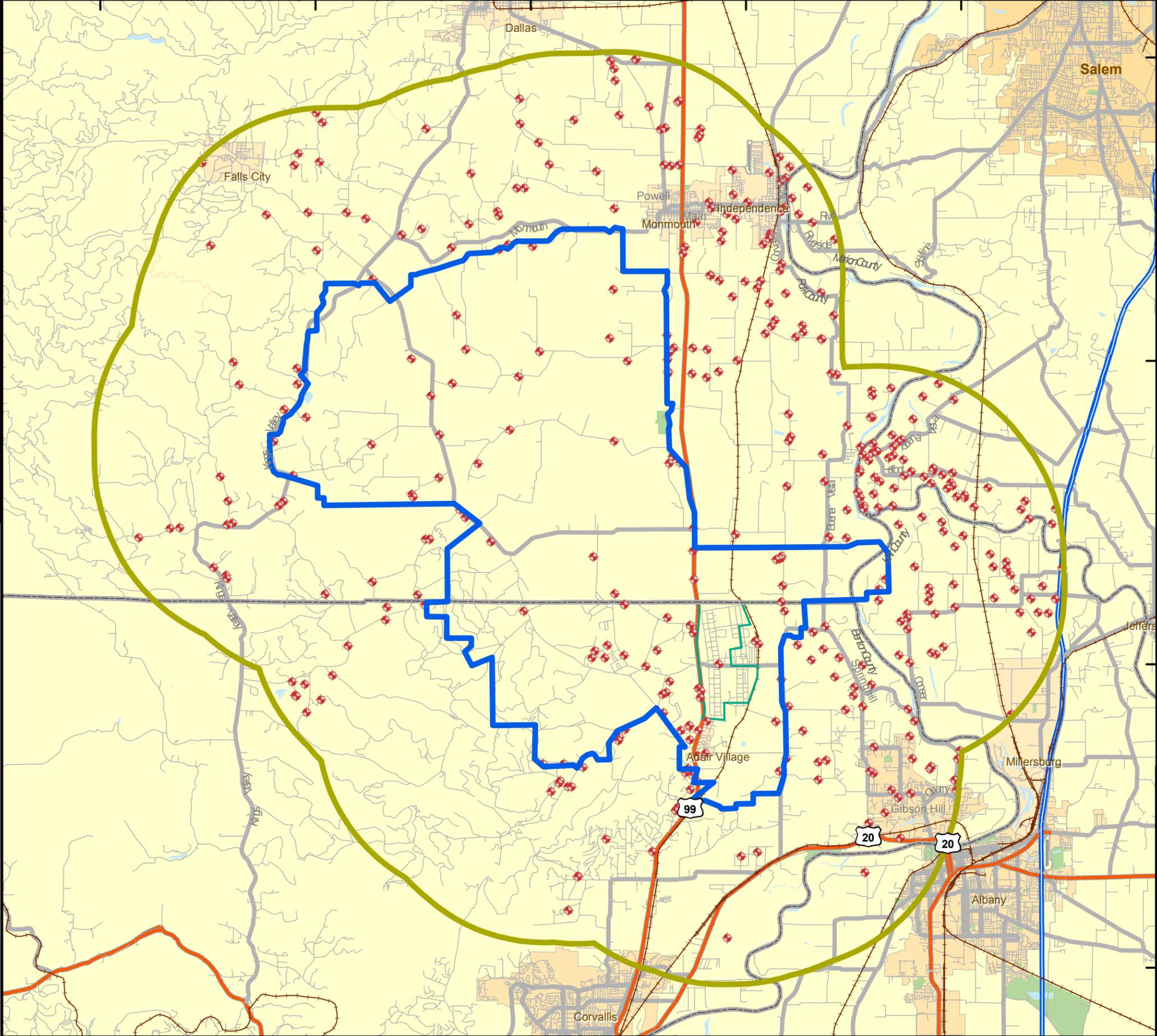
123°30'0"W 123°24'0"W 123°18'0"W 123°12'0"W 123°6'0"W

44°54'0"N

44°48'0"N

44°42'0"N

OFFICE: mnrvl
DRAWN BY: K. Masterson
DRAWING NUMBER: 12/14/06
CampAdair_092_fig5_1_gw_wells_4mi_SI



Legend

- Camp Adair Installation Area
- 4-Mile Radius from Camp Adair Installation Area
- Well (Source: USGS)

NOTES:

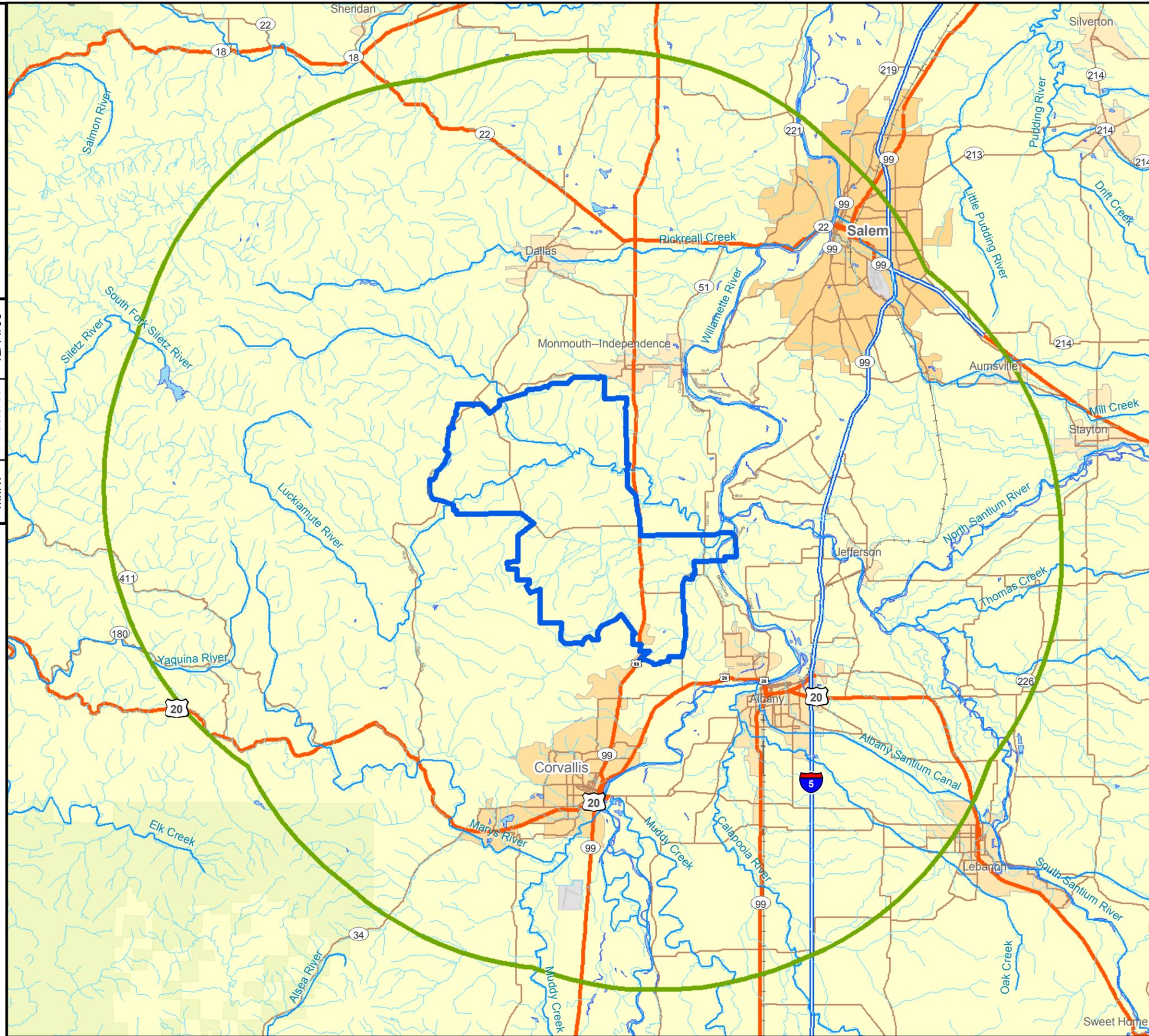
- 1) Well data were obtained from the USGS.
- 2) A total of 408 wells are located within a 4-mile radius of the installation area.
- 3) A total of 149 wells are located within a 2-mile radius of the AOCs.

REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

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FIGURE 5-1
GROUNDWATER WELLS WITHIN
4-MILE RADIUS
CAMP ADAIR

OFFICE: mnrvl
 DRAWN BY: K. Masterson
 DRAWING NUMBER: CampAdair_093_fig5_2_drainage_15mi_SI



Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- 15 Mile Buffer of the FUDS Property

0.51 2
 Miles



REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N



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FIGURE 5-2
SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE WITHIN A
15-MILE RADIUS OF FUDS BOUNDARY
 CAMP ADAIR

123°24'0"W

123°18'0"W

123°12'0"W

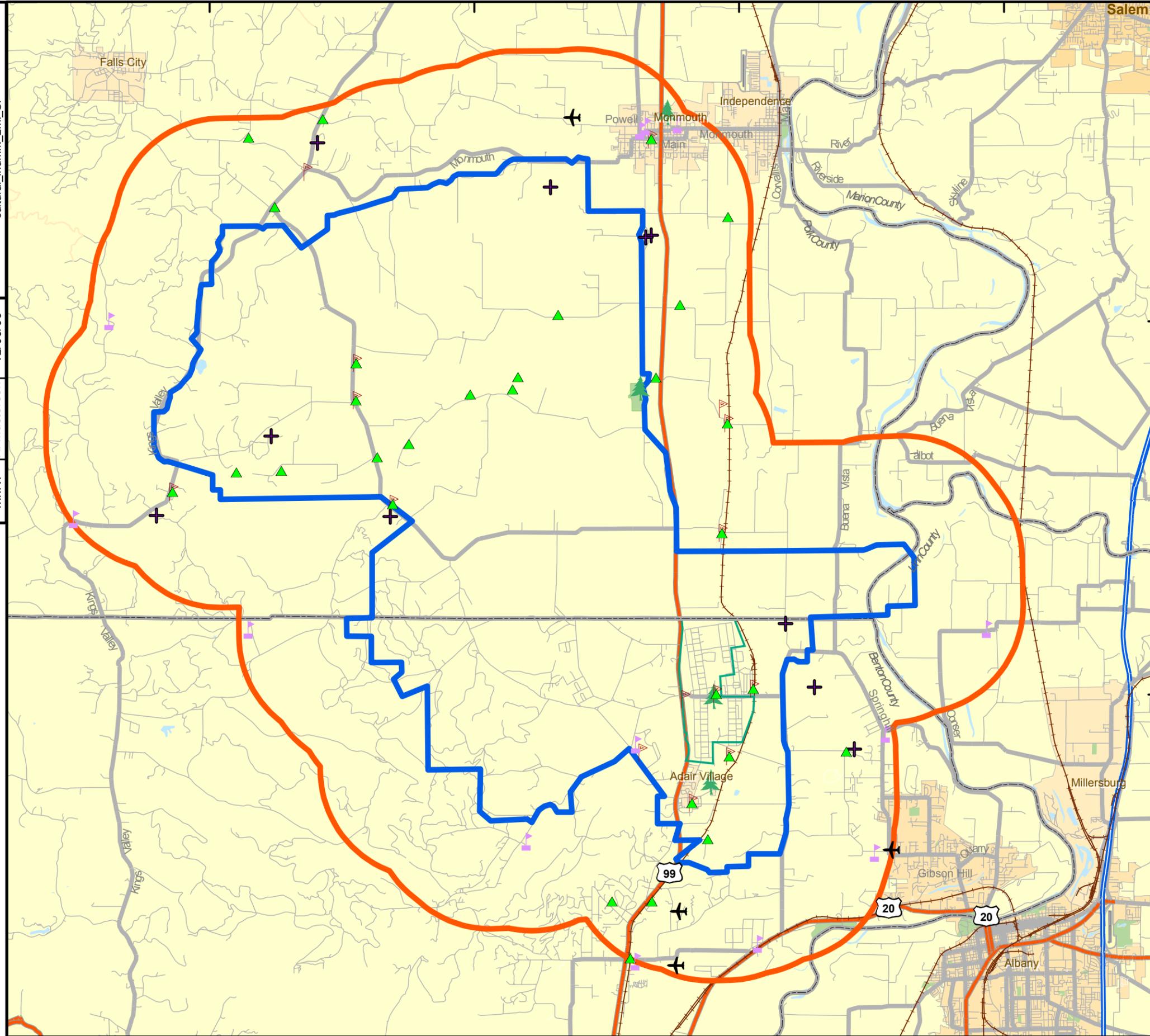
123°6'0"W

OFFICE
mnrvl

DRAWN BY
K. Masterson

DRAWING NUMBER
12/06/06

CampAdair_094_fig5_3_cultural_indmrk_2mi_Si



Legend

-  Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
-  2-Mile Radius from Camp Adair Installation Area
-  Airport
-  Cemetery
-  Park
-  Post Office
-  Public Place
-  School

44°48'0"N

44°42'0"N

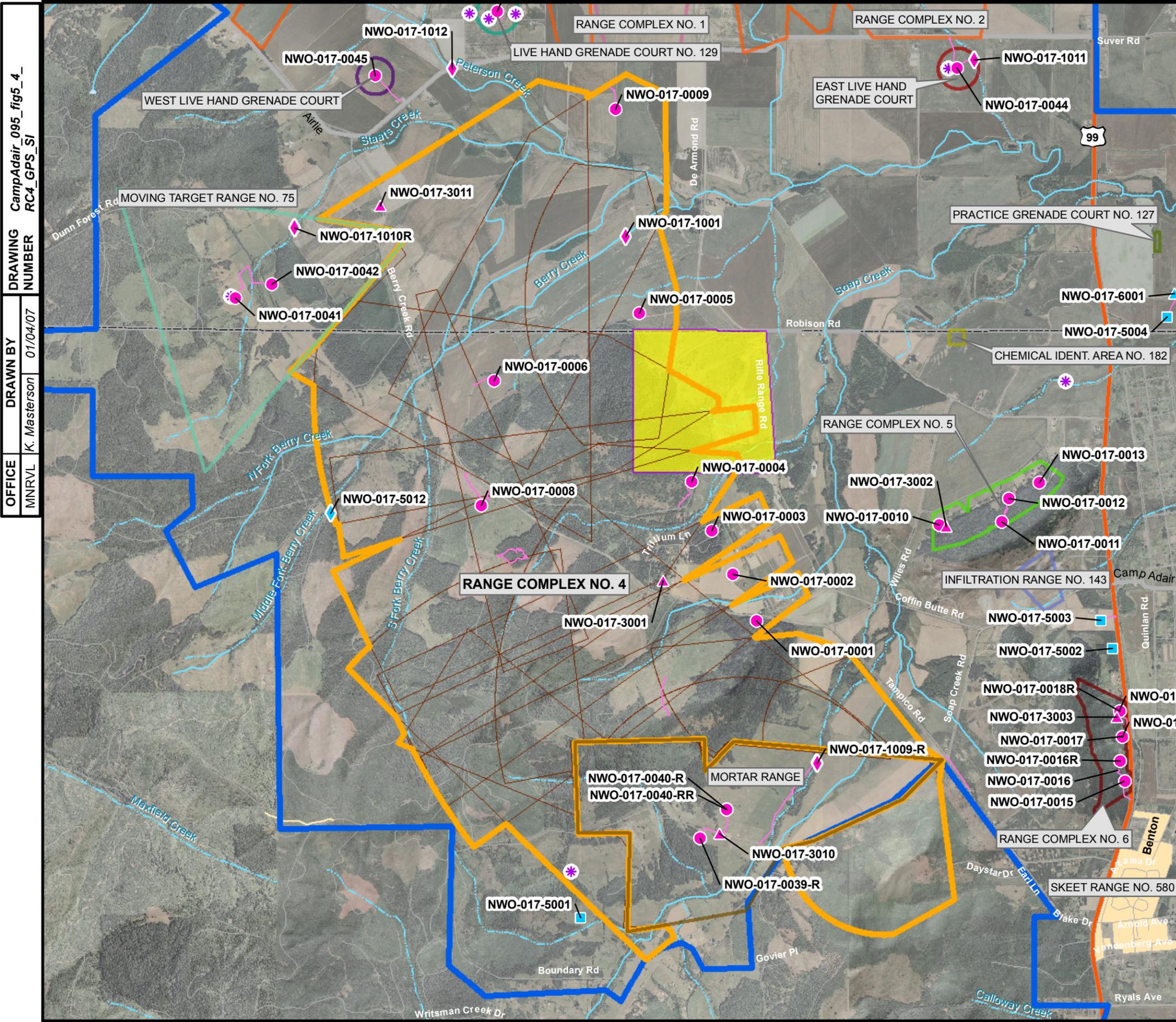


REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N



U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
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FIGURE 5-3
SENSITIVE RECEPTOR LOCATIONS
WITHIN A 2-MILE RADIUS
CAMP ADAIR



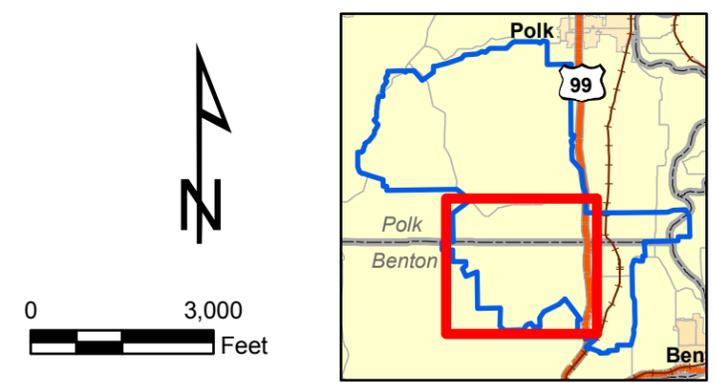
DRAWING NUMBER: CampAdair_095_fig5_4_RC4_GPS_Sf
 DRAWN BY: K. Masterson
 DATE: 01/04/07
 OFFICE: MNRVL

Legend

Camp Adair FUDS Boundary	National Guard Facility
Range Complex No. 4 AOC Boundary	Subrange Boundary
Chemical Ident. Area No. 182 AOC Boundary	Reported MEC Find
East Live Hand Grenade Court AOC Boundary	Reconnaissance Pathway
Infiltration Range No. 143 AOC Boundary	Background Groundwater Sample
Live Hand Grenade Court 129 AOC Boundary	Background Sediment Sample
Mortar Range AOC Boundary	Background Soil Sample
Moving Target Range No. 75 AOC Boundary	Groundwater Sample
Practice Grenade Court No. 127 AOC Boundary	Sediment Sample
Range Comple No. 1 AOC Boundary	Soil Sample
Range Complex No. 2 AOC Boundary	
Range Complex No. 3 AOC Boundary	
Range Complex No. 5 AOC Boundary	
Range Complex No. 6 AOC Boundary	
West Live Hand Grenade Court AOC Boundary	

NOTES:

- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.

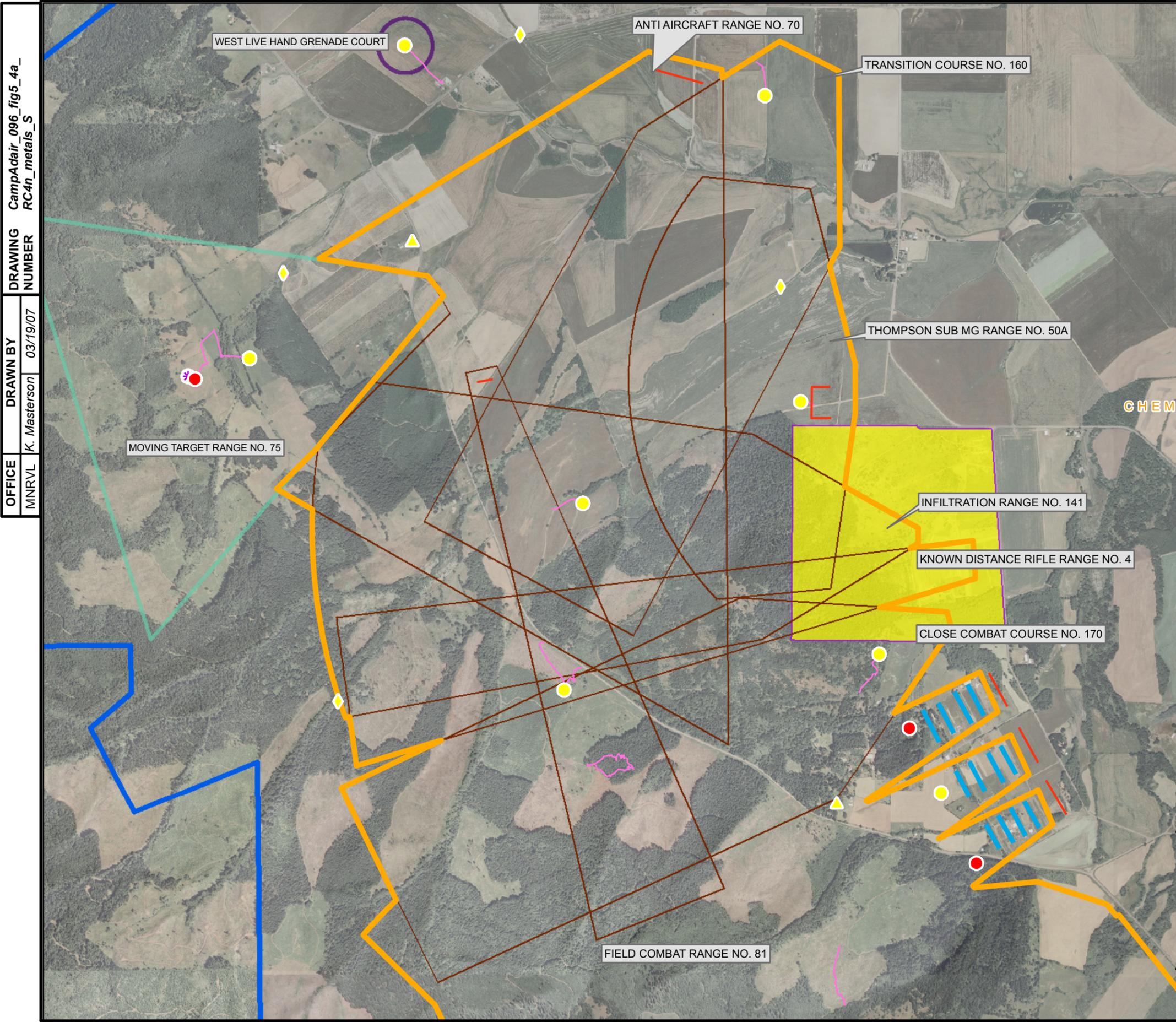


REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
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FIGURE 5-4
SMALL ARMS RANGES
RANGE COMPLEX NO. 4
SAMPLE POINTS
 CAMP ADAIR

Shaw Environmental, Inc.

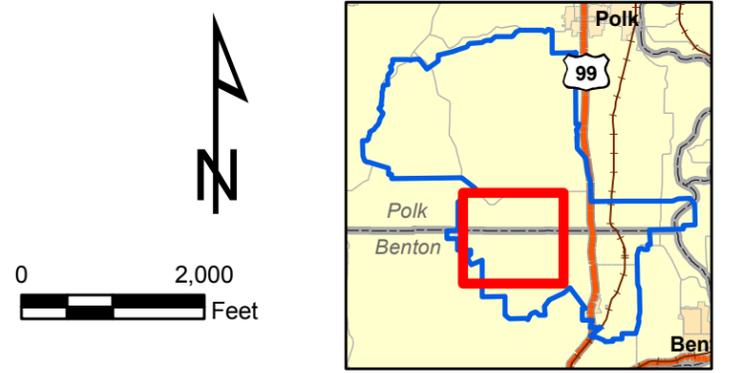


OFFICE: MNRVL
 DRAWN BY: K. Masterson
 DRAWING NUMBER: 03/19/07
 Camp Adair_096_fig5_4a_
 RC4n_metals_S

Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- Range Complex No. 4 AOC Boundary
- Moving Target Range No. 75 AOC Boundary
- West Live Hand Grenade Court AOC Boundary
- Subrange Boundary
- National Guard Facility
- Reported MEC Find
- Groundwater Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Sediment Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Soil Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Soil Sample Results Greater than Background and Greater than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Reconnaissance Pathway
- Probable Firing Line
- Target Line

NOTES:
 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.

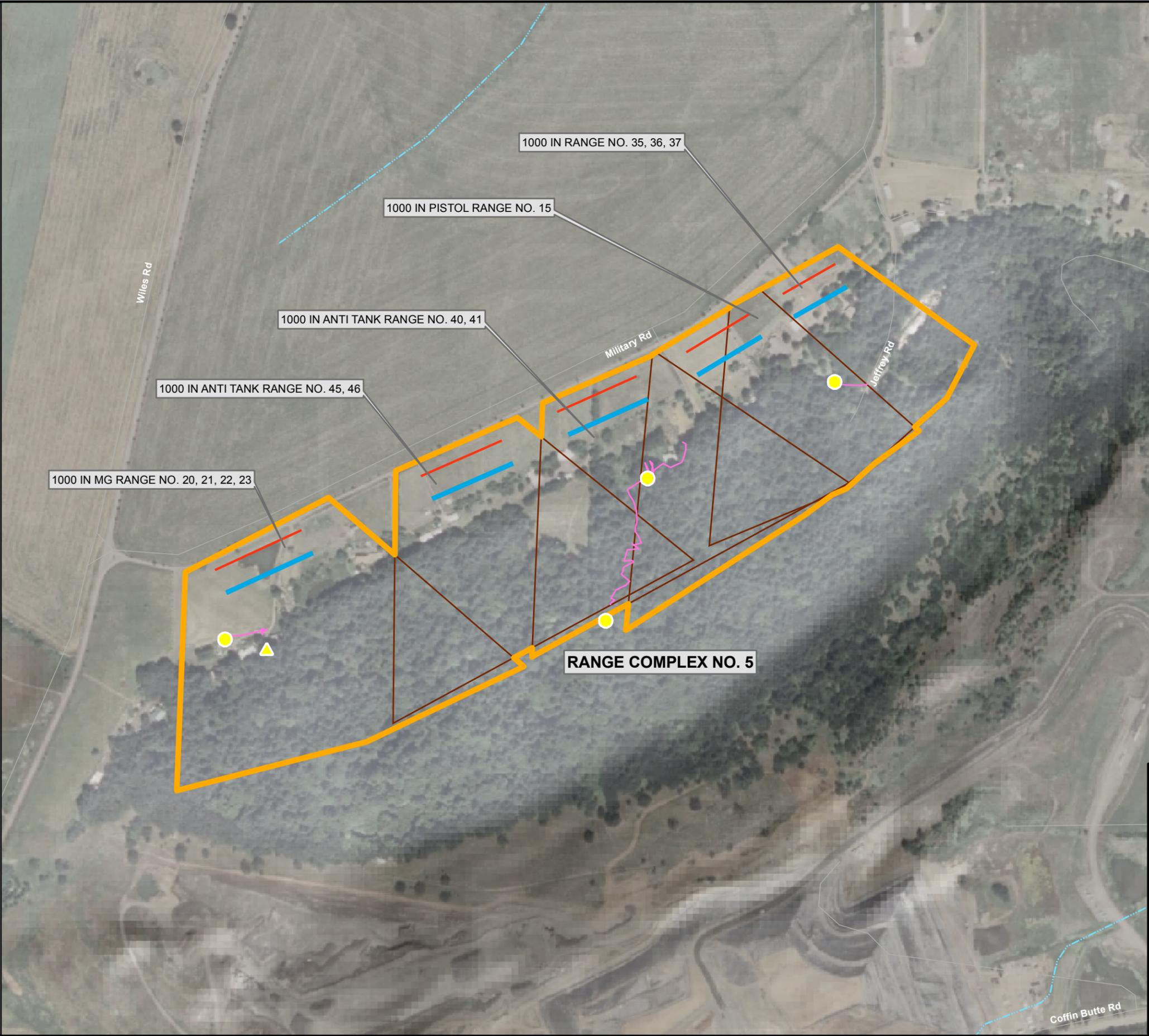


REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
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FIGURE 5-4A
SMALL ARMS RANGES
RANGE COMPLEX NO. 4 - NORTH
SAMPLE LOCATIONS AND METALS RESULTS
 CAMP ADAIR

OFFICE MNRVL
DRAWN BY K. Masterson
DRAWING NUMBER 03/17/07
Camp Adair_098_fig5_5_
RC5_METALS_S

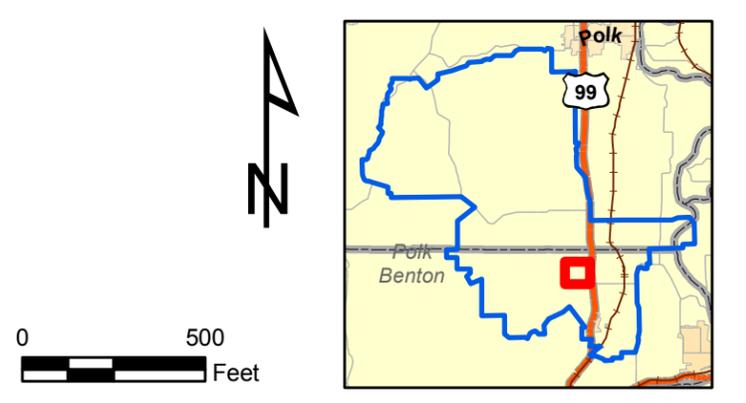


Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- Range Complex No. 5 AOC Boundary
- Subrange Boundary
- Groundwater Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Sediment Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Soil Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Reconnaissance Pathway
- Probable Firing Line
- Target Line

NOTES:

- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.



REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

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FIGURE 5-5
SMALL ARMS RANGES
RANGE COMPLEX NO. 5
SAMPLE LOCATIONS AND METALS RESULTS
 CAMP ADAIR

OFFICE: MNRVL
 DRAWN BY: K. Masterson
 DATE: 03/17/07
 DRAWING NUMBER: CampAdair_099_fig5_6_RC6_METALS_SI



Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- Range Complex No. 6 AOC Boundary
- Subrange Boundary
- Groundwater Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Soil Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Reconnaissance Pathway
- Probable Firing Line
- Target Line

NOTES:

- AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.

0 400 Feet

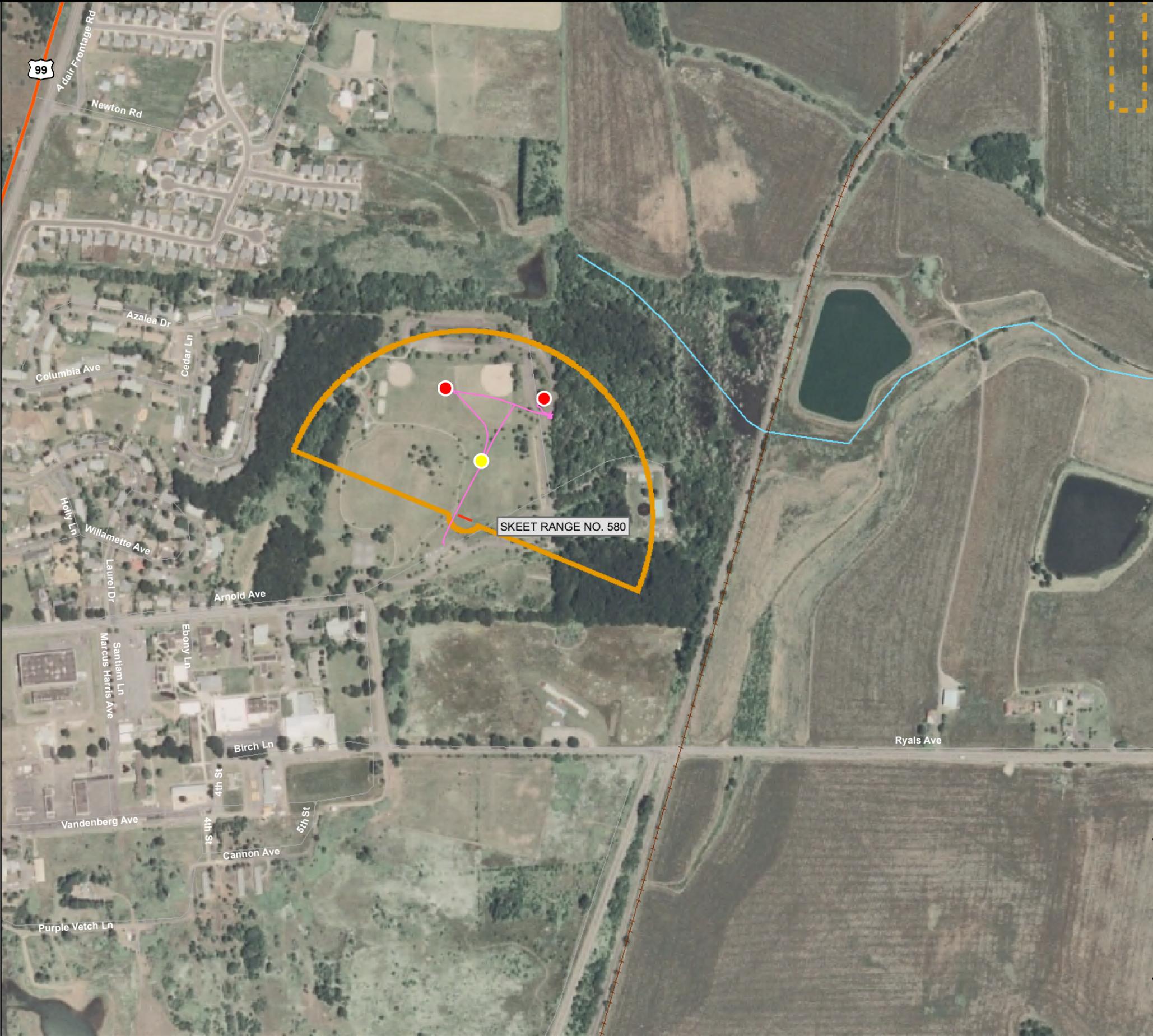
REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

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FIGURE 5-6
SMALL ARMS RANGES
RANGE COMPLEX NO. 6
SAMPLE LOCATIONS AND METALS RESULTS
 CAMP ADAIR

Shaw Environmental, Inc.

OFFICE MNRVL
DRAWN BY K. Masterson
DRAWING NUMBER 01/04/07
Camp Adair_100_fig5_7_
SK580_METALS_SI_

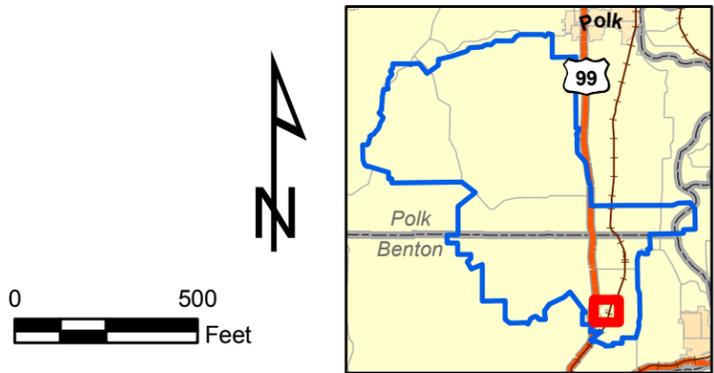


Legend

-  Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
-  Skeet Range No. 580 AOC Boundary
-  Public Land (2003)
-  Soil Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
-  Soil Sample Results Greater than Background and Greater than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
-  Reconnaissance Pathway
-  Probable Firing Line

NOTES:

- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.

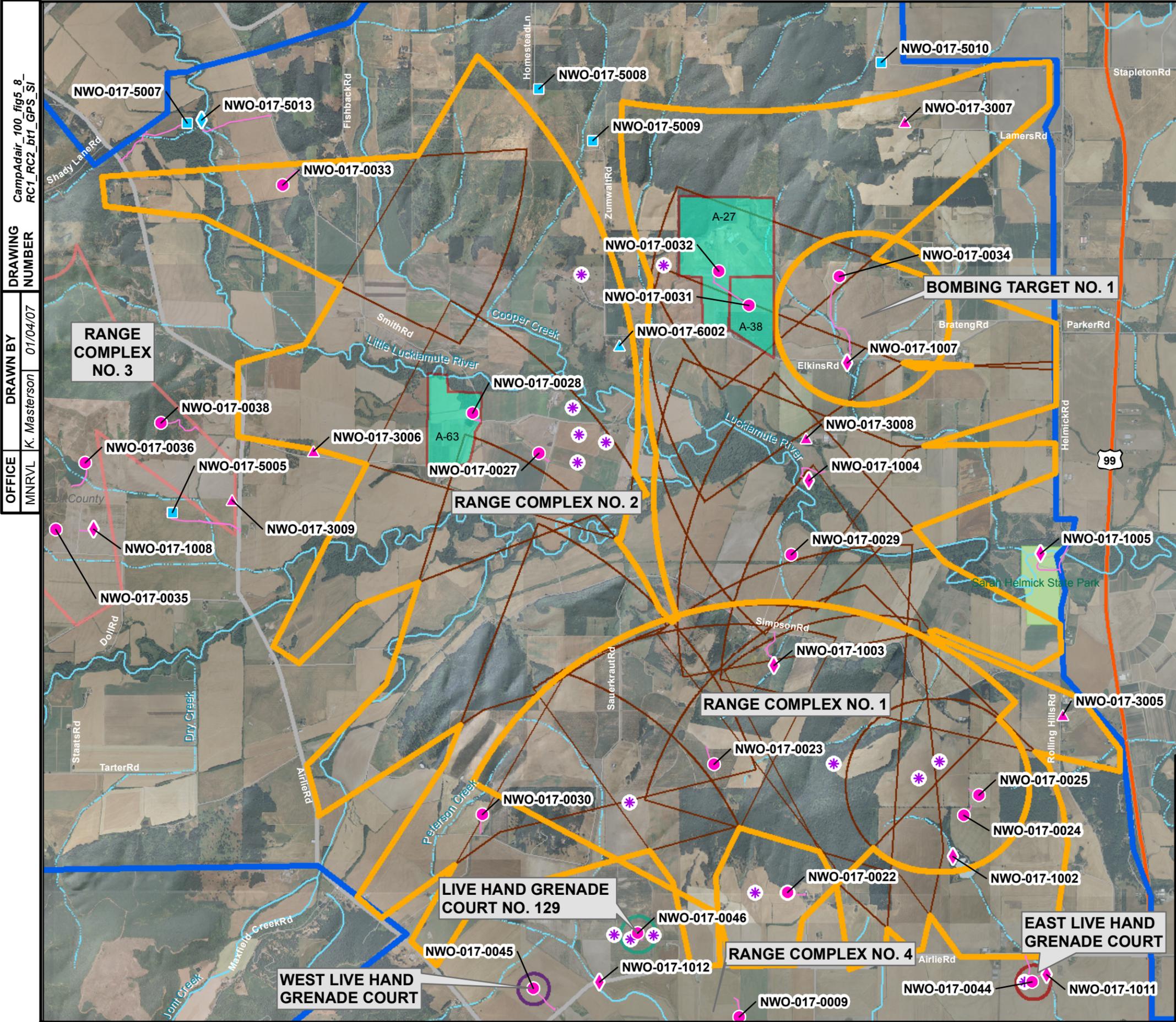


REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N



U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
OMAHA DESIGN CENTER

FIGURE 5-7
SMALL ARMS RANGES
SKEET RANGE NO. 580
SAMPLE LOCATIONS AND METALS RESULTS
CAMP ADAIR



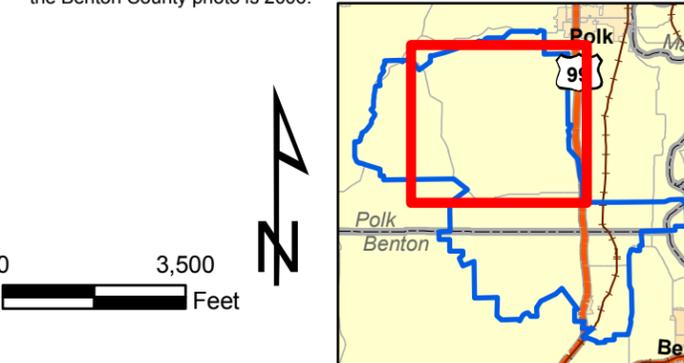
Camp Adair_100_fig5_8
 RC1_RC2_bt1_GPS_SI
DRAWING NUMBER
 01/04/07
DRAWN BY
 K. Masterson
OFFICE
 MNRVL

Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- Range Complexes No. 1 and No. 2 and Bombing Target Range No. 1 AOC Boundaries
- East Live Hand Grenade Court AOC Boundary
- Live Hand Grenade Court. 129 AOC Boundary
- Range Complex No. 3 AOC Boundary
- West Live Hand Grenade Court AOC Boundary
- Subrange Boundary
- Impact Areas
- Reported MEC Find
- Reconnaissance Pathway
- Background Groundwater Sample
- Background Sediment Sample
- Background Soil Sample
- Groundwater Sample
- Sediment Sample
- Soil Sample

NOTES:

- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.

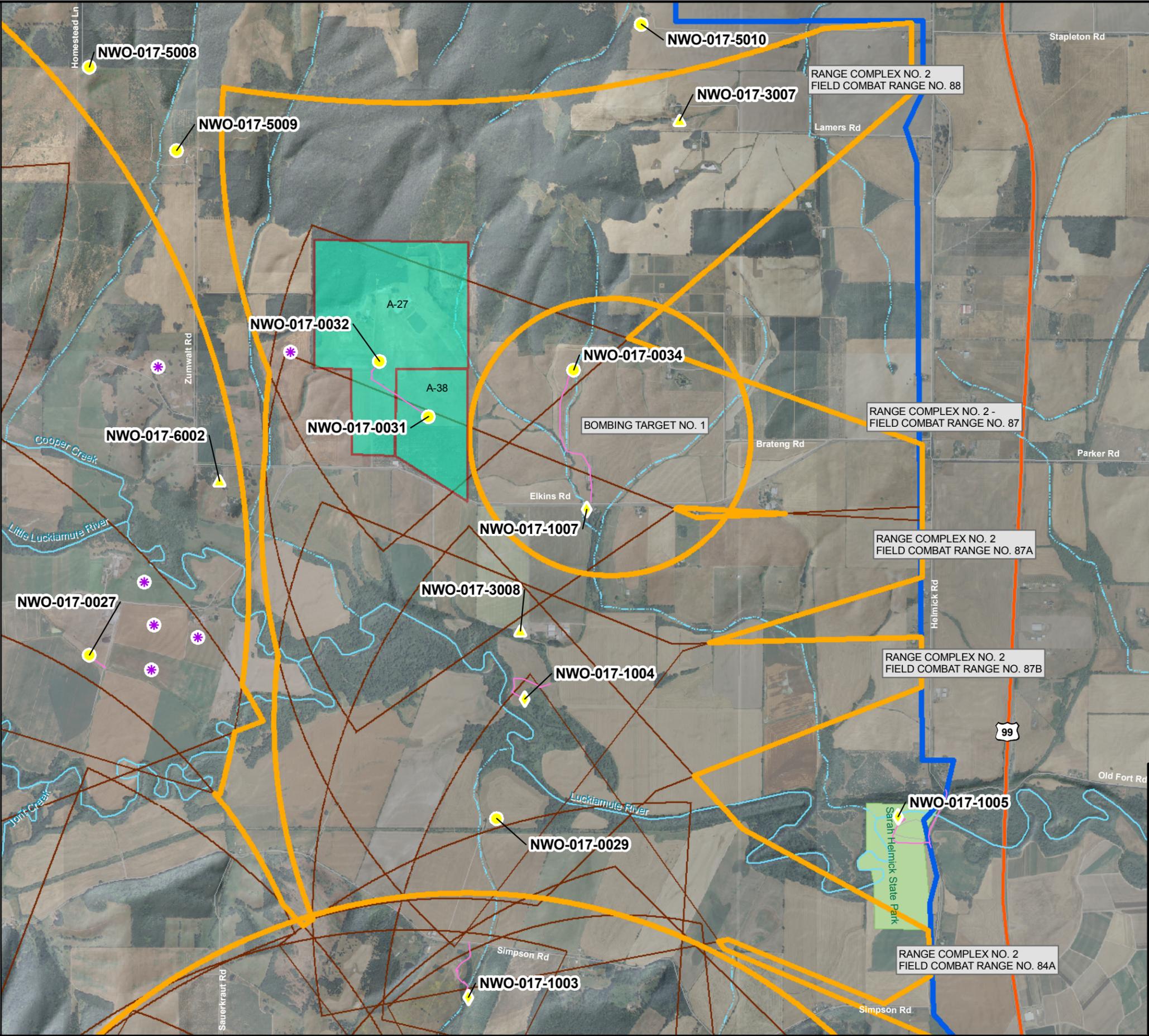


REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
 OMAHA DESIGN CENTER

FIGURE 5-8
EXPLOSIVE MUNITION RANGES
RANGE COMPLEXES NO. 1 and NO. 2
AND BOMBING TARGET NO. 1
SAMPLE POINTS
 CAMP ADAIR

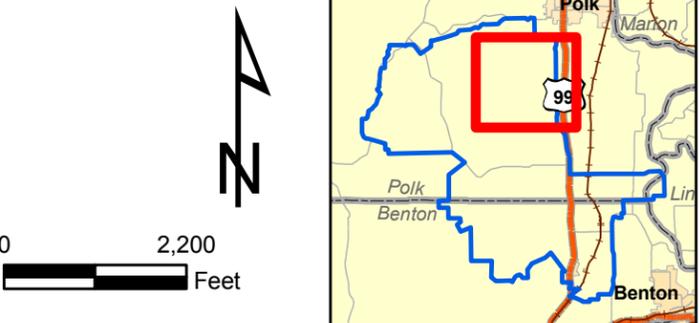
OFFICE: MNRVL
 DRAWN BY: K. Masterson
 DRAWING NUMBER: 03/17/07
 CampAdair_102_RC1ne_metals_SI



Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- Range Complexes No. 1 and No. 2 and Bombing Target No. 1 AOC Boundaries
- Subrange Boundary
- Impact Areas
- Reported MEC Find
- Groundwater Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Sediment Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Soil Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Reconnaissance Pathway

NOTES:
 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.

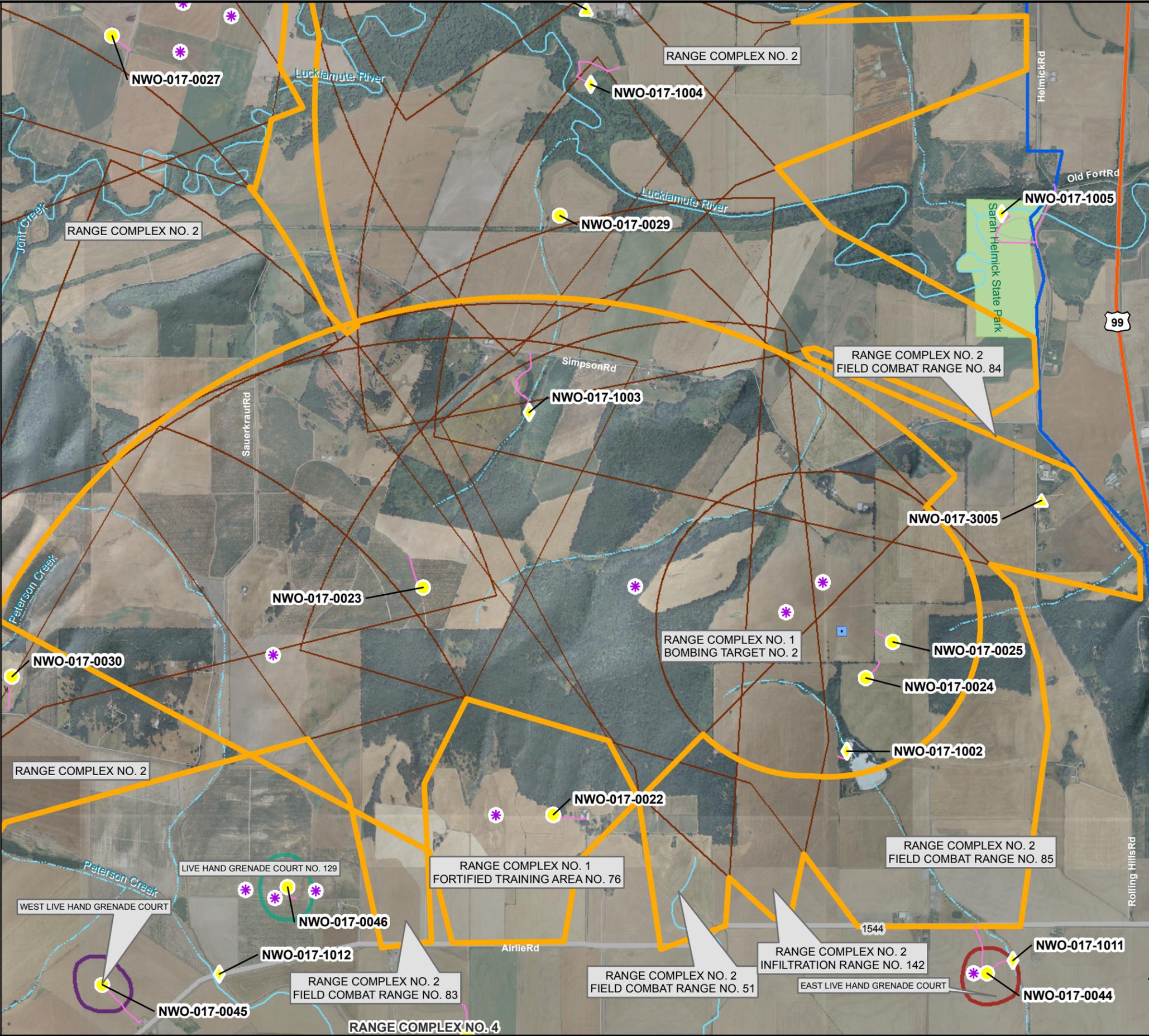


REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

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FIGURE 5-8A
EXPLOSIVE MUNITION RANGES
RANGE COMPLEXES NO. 1 and NO. 2
AND BOMBING TARGET NO. 1 (NORTHEAST)
SAMPLE LOCATIONS AND METALS RESULTS
 CAMP ADAIR

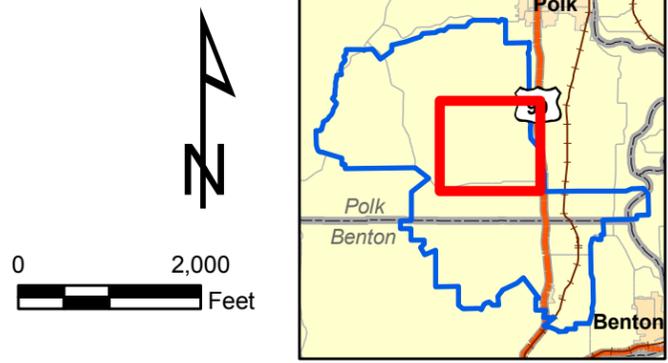
OFFICE: MNRVL
 DRAWN BY: K. Masterson
 DATE: 03/17/07
 DRAWING NUMBER: CampAdair_103_fig5_8b_RC2se_metals_SI



Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- Range Complexes No. 1 and No. 2 and Bombing Target No. 1 AOC Boundaries
- East Live Hand Grenade Court AOC Boundary
- Live Hand Grenade Court 129 AOC Boundary
- West Live Hand Grenade Court AOC Boundary
- Subrange Boundary
- Target Center
- ✱ Reported MEC Find
- ▲ Groundwater Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- ◆ Sediment Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Soil Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Soil Sample Results Greater than Background and Greater than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Reconnaissance Pathway

NOTES:
 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.

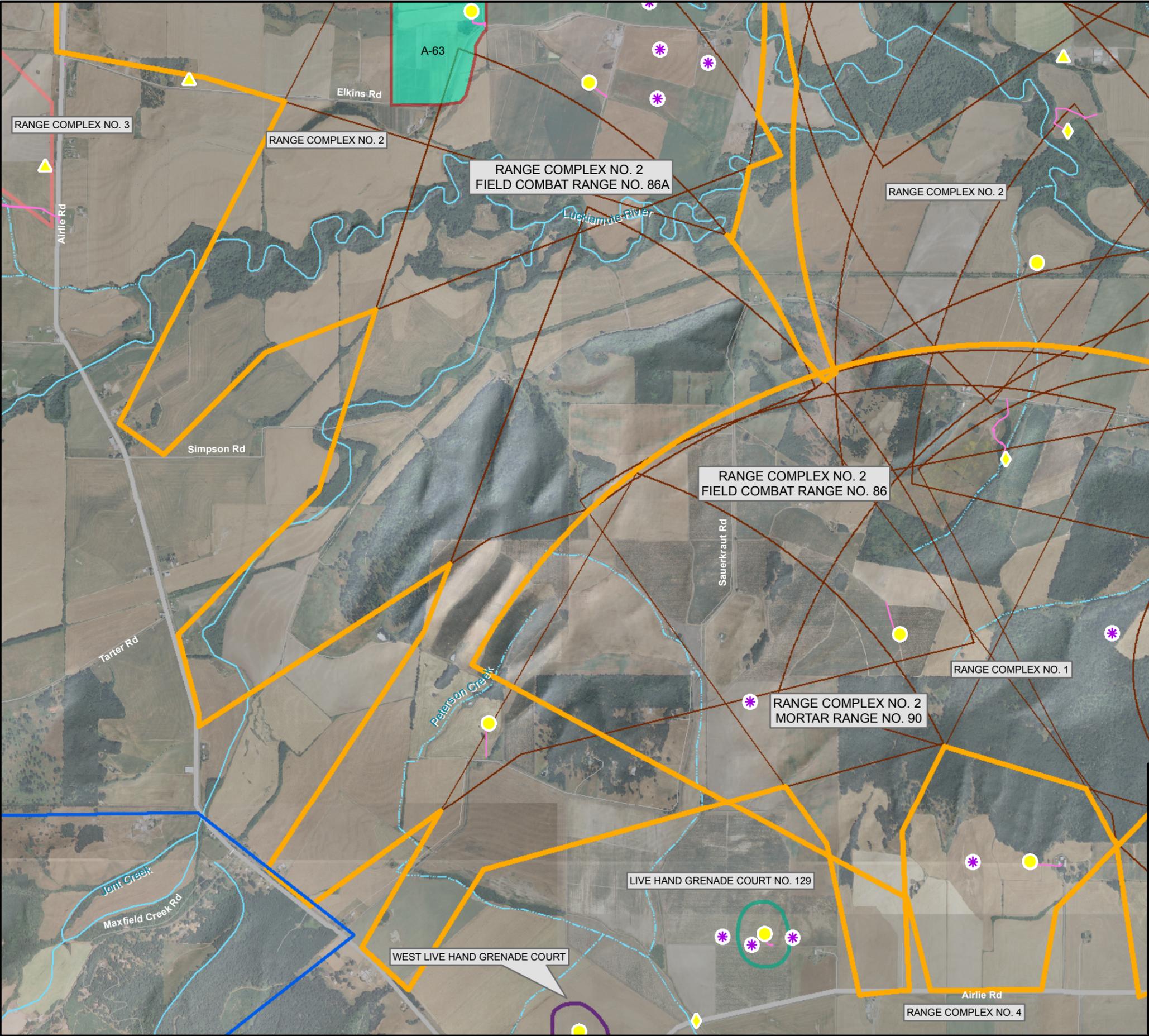


REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
 OMAHA DESIGN CENTER

FIGURE 5-8B
EXPLOSIVE MUNITIONS RANGES
RANGE COMPLEXES NO. 1 and 2
and BOMBING TARGET NO. 1 (SOUTHEAST)
SAMPLE LOCATIONS AND METALS RESULTS
 CAMP ADAIR

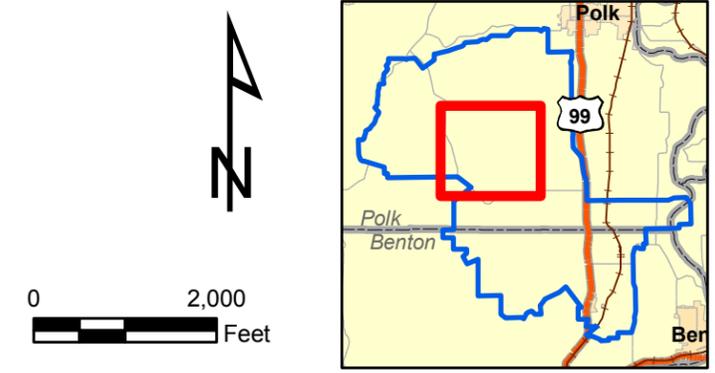
OFFICE: MNRVL
 DRAWN BY: K. Masterson
 DRAWING NUMBER: 03/17/07
 Camp Adair_104_fig5_8c_
 RC2sw_metals_S1



Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- Range Complexes No. 1 and No. 2 and Bombing Target No. 1 AOC Boundaries
- Live Hand Grenade Court. 129 AOC Boundary
- Range Complex No. 3 AOC Boundary
- West Live Hand Grenade Court AOC Boundary
- Subrange Boundary
- Impact Areas
- Reported MEC Find
- Groundwater Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Sediment Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Soil Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Reconnaissance Pathway

NOTES:
 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.



REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

 U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
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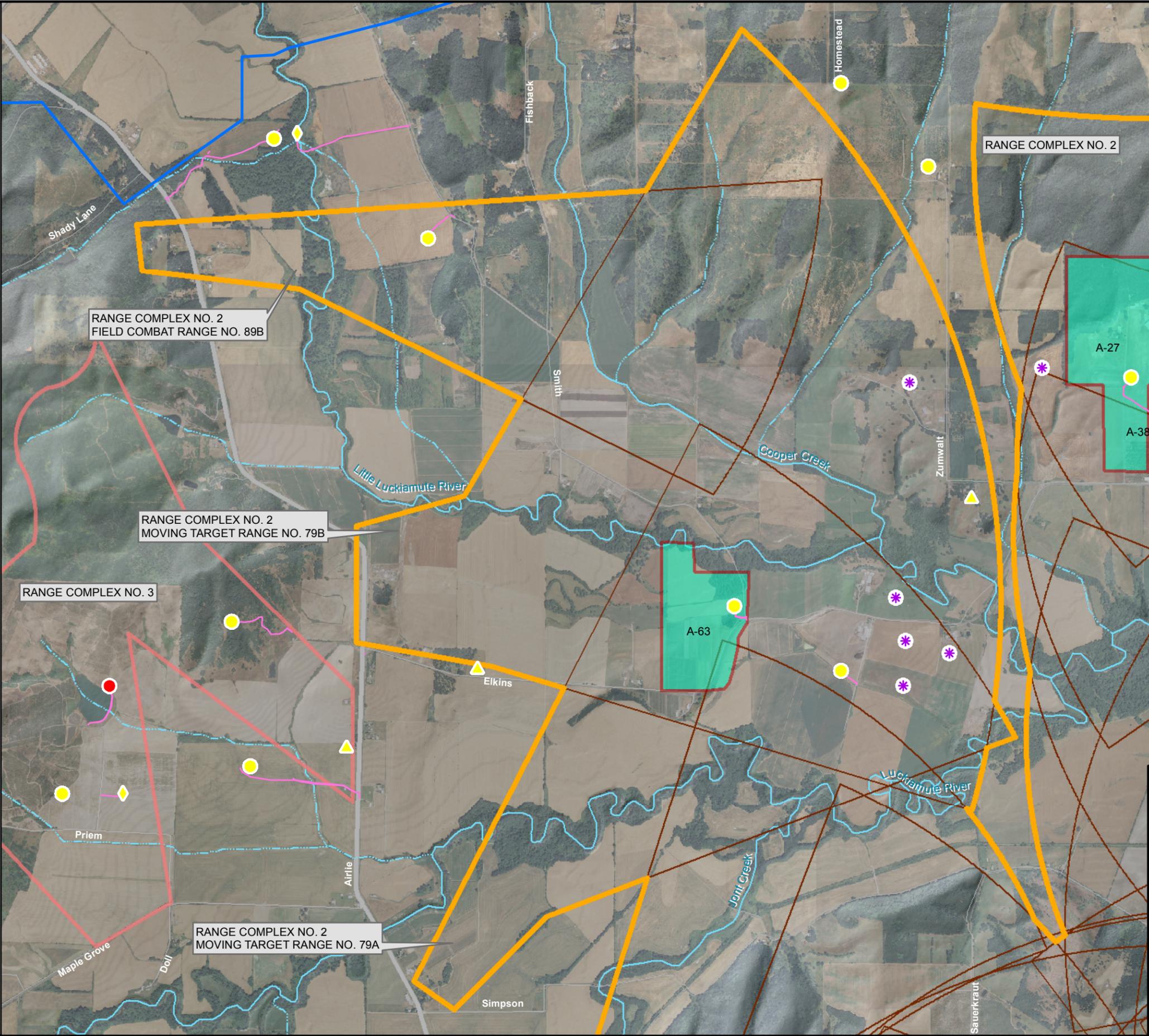
FIGURE 5-8C
EXPLOSIVE MUNITIONS RANGES
RANGE COMPLEXES NO. 1 and 2
and BOMBING TARGET NO. 1 (SOUTHWEST)
SAMPLE LOCATIONS AND METALS RESULTS
 CAMP ADAIR

Camp Adair_105_fig5_8d_
 RC2nw_METALS_SI

DRAWING NUMBER
 03/17/07

DRAWN BY
 K. Masterson

OFFICE
 MNRVL

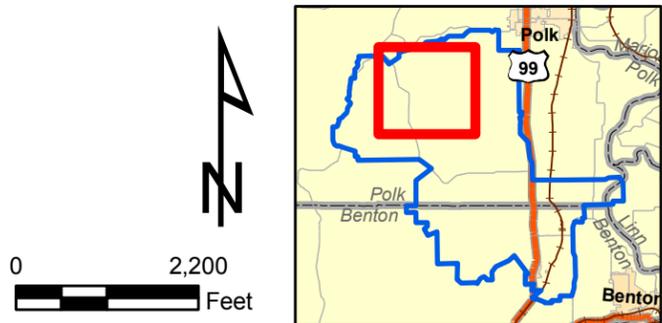


Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- Range Complexes No. 1 and No. 2 and Bombing Target No. 1 AOC Boundaries
- Impact Areas
- Range Complex No. 3 AOC Boundary
- Subrange Boundary
- Reported MEC Find
- Groundwater Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Sediment Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Soil Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Soil Sample Results Greater than Background and Greater than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Reconnaissance Pathway

NOTES:

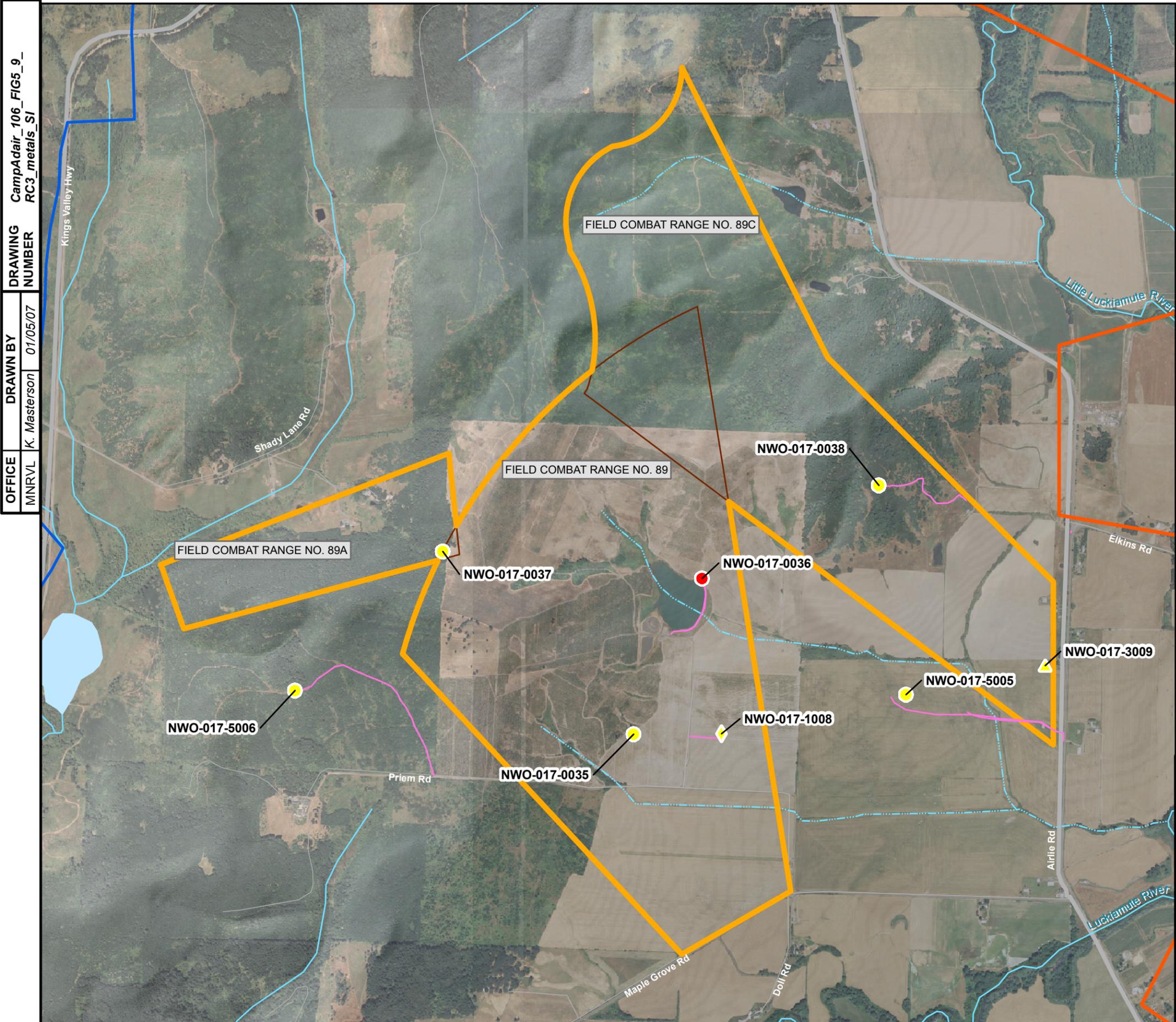
- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.



REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

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FIGURE 5-8D
EXPLOSIVE MUNITIONS RANGES
RANGE COMPLEX NO. 1 and NO. 2 and
BOMBING TARGET NO. 1 (NORTHWEST)
SAMPLE LOCATIONS AND METALS RESULTS
 CAMP ADAIR

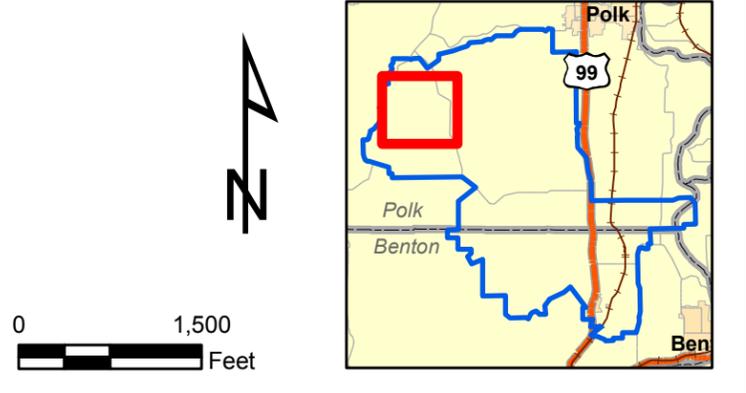


OFFICE: MNRVL
 DRAWN BY: K. Masterson
 DRAWING NUMBER: 01/05/07
 Camp Adair_106_FIG5_9_RC3_metals_SI

Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- Range Comple No. 3 AOC Boundary
- Range Complex No. 2 AOC Boundary
- Subrange Boundary
- Groundwater Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Sediment Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Soil Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Soil Sample Results Greater than Background and Greater than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Reconnaissance Pathway

NOTES:
 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.

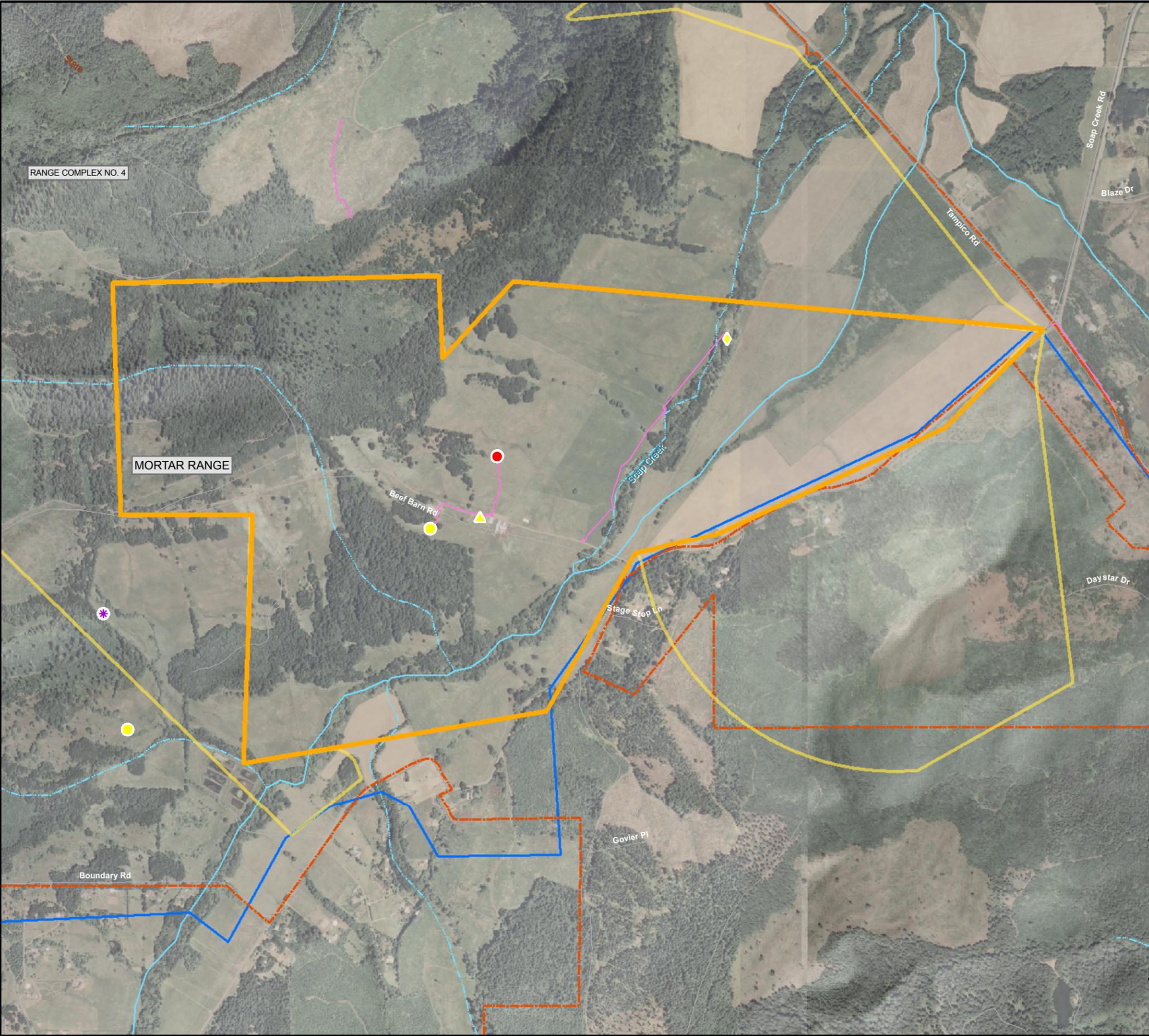


REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

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FIGURE 5-9
EXPLOSIVE MUNITIONS RANGES
RANGE COMPLEX NO. 3
SAMPLE LOCATIONS AND METALS RESULTS
 CAMP ADAIR

OFFICE MNRVL
DRAWN BY K. Masterson
DRAWING NUMBER 03/17/07
Camp Adair_107 FIG5_10_
MR METALS SI

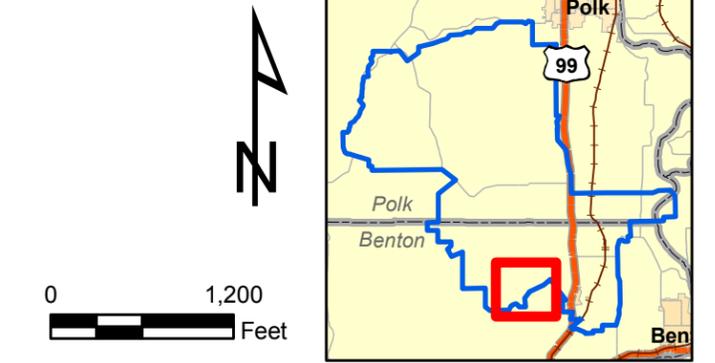


Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- Mortar Range AOC Boundary
- Range Complex No. 4 AOC Boundary
- Public Land (2003)
- Reported MEC Find
- Groundwater Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Sediment Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Soil Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Soil Sample Results Greater than Background and Greater than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Reconnaissance Pathway

NOTES:

- AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.

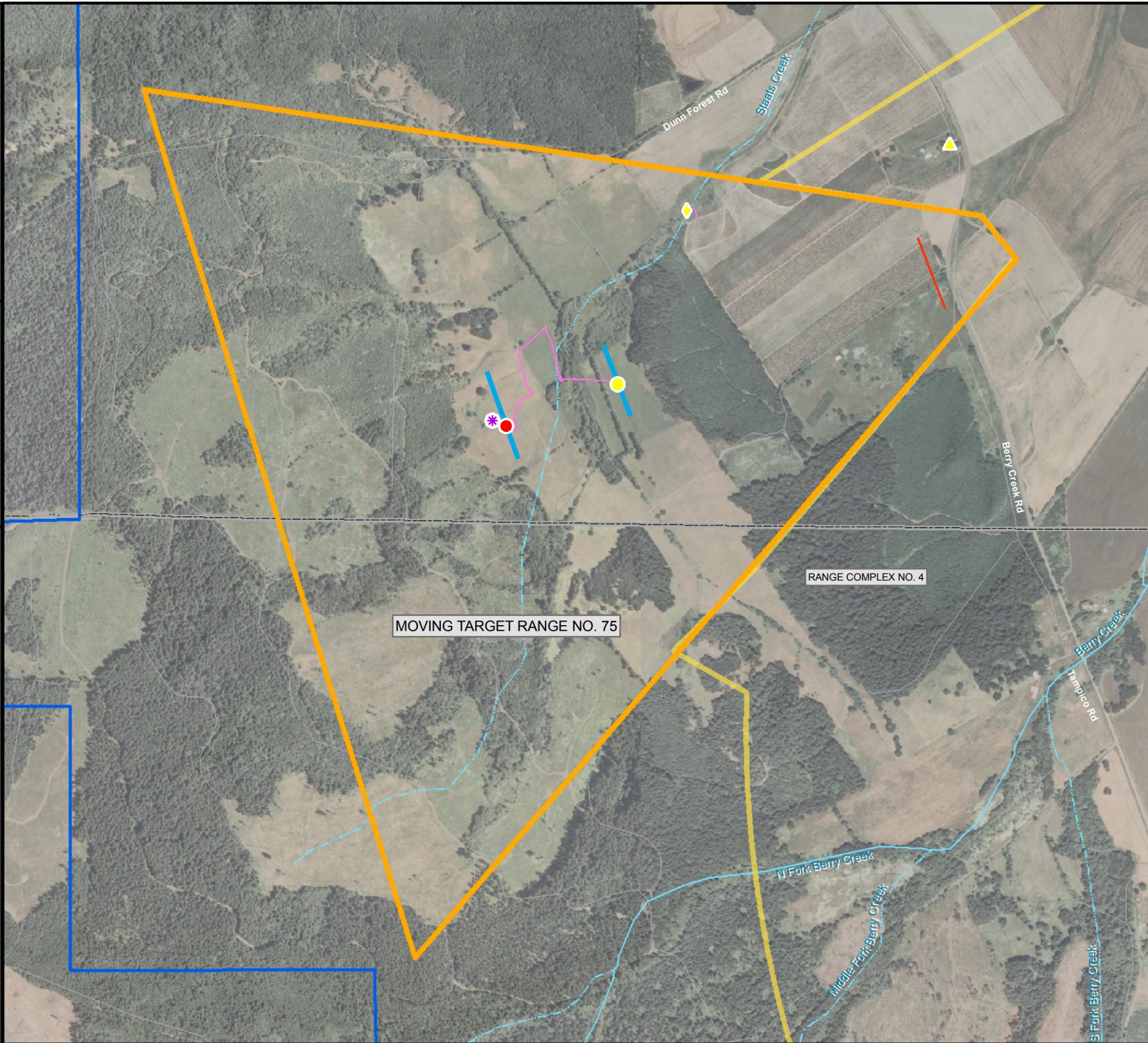


REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

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OMAHA DESIGN CENTER

FIGURE 5-10
EXPLOSIVE MUNITIONS RANGES
MORTAR RANGE
SAMPLE LOCATIONS AND METALS RESULTS
CAMP ADAIR

OFFICE	DRAWN BY	DRAWING NUMBER
MNRVL	K. Masterson	CampAdair_108_fig5_11_MTR75_metals_SI
		03/17/07

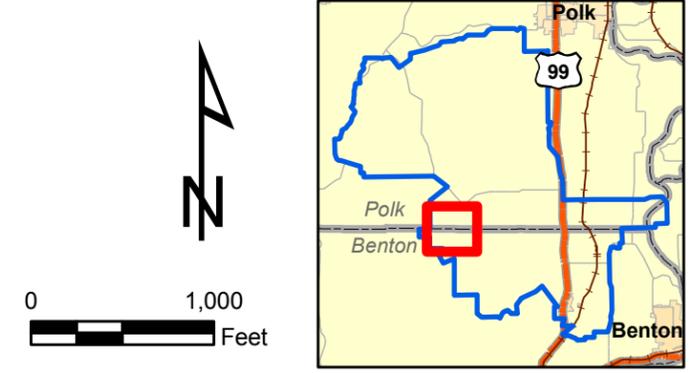


Legend

- Moving Target Range No. 75 AOC Boundary
- Range Complex No. 4 AOC Boundary
- Reported MEC Find
- Groundwater Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Sediment Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Soil Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Soil Sample Results Greater than Background and Greater than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Reconnaissance Pathway
- Probable Firing Line
- Target Line

NOTES:

- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.



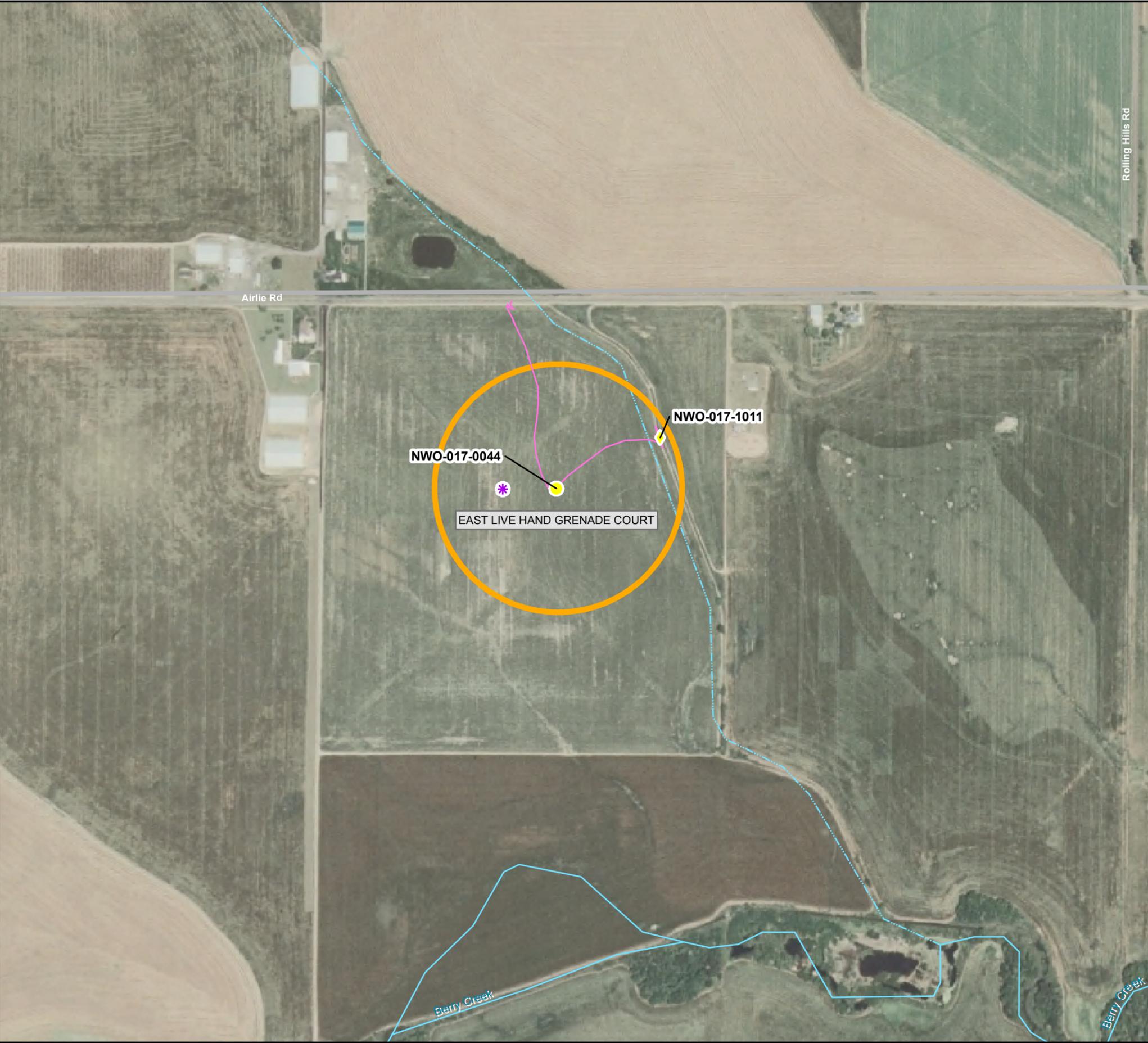
REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N



U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
OMAHA DESIGN CENTER

FIGURE 5-11
EXPLOSIVE MUNITIONS RANGES
MOVING TARGET RANGE NO. 75
SAMPLE LOCATIONS AND METALS RESULTS
CAMP ADAIR

OFFICE: MNRVL
 DRAWN BY: K. Masterson
 DRAWING NUMBER: 03/17/06
 Camp Adair_110_fig5_12_
 ELHG METALS SI

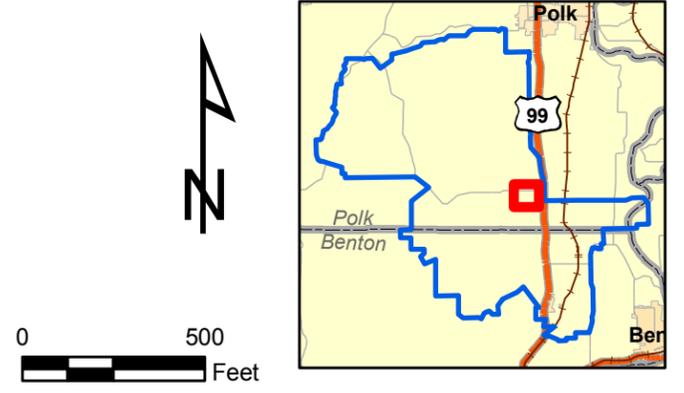


Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- East Live Hand Grenade Court AOC Boundary
- Reported MEC Find
- Soil Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Sediment Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Reconnaissance Pathway

NOTES:

- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.

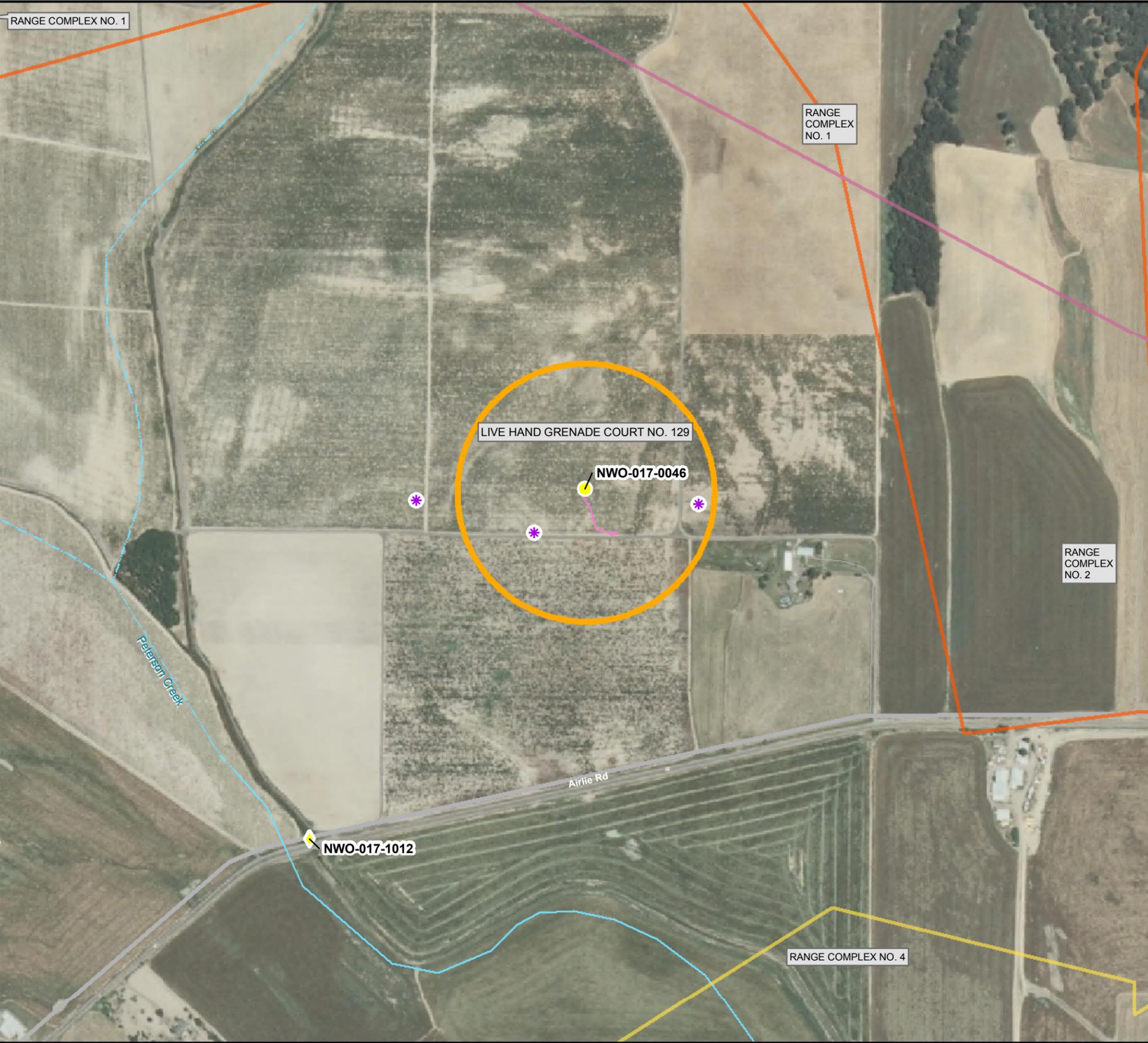


REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

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FIGURE 5-12
EAST LIVE HAND GRENADE COURT
SAMPLE LOCATIONS AND METALS RESULTS
 CAMP ADAIR

DRAWING NUMBER CampAdair_110_fig5_13_HG129_METALS_SI
DRAWN BY K. Masterson 01/05/07
OFFICE MNRVL

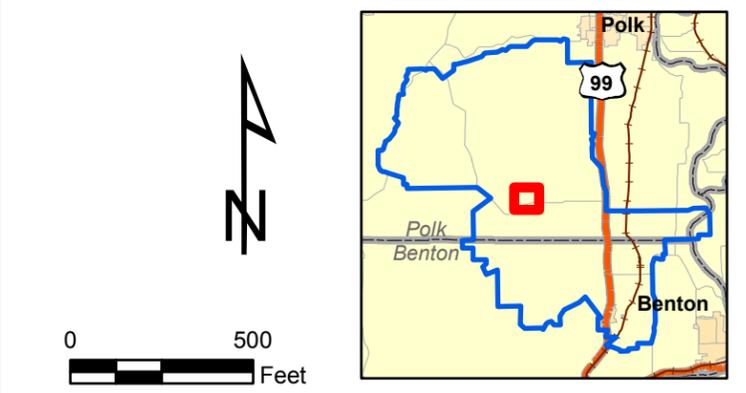


Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
- Live Hand Grenade Court No. 129 AOC Boundary
- Range Comple No. 1 AOC Boundary
- Range Complex No. 2 AOC Boundary
- Range Complex No. 4 AOC Boundary
- Reported MEC Find
- Sediment Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Soil Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
- Reconnaissance Pathway

NOTES:

- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.



REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

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FIGURE 5-13
LIVE HAND GRENADE COURT NO. 129
SAMPLE LOCATIONS AND METALS RESULTS
 CAMP ADAIR

OFFICE MNRVL
DRAWN BY K. Masterson
DRAWING NUMBER CampAdair_112_fig5_14_ _
WLHG_METALS_SI
DATE 01/05/07

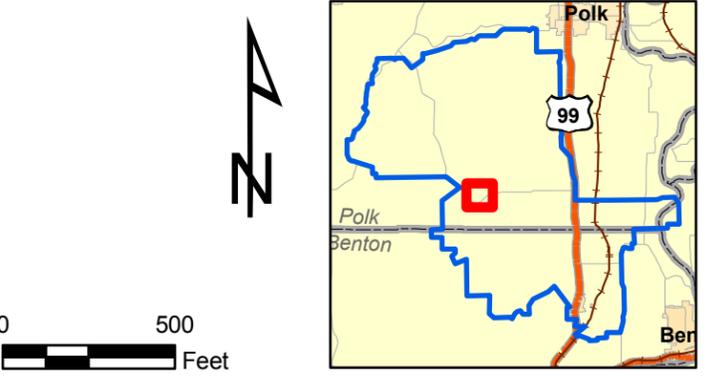


Legend

-  Camp Adair FUDS Boundary
-  West Live Hand Grenade Court AOC Boundary
-  Range Complex No. 2 AOC Boundary
-  Range Complex No. 4 AOC Boundary
-  Reported MEC Find
-  Sediment Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
-  Soil Sample Results Less than Background and/or Less than Eco or Human Health Screening Values
-  Reconnaissance Pathway

NOTES:

- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 & 2006. The photo for Polk County was dated 2005 and the Benton County photo is 2006.

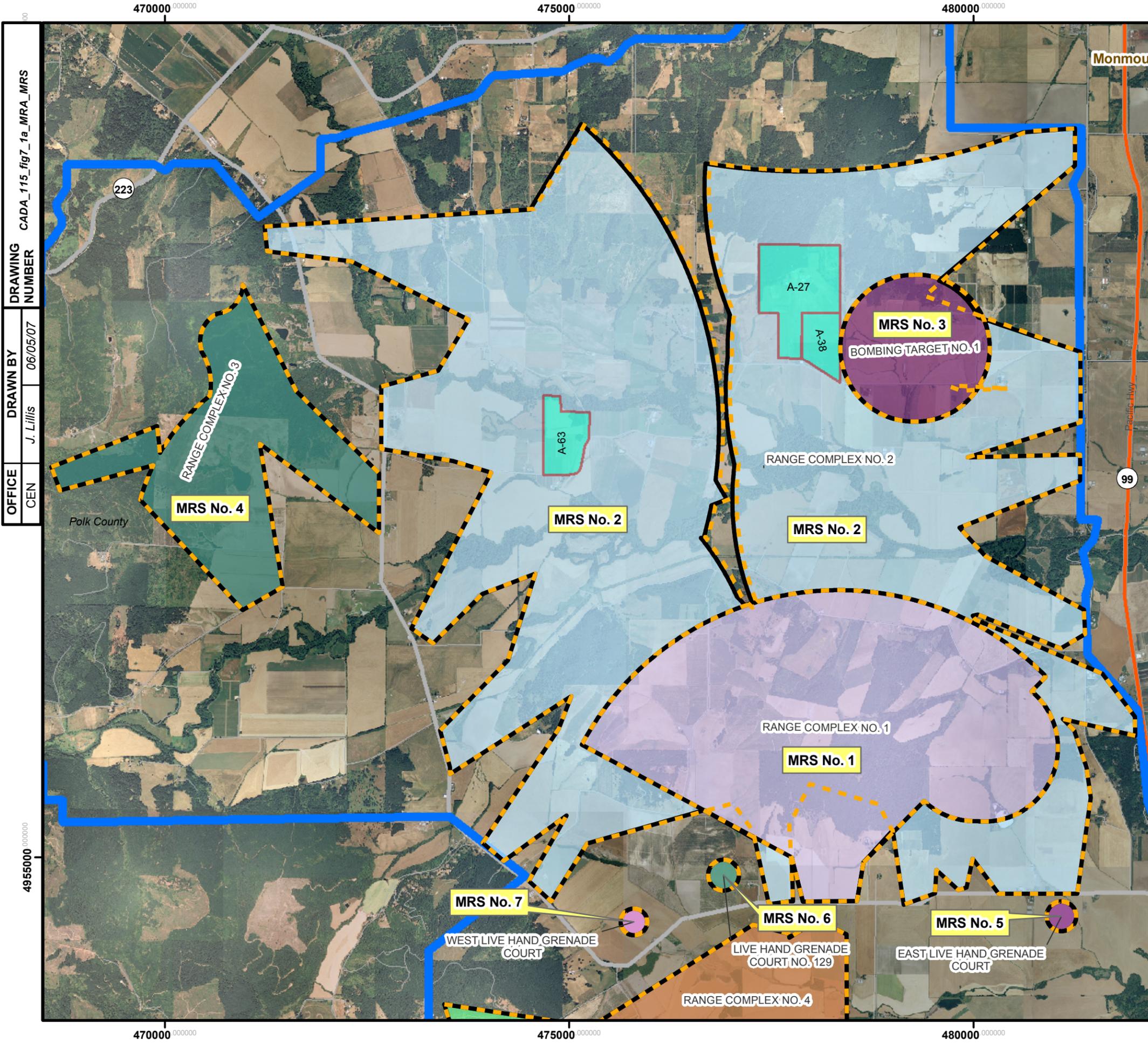


REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N



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FIGURE 5-14
WEST LIVE HAND GRENADE COURT
SAMPLE LOCATIONS AND METALS RESULTS
 CAMP ADAIR



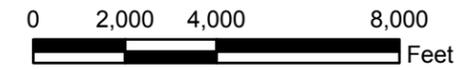
OFFICE: CEN
 DRAWN BY: J. Lillis
 DRAWING NUMBER: 06/05/07
 CADA_115_fig7_1a_MRA_MRS

Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Property
- ASR Supplement Ranges
- MRA/MRS Boundaries
- Impact Areas

NOTES:

- 1) AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- 2) Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 (Benton County) and 2006 (Polk County).



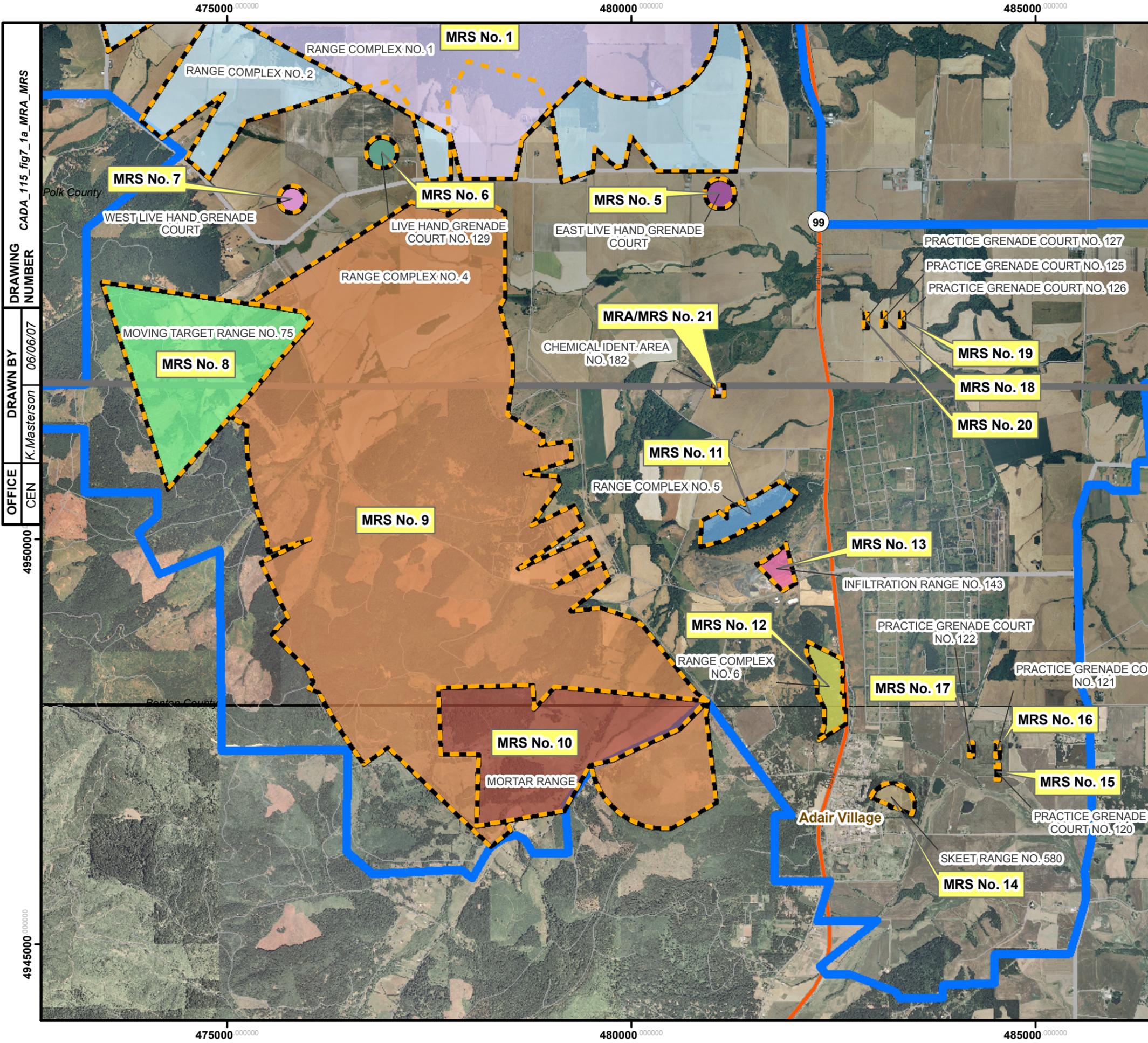
REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
 OMAHA DESIGN CENTER

FIGURE 7-1a
MRA/MRS BOUNDARIES
NORTHERN RANGES

CAMP ADAIR

Shaw Environmental, Inc.



DRAWING NUMBER: CADA_115_fig7_1a_MRA_MRS
 DRAWN BY: K. Masterson
 DATE: 06/06/07
 OFFICE: CEN

Legend

- Camp Adair FUDS Property
- ASR Supplement Ranges
- MRA/MRS Boundaries
- Impact Areas

NOTES:

- AOC boundaries were derived from the Camp Adair ASR Supplement.
- Aerial photos were obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Service Center Agencies; photo is from the USDA-AFPO National Agricultural Inventory Project (NAIP), 2005 (Benton County) and 2006 (Polk County).

0 2,000 4,000 8,000 Feet

REFERENCE/PROJECTION: NAD 83 UTM Zone 10N

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
OMAHA DESIGN CENTER

FIGURE 7-1b
MRA/MRS BOUNDARIES
SOUTHERN RANGES
 CAMP ADAIR

Tables

**Table 1-1
Ranges and Range IDs
Camp Adair**

Range Type	Range Name	Sub-Range Name	Range ID	Approximate Area (acres)	UTM Coordinates (meters)	
Small Arms Ranges	Skeet Range No. 580		F10OR002903R01	29	N 4946734.79 E 483365.00	
	Infiltration Range No. 143		F10OR002903R05	34	N 4949645.55 E 481823.14	
	Range Complex No. 4	Entire Range		F10OR002903R19	5391	N 4950504.85 E 477424.57
		Known Distance Range No. 1		F10OR002903R19-SR01	561	N 4948430.22 E 477743.09
		Known Distance Range No. 2		F10OR002903R19-SR02	551	N 4948776.45 E 477557.19
		Known Distance Range No. 3		F10OR002903R19-SR03	544	N 4949159.78 E 477351.64
		Known Distance Range No. 4		F10OR002903R19-SR04	551	N 4950642.19 E 476980.56
		Thompson Sub MG Range No. 50		F10OR002903R19-SR05	519	N 4947098.43 E 480434.21
		Thompson Sub MG Range No. 50A		F10OR002903R19-SR06	714	N 4952141.79 E 477865.89
		Mini A-A Range No. 60, 61, 62		F10OR002903R19-SR07	275	N 4948388.37 E 479196.06
		Mini A-A Range No. 65, 66, 67		F10OR002903R19-SR08	474	N 4948584.96 E 479473.73
		Anti Aircraft Range No. 70		F10OR002903R19-SR09	1680	N 4952133.31 E 476765.89
		Field Combat Range No. 80		F10OR002903R19-SR10	374	N 4948321.92 E 476948.07
		Field Combat Range No. 80A		F10OR002903R19-SR11	1145	N 4948903.73 E 478235.56
		Field Combat Range No. 80B		F10OR002903R19-SR12	945	N 4948438.96 E 477010.12
		Field Combat Range No. 81		F10OR002903R19-SR13	450	N 4950228.90 E 479628.47
		Infiltration Range No. 141		F10OR002903R19-SR14	1233	N 4951204.70 E 476720.74
		Transition Course No. 160		F10OR002903R19-SR15	1133	N 4952433.68 E 477334.53
		Close Combat Course No. 170		F10OR002903R19-SR16	1053	N 4949839.19 E 477188.97
		Range Complex No. 5	Entire Range		F10OR002903R20	64
	1000-in MG Range No. 20, 21, 22, 23			F10OR002903R20-SR01	28	N 4950122.91 E 481065.27

Table 1-1 (cont.)

Range Type	Range Name	Sub-Range Name	Range ID	Approximate Area (acres)	UTM Coordinates (meters)
Small Arms Ranges (Continued)	Range Complex No. 5 (continued)	1000-in Anti Tank Range No. 45, 46	F10OR002903R20-SR02	27	N 4950260.94 E 481645.15
		1000-in Anti Tank Range No. 40, 41	F10OR002903R20-SR03	27	N 4950368.32 E 481561.11
		1000-in Pistol Range No. 15	F10OR002903R20-SR04	26	N 4950457.37 E 481715.40
		1000-in Range No. 35, 36, 37	F10OR002903R20-SR05	23	N 4950454.03 E 481805.61
	Range Complex No. 6	Entire Range	F10OR002903R21	77	N 4948187.48 E 482428.79
		1000-in Pistol Range No. 11	F10OR002903R21-SR01	36	N 4948452.99 E 448372.23
		1000-in Range No. 30, 31, 32	F10OR002903R21-SR02	29	N 4948239.99 E 482406.92
		1000-in Landscape Range No. 33	F10OR002903R21-SR03	24	N 4948036.25 E 482443.79
		1000-in Landscape Range No. 34	F10OR002903R21-SR04	22	N 4947820.18 E 482470.82
	Explosive Munitions Ranges	Bombing Target No. 1		F10OR002903R13	649
Mortar Range			F10OR002903R14	793	N 4947540.61 E 478953.06
Moving Target Range No. 75			F10OR002903R15	802	N 4952193.89 E 474603.57
Range Complex No. 1		Entire Range	F10OR002903R16	3354	N 4956623.96 E 478233.01
		Fortified Training Area No. 76	F10OR002903R16-SR01	3043	N 4956677.12 E 478026.54
		Bombing Target No. 2	F10OR002903R16-SR02	649	N 4956380.73 E 479975.59
Range Complex No. 2		Entire Range	F10OR002903R17	11452	N 4959733.31 E 476744.90
		Field Combat Range No. 51	F10OR002903R17-SR01	375	N 4955003.52 E 479320.43
		Moving Target Range No. 79A	F10OR002903R17-SR02	1462	N 4959631.53 E 475078.91
		Moving Target Range No. 79B	F10OR002903R17-SR03	3092	N 4961133.00 E 475170.39
		Field Combat Range No. 83	F10OR002903R17-SR04	58	N 4954790.37 E 477542.92
		Field Combat Range No. 84	F10OR002903R17-SR05	619	N 4958146.75 E 479642.59
		Field Combat Range No. 84A	F10OR002903R17-SR06	1331	N 4958914.15 E 478968.14
		Field Combat Range No. 85	F10OR002903R17-SR07	547	N 4955455.65 E 480792.88

Table 1-1 (cont.)

Range Type	Range Name	Sub-Range Name	Range ID	Approximate Area (acres)	UTM Coordinates (meters)
Explosive Munitions Ranges (continued)	Range Complex No. 2 (continued)	Field Combat Range No. 86	F10OR002903R17-SR08	852	N 4957278.37 E 475575.40
		Field Combat Range No. 86A	F10OR002903R17-SR09	1505	N 4958149.42 E 475339.13
		Field Combat Range No. 87	F10OR002903R17-SR10	1173	N 4961105.82 E 4480669.08
		Field Combat Range No. 87A	F10OR002903R17-SR11	1721	N 4959998.68 E 478523.44
		Field Combat Range No. 87B	F10OR002903R17-SR12	1562	N 4959427.55 E 478609.44
		Field Combat Range No. 88	F10OR002903R17-SR13	1853	N 4962670.61 E 478598.23
		Field Combat Range No. 89B	F10OR002903R17-SR14	1184	N 4962326.36 E 474032.82
		Mortar Range No. 90	F10OR002903R17-SR15	249	N 4955412.05 E 475443.01
		Infiltration Range No. 142	F10OR002903R17-SR16	118	N 4955150.79 E 479582.57
	Range Complex No. 3	Entire Range	F10OR002903R18	1324	N 4959902.89 E 470791.63
		Field Combat Range No. 89	F10OR002903R18-SR01	709	N 4959492.73 E 470665.89
		Field Combat Range No. 89A	F10OR002903R18-SR02	103	N 4959933.89 E 469358.30
		Field Combat Range No. 89C	F10OR002903R18-SR03	573	N 4960544.54 E 471441.86
	Practice Grenade Courts	Practice Grenade Court No. 122		F10OR002903R02	2.1
Practice Grenade Court No. 120			F10OR002903R03	2.1	N 4947139.20 E 484528.50
Practice Grenade Court No. 121			F10OR002903R04	2.1	N 4947423.09 E 484522.58
Practice Grenade Court No. 127			F10OR002903R07	2.1	N 4952719.00 E 482885.47
Practice Grenade Court No. 125			F10OR002903R08	2.1	N 4952730.73 E 483116.47
Practice Grenade Court No. 126			F10OR002903R09	2.1	N 4952733.24 E 483340.85
Live Hand Grenade Courts	East Live Hand Grenade Court		F10OR002903R10	25	N 4954269.90 E 481088.45
	Live Hand Grenade Court No. 129		F10OR002903R11	25	N 4954780.25 E 476911.76
	West Live Hand Grenade Court		F10OR002903R12	25	N 4954201.13 E 4758801.27
Chemical Ident. Area	Chemical Ident. Area No. 182		F10OR002903R06	6	N 4951829.25 E 481063.68

UTM Zone No. 10
Datum NAD 83

**Table 2-1
Munitions Information
Camp Adair**

AOC	Munitions	Munitions Constituents
Range Complex No. 4	50-caliber Machine Gun	Lead, Single (nitrocellulose)- or double-base (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin) propellant, Perchlorate
	Small Arms General	Lead, Single (nitrocellulose)- or double-base (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin) propellant
Range Complex No. 5	50-caliber Machine Gun	Lead, Single (nitrocellulose)- or double-base (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin) propellant, Perchlorate
	Small Arms General	Lead, Single (nitrocellulose)- or double-base (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin) propellant
Range Complex No. 6	Small Arms General	Lead, Single (nitrocellulose)- or double-base (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin) propellant
Skeet Range No. 580	Small Arms General	Lead, Single (nitrocellulose)- or double-base (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin) propellant; PAH (from targets)
Infiltration Range No. 143	Small Arms General	Lead, Single (nitrocellulose)- or double-base (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin) propellant
	Explosives Dynamite Commercial	Nitroglycerin (NG)
	Blasting Caps Electrical and Nonelectrical M6 & M7	Lead styphnate, smokeless powder, RDX
Range Complex No. 1	50-caliber Machine Gun	Lead, Single (nitrocellulose)- or double-base (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin) propellant, Perchlorate
	Small Arms General	Lead, Single (nitrocellulose)- or double-base (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin) propellant
	Mk II Hand Grenade Frag	TNT, flaked or granular, older models used E.C. Blankfire smokeless powder (nitrocellulose, potassium nitrate, barium nitrate, starch, diphenylamine), M204 (fuze), Perchlorate, Iron
	M21 Practice Hand Grenade	Black powder (potassium nitrate, sulfur, charcoal), Perchlorate, Iron
	100-lb Bomb, GP Mk 1	TNT, steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel., molybdenum)
	500-lb Bomb, GP, Mk 12	TNT, Amatol (TNT and ammonium nitrate), and Tritonal (TNT and aluminum powder), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel., molybdenum)
	AN-M30 General Purpose Bomb, 100-lb	TNT, steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel., molybdenum)
	AN-Mk5, AN-Mk 23, AN-Mk43, Prac	Black powder (potassium nitrate, sulfur, charcoal), red phosphorus, cast iron
	M38A2, Practice bomb, 100-lb	3-lb Spotting charge (black powder), Single (nitrocellulose)- or double-base (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin) propellant, steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel., molybdenum)
	Signal, Practice Bomb Mk 4	Nitrocellulose, Red phosphorus. steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel., molybdenum)
Spotting Charge, M1A1	Black powder (potassium nitrate, sulfur, and charcoal)	

Table 2-1 (Cont.)

AOC	Munitions	Munitions Constituents
Range Complex No. 1	M6A1 Rocket HEAT 2.36-inch	Pentolite (pentaerythritol tetranitrate [PETN] and TNT), Ballistite (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin), M400 (fuze), sheet metal (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel)
	M6A3 Rocket HEAT 2.36-inch	Pentolite (PETN and TNT), Ballistite (nitroglycerin and nitrocellulose), M400 (fuze), sheet metal (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel)
	M7A1 Practice Rocket 2.36-inch	5 sticks of Ballistite (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin), Perchlorate, sheet metal (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel)
	M7A3 Practice Rocket 2.36-inch	5 sticks of Ballistite (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin) , sheet metal (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	105-mm HE M1	Black powder (potassium nitrate, sulfur, charcoal), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	155-mm HE M107	TNT and Composition B (TNT and RDX), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	37-mm HE M54	FNH powder (nitrocellulose), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	57-mm APC-T M86	FNH powder (nitrocellulose), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	Large Caliber (37-mm and Larger) (Incendiary Smoke)	FNH powder (nitrocellulose) (propelling charge), white phosphorus, steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	60-mm HE M49	TNT, Ballistite (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	81-mm HE M43	TNT, Ballistite (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	Mortars (incendiary, illumination, smoke)	White phosphorus, steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	Explosives TNT	TNT
Blasting Caps Electrical and Nonelectrical M6 & M7	Lead styphnate, smokeless powder, RDX	
Range Complex No. 2	50-caliber Machine Gun	Lead, Single(nitrocellulose)- or double-base (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin) propellant, Perchlorate
	Small Arms General	Lead, Single (nitrocellulose)- or double-base (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin) propellant
	105-mm HE M1	TNT and Composition B (TNT and RDX), steel (iron, chromium, nickel, molybdenum)
	105-mm HEAT-T M622	Composition B (TNT and RTX), steel (iron, chromium, nickel, molybdenum)
	155-mm HE M107	TNT and Composition B (TNT and RDX), steel (iron, chromium, nickel, molybdenum)
	37-mm HE M54	FNH powder (nitrocellulose), steel (iron, chromium, nickel, molybdenum)

AOC	Munitions	Munitions Constituents
	57-mm APC-T M86	FNH powder (nitrocellulose), steel (iron, chromium, nickel, molybdenum), steel (iron, chromium, nickel, molybdenum)
	60-mm HE M49	TNT, Ballistite (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	81-mm HE M43	TNT, Ballistite (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	60-mm Illuminating M721	White phosphorus, steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	60-mm Practice M50A2	Inert with Black powder (potassium nitrate, sulfur, charcoal), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	81-mm TP M43A1	Inert with Black powder (potassium nitrate, sulfur, charcoal), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	Explosives-Commercial Dynamite	Nitroglycerin
	Blasting Caps Electrical and Nonelectrical M6 & M7	Lead styphnate, smokeless powder, RDX

Table 2-1 (Cont.)

AOC	Munitions	Munitions Constituents
Bombing Target No. 1	AN-M30 General Purpose Bomb, 100-lb	TNT, steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	100-lb Bomb, GP, Mk 1	TNT, steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	500-lb Bomb, GP, Mk 12	TNT, Amatol (TNT and ammonium nitrate), and Tritonal (TNT and aluminum powder)
	AN-Mk5, AN-Mk 23, AN-Mk43, Practice Bombs	Black powder (potassium nitrate, sulfur, charcoal), Red phosphorus, cast iron
	M38A2, Practice bomb, 100-lb	3-lb Spotting charge (black powder), Single (nitrocellulose)- or double-base (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin) propellant, steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	105-mm, Fixed HE M38	Black powder (potassium nitrate, sulfur, charcoal), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	155-mm HE MkI	TNT, steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
Range Complex No. 3	50-caliber Machine Gun	Lead, Single (nitrocellulose)- or double-base (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin) propellant, Perchlorate
	Small Arms General	Lead, Single (nitrocellulose)- or double-base (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin) propellant;
	105-mm HE M1	TNT and Composition B (TNT and RDX), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	155-mm HE M107	TNT and Composition B (TNT and RDX), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	37-mm HE M54	FNH powder (nitrocellulose), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	57-mm APC-T M86	FNH powder (nitrocellulose), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	60-mm HE M49	TNT, Ballistite (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	81-mm HE M43	TNT, Ballistite (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	60-mm Practice M50A2	Inert with Black powder (potassium nitrate, sulfur, charcoal), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
Mortar Range	81-mm TP M43A1	Inert with Black powder (potassium nitrate, sulfur, charcoal), steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	Small Arms General	Lead, Single (nitrocellulose)- or double-base (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin)
Moving Target Range No. 75	60-mm HE M49	TNT, Ballistite (nitrocellulose and nitroglycerin)
	75-mm Gun HE M48	TNT, FNH (nitrocellulose) powder, steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
East Live Hand Grenade Court	37-mm AP M74	FNH (nitrocellulose) powder, steel (iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum)
	Mk II Hand Grenade Frag	TNT, flaked or granular, older models used E.C. Blankfire smokeless powder, M204 (fuze), Perchlorate, cast iron
	M21 Practice Hand Grenade	Black powder (potassium nitrate, sulfur, charcoal), Perchlorate, cast iron

AOC	Munitions	Munitions Constituents
West Live Hand Grenade Court	Mk II Hand Grenade Frag	TNT, flaked or granular, older models used E.C. Blankfire smokeless powder, M204 (Fuze), Perchlorate, cast iron
	M21 Practice Hand Grenade	Black powder (potassium nitrate, sulfur, charcoal), Perchlorate, cast iron
Live Hand Grenade Court No. 129	Mk II Hand Grenade Frag	TNT, flaked or granular, older models used E.C. Blankfire smokeless powder, Perchlorate, cast iron
	M21 Practice Hand Grenade	Black powder (potassium nitrate, sulfur, charcoal), Perchlorate, cast iron

Table 2-1 (Cont.)

AOC	Munitions	Munitions Constituents
Practice Grenade Court No. 120	M21 Practice Hand Grenade	Black powder (potassium nitrate, sulfur, charcoal), Perchlorate, cast iron
	Mk 1A1 Practice Hand Grenade	Inert, cast iron
Practice Grenade Court No. 121	M21 Practice Hand Grenade	Black powder (potassium nitrate, sulfur, charcoal), Perchlorate, cast iron
	Mk 1A1 Training Hand Grenade	Inert, cast iron
Practice Grenade Court No. 122	M21 Practice Hand Grenade	Black powder (potassium nitrate, sulfur, charcoal), Perchlorate, cast iron
	Mk 1A1 Practice Hand Grenade	Inert, cast iron
Practice Grenade Court No. 125	M21 Practice Hand Grenade	Black powder (potassium nitrate, sulfur, charcoal), Perchlorate, cast iron
	Mk 1A1 Practice Hand Grenade	Inert, cast iron
Practice Grenade Court No. 126	M21 Practice Hand Grenade	Black Powder (potassium nitrate, sulfur, charcoal), Perchlorate, cast iron
	Mk 1A1 Training Hand Grenade	Inert, cast iron
Practice Grenade Court No. 127	M21 Practice Hand Grenade	Black Powder (potassium nitrate, sulfur, charcoal), Perchlorate, cast iron
	Mk 1A1 Training Hand Grenade	Inert, cast iron
Chemical Identification Area No. 182	Pot Tear Gas M1	Chloracetophenone mixture
	Capsule Riot Control CS	2-chlorobenzalmalononitrile
	Chemical Agent Identification Set, Instructional M1	Mustard, Chlorpicrin, Lewisite, Adamsite, Chloracetophenone, Triphosgene
	Chemical Agent Identification Set, Detonation M1	Mustard, Lewisite, Chlorpicrin, and Phosgene
	Chemical ID, Toxic Gas Set M1 (K941)	24 bottles of 32 ounces of Mustard or Distilled Mustard
	Toxic Chemical Munitions	Mustard, distilled mustard

Table 2-2
Army Checklist for Important Ecological Places ^a
Camp Adair

		Yes / No	Comments
1	Locally important ecological place identified by the Integrated Natural Resource Management Plan, BRAC Cleanup Plan or Redevelopment Plan, or other official land management plans	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
2	Critical habitat for Federal designated endangered or threatened species	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
3	Marine Sanctuary	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
4	National Park	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
5	Designated Federal Wilderness Area	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
6	Areas identified under the Coastal Zone Management Act	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
7	Sensitive Areas identified under the National Estuary Program or Near Coastal Waters Program	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
8	Critical areas identified under the Clean Lakes Program	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
9	National Monument	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
10	National Seashore Recreational Area	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
11	National Lakeshore Recreational Area	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
12	Habitat known to be used by Federal designated or proposed endangered or threatened species	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/>	Two federally listed plants grow at Camp Adair: <i>Sidalcea nelsoniana</i> (Nelson's checkermallow) and <i>Lupinus sulphureus ssp. kincaidii</i> (Kincaid's lupine). Seasonal use by bald eagles in winter when fields are flooded.
13	National preserve	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
14	National or State Wildlife Refuge	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/>	State wildlife refuge within FUDS but outside of AOCs (E.E. Wilson Wildlife Refuge).
15	Unit of Coastal Barrier Resources System	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
16	Coastal Barrier (undeveloped)	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
17	Federal land designated for protection of natural ecosystems	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
18	Administratively Proposed Federal Wilderness Area	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
19	Spawning areas critical for the maintenance of fish/shellfish species within river, lake, or coastal tidal waters	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
20	Migratory pathways and feeding areas critical for maintenance of anadromous fish species within river reaches or areas in lakes or coastal tidal waters in which fish spend extended periods of time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/>	Luckiamute River flows through the site.

Table 2-2 (cont.)

		Yes / No	Comments
21	Terrestrial areas utilized for breeding by large or dense aggregations of animals	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
22	National river reach designated as Recreational	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
23	Habitat known to be used by state designated endangered or threatened species	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/>	Two state listed plants grow at Camp Adair: <i>Sidalcea nelsoniana</i> (Nelson's checkermallow) and <i>Lupinus sulphureus ssp. kincaidii</i> (Kincaid's lupine). Seasonal use by bald eagles in winter when fields are flooded.
24	Habitat known to be used by species under review as to its Federal endangered or threatened status	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
25	Coastal Barrier (partially developed)	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
26	Federally designated Scenic or Wild River	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
27	State land designated for wildlife or game management	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/>	Oregon State University Forest. McDonald – Dunn Forest
28	State-designated Scenic or Wild River	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
29	State-designated Natural Areas	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
30	Particular areas, relatively small in size, important to maintenance of unique biotic communities	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
31	State-designated areas for protection or maintenance of aquatic life	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
32	Wetlands	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/>	Wetlands likely along Luckiamute River.
33	Fragile landscapes, land sensitive to degradation if vegetative habitat or cover diminishes	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

a – Based on EPA, 1990, 55 FR 51624, Table 4-23 – Sensitive Environments Rating Values, Dec. 14, 1990; EPA, 1997, ERAGS, Exhibit 1-1 List of Sensitive Environments

**Table 2-3
Reports of MEC Found at Camp Adair, Post-Clearance Ordnance Finds**

MEC	Location	Comments	Reference
2.36-inch Anti-tank rocket	Found by local residents in area of Parade Field, N44 42' 48" W123 13' 24", central portion of Camp Adair adjacent to Highway 99		ASR, p. 44
Fuzed 81mm Mortar and several other duds	Found by Mr. Doughty, resident	22 August 1951, fuzed 81 mm mortar ("definitely dangerous") and several other duds ("harmless practice shells").	ASR, p. 44-45, 48, App. E, pg. E-138-140
81mm White phosphorous mortar	Found by Mr. Conley, resident	11 June 1986, 81mm white phosphorous mortar burned when unearthed by plow. Based on newspaper article dated 11 June, incident occurred on Monday, 9 June 1986.	ASR, p. 45, 48, App. G, pg. G-41.
MK I Illumination grenade	29175 Coffin Butte Rd, Landfill	15 Aug 1997	ASR, p. 61-62
Mortar round	N44 41' 43", W123 12' 32	Mortar round found when ponds dug in cantonment area	ASR, p. 78, Photo 3
Mortar round	Coffin Butte area	Found by Mr. Breniman, resident	ASR, p. 79-80
Duds	Impact area of Mortar Ranges No. 76 & 83	Duds found by farmers on land managed by Mr. Kennel	ASR, p. 81, Photo #29
60mm Mortar round	Range Complex No. 2	60mm mortar round found by ASR inspection team on fence. Several burned 81mm rounds found in burn pile.	ASR, p. 81, Photos 30-31
Duds	Range Complex No. 2	Mr. Kennel named another landowner who reportedly found several duds. ASR interviewed the next farm owner west on Seuver Rd from Mr. Kennel who gave locations of several duds he found.	ASR, App. H, pg. 81.
Smoke rounds	14080 Airlie Rd, Monmouth	Louis Hamilton, farmer/landowner found OE, mostly smoke rounds, also tracers set off when hit by tractor. EOD responded twice.	ASR, App. H, pg. H-13
OE nonspecific	Arnie Poppets, landowner	Reportedly found OE.	ASR, App. H, pg. H-13
OE non-specific	Ray Tarter, resident on Airlie Rd.	Reportedly found OE.	ASR, App. H, pg. H-13
Several 60mm mortars (practice)	EE Wilson Wildlife Area	Dave Budeau, manager of EE Wilson Wildlife Area excavating south of his house, Oregon State Police responded.	ASR, App. H, pg. H-14

Table 2-3 (cont.)

MEC	Location	Comments	Reference
105mm Howitzer shell	Earl Kennel (farmer near Seuver)	Newspaper article by Chuck Westlund. ASR incorrectly dates this 22 April 1973, but article described activity “since 1986.” “Farmers have dug up Army munitions in fields surrounding Adair for years.” Shell dug up in late 1970s or early 1980s.	ASR, App. G-14, pp. G-48-49
Mortar shell	Reported on state agricultural land, S9, T10S, R5W.		TPP meeting
White phosphorus in soil	Coffin Butte Landfill	White phosphorus dug up during excavation for landfill, soil allowed to burn	Emcon, 1994, Letter Report, Phosphorus Treatment and Disposal, letter to Mr. Bill Webber, Valley Landfills

Apparent “duds” summarized in ASR text, generally referring to Army maps dating to 1940s—i.e., duds found prior to or during Army clearance activities (p. 67):

1. ASR, p. 24. Dud 2.36 inch rocket found less than ½ mile from No. 40 1000-inch Anti-Tank Range and No. 41 1000-inch Anti-Tank Range at Coffin Butte.
2. ASR, p. 29. No. 79A-Moving Target Range. Several 105mm and duds were found on the impact area.
3. ASR, p. 29. No. 79B-Moving Target Range. Dud 105mm rounds were found on the impact area.
4. ASR, p. 31. No. 86-Field Combat Range. 60mm dud found (Map #1).
5. ASR, p. 31. No. 87-Field Combat Range (Pits). 105mm dud found (Map #1).
6. ASR, p. 31. No. 88-Field Combat Range (Pit). 105mm dud found in area (Map #1-other range fans intersect).
7. ASR, p. 32. No. 90 Mortar Range. 60mm dud found (Map #1).
8. ASR, p. 32. No. 91 Mortar Range. 60 mm dud (Map #1).
9. ASR, p. 36: “Hand grenade duds were found by local residents in this area [Live Hand Grenade Court No. 129].”
10. ASR, p. 47-48. Certificates of Clearance. 21 March 1947. Camp inspected/cleared. Tract A-38, S part Tract A-27, Tract A-63 restrictions recommended [impact areas]. 21 October 1948: cantonment cleared based on type of use. First inspection Aug-Oct 1944: 1397 duds found on artillery ranges. Second inspection Oct-Nov 1946 found additional duds/practice rounds (specifics listed, 72 total).

Table 5-A
Background Summary Statistics for Soil and Maximum Background Concentrations for
Groundwater and Sediment
Camp Adair

Metal	Soil Background Concentration	Sediment Background Concentration	Groundwater Background Concentration
	95th UTL/95th Percentile ^a (Based on 10 Samples) (mg/kg)	Maximum Concentration from 3 Samples ^b (mg/kg)	Maximum Concentration from 2 Samples ^b ug/L
Aluminum	71,400	36900	65.1
Antimony	< 0.83	<0.14	<0.17
Arsenic	18.1	6	1.3
Barium	472	173	20
Beryllium	1.67	0.84	<0.028
Cadmium	0.996	0.85	<0.17
Calcium	7,920	8060	17800
Chromium	153	100	<1.3
Cobalt	108	45.8	0.28
Copper	203	134	9.7
Iron	119,000	76000	188
Lead	29.5	11.1	0.5
Magnesium	28,900	12000	6850
Manganese	4,100	1290	85.2
Mercury	0.060	0.049	<0.034
Molybdenum	1.36	0.56	1.8
Nickel	148	44.2	1.8
Potassium	3,810	1660	469
Selenium	< 4.7	1	<0.75
Silver	0.21	0.13	<0.029
Sodium	614	483	97900
Strontium	57.1	52.4	73.8
Thallium	0.33	0.22	<0.074
Titanium	19,900	4610	5.4
Vanadium	427	244	4.6
Zinc	141	92.4	45.3

Note: 95th UTLs are provided for analytes with normal or lognormal distributions. 95th percentiles are provided for analytes with distributions that are neither normal nor lognormal, or that have greater than 15 percent nondetects (per EPA, 1989)

mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram.

ug/L - micrograms per liter

UTL - Upper tolerance limit.

< - analytical result was less than value indicated (reporting limit)

^a Supporting calculations for soil background values are provided in Appendix L

^b Background sample analytical results provided in Appendix G

**Table 5-1
Site Inspection Sampling Summary
Camp Adair**

Location	Sample Number	UTM Northing	UTM Easting	Sample Purpose	Matrix	Sample Date	Start Depth (ft)	End Depth (ft)	Laboratory Sample Number	Lead by SW-846 6020A	Perchlorate by LC/MS *	PAHs by SW8270C (Low Level)	TAL Metals (Including Strontium and Titanium) by SW-846 6020A	Selected Metals ** by SW-846 6020A	Mercury by SW-846 7470A / 7471A	Explosives (Including Nitroglycerine & PETN) by SW-846 8330A (Modified)
Range Complex No. 4																
017A001	NWO-017-0001	4949264.06	479262.19	REG	SS	24-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608163-010	X						
017A002	NWO-017-0002	4949687.06	479048.26	REG	SS	31-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	609019-001	X						
017A003	NWO-017-0003	4950078.97	478856.67	REG	SS	31-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	609019-002	X						
017A004	NWO-017-0004	4950525.11	478673.70	REG	SS	31-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	609019-007	X						
017A005	NWO-017-0005	4952050.26	478198.20	REG	SS	31-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	609019-003	X						
017A006	NWO-017-0006	4951437.78	476879.62	REG	SS	31-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	609019-006	X						
	NWO-017-0007	4951437.78	476879.62	FD	SS	31-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	609019-005	X						
017A007	NWO-017-0008	4950308.61	476764.63	REG	SS	24-Aug-06	0	0.5	608163-011	X						
017A008	NWO-017-0009	4953898.38	477982.29	REG	SS	6-Sep-06	0.08	0.5	609053-006	X						
017A009	NWO-017-1001	4952743.53	478075.31	REG	SD	31-Aug-06	1	3	609019-004	X						
017A010	NWO-017-3001	4949629.00	478415.48	REG	GW	20-Sep-06	0	0	609118-007	X	X					
Range Complex No. 5																
017A011	NWO-017-0010	4950133.63	480922.09	REG	SS	31-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	609019-008	X						
017A012	NWO-017-0011	4950161.35	481490.64	REG	SS	6-Sep-06	0.08	0.5	609053-012	X						
017A013	NWO-017-0012	4950373.17	481553.40	REG	SS	31-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	609019-009	X						
017A014	NWO-017-0013	4950517.08	481832.46	REG	SS	7-Sep-06	0.08	0.5	609054-001	X						
017A015	NWO-017-3002	4950119.15	480984.27	REG	GW	14-Sep-06	0	0	609093-001	X	X					
Range Complex No. 6																
017A016	NWO-017-0015R	4947810.69	482609.44	REG	SS	11-Sep-06	0.08	0.5	609053-008	X						
017A017	NWO-017-0016R	4947995.52	482565.58	REG	SS	11-Sep-06	0.08	0.5	609053-009	X						
017A018	NWO-017-0017R	4948214.11	482585.69	REG	SS	11-Sep-06	0.08	0.5	609054-009	X						
017A019	NWO-017-0018FDR	4948445.43	482561.65	FD	SS	11-Sep-06	0.17	0.5	609054-008	X						
	NWO-017-0018R	4948445.43	482561.65	REG	SS	11-Sep-06	0.07	0.5	609054-007	X						
017A020	NWO-017-3003	4948393.80	482535.11	REG	GW	12-Sep-06	0	0	609089-001	X						
	NWO-017-3004	4948393.80	482535.11	FD	GW	12-Sep-06	0	0	609089-002	X						
Skeet Range No. 580																
017A021	NWO-017-0019	4946797.01	483237.82	REG	SS	22-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608158-003	X		X				
017A022	NWO-017-0020	4946889.48	483330.87	REG	SS	22-Aug-06	0	0.5	608158-004	X		X				
017A023	NWO-017-0021	4946904.67	483184.52	REG	SS	22-Aug-06	0	0.5	608158-005	X		X				
Range Complex No. 1																
017A024	NWO-017-0022	4955215.59	478494.23	REG	SS	23-Aug-06	0.17	0.5	608156-001					X	X	X
017A025	NWO-017-0023	4956568.03	477716.90	REG	SS	23-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608156-002					X	X	X
017A026	NWO-017-0024	4956028.36	480361.84	REG	SS	24-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608163-008					X	X	X
017A027	NWO-017-0025	4956243.20	480523.65	REG	SS	24-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608163-004					X	X	X
017A028	NWO-017-1002	4955592.48	480248.09	REG	SD	24-Aug-06	0.08	0.33	608163-003					X	X	X
017A029	NWO-017-1003	4957611.28	478349.28	REG	SD	23-Aug-06	0	0.5	608156-003					X	X	X
017A030	NWO-017-3005	4957086.19	481410.07	REG	GW	20-Sep-06	0	0	609118-001		X			X	X	X
Range Complex No. 2																
017A031	NWO-017-0027	4959854.13	475860.17	REG	SS	23-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608156-004					X	X	X
017A032	NWO-017-0028	4960279.15	475158.24	REG	SS	23-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608156-005					X	X	X
017A033	NWO-017-0029	4958782.08	478535.03	REG	SS	24-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608163-007					X	X	X
017A034	NWO-017-0030	4956038.13	475261.48	REG	SS	23-Aug-06	0.17	0.5	608156-006					X	X	X
017A035	NWO-017-0031	4961417.15	478087.39	REG	SS	29-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608187-008					X	X	X
017A036	NWO-017-0032	4961777.64	477765.73	REG	SS	29-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608187-007					X	X	X
017A037	NWO-017-0033	4962688.25	473146.41	REG	SS	28-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608187-013					X	X	X
017A038	NWO-017-1004	4959564.67	478719.39	REG	SD	25-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608163-012					X	X	X
017A039	NWO-017-1005	4958794.36	481172.93	REG	SD	24-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608163-005					X	X	X
	NWO-017-1006	4958794.36	481172.93	FD	SD	24-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608163-006					X	X	X
017A040	NWO-017-3006	4959875.00	473471.03	REG	GW	19-Sep-06	0	0	609118-002		X			X	X	X
017A041	NWO-017-3007	4963356.42	479738.04	REG	GW	19-Sep-06	0	0	609118-003		X			X	X	X
Bombing Target No. 1																
017A042	NWO-017-0034	4961721.56	479042.80	REG	SS	25-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608163-001					X	X	X
017A043	NWO-017-1007	4960808.54	479127.12	REG	SD	25-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608163-002					X	X	X
017A044	NWO-017-3008	4960011.22	478691.14	REG	GW	13-Sep-06	0	0	609089-003		X			X	X	X
Range Complex No. 3																
017A045	NWO-017-0035	4959049.99	470742.77	REG	SS	28-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608187-001					X	X	X
017A046	NWO-017-0036	4959755.17	471053.68	REG	SS	28-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608187-002					X	X	X
017A047	NWO-017-0037	4959877.27	469876.02	REG	SS	29-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608187-003					X	X	X
017A048	NWO-017-0038	4960176.40	471855.85	REG	SS	28-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608187-004					X	X	X

**Table 5-1
Site Inspection Sampling Summary
Camp Adair**

Location	Sample Number	UTM Northing	UTM Easting	Sample Purpose	Matrix	Sample Date	Start Depth (ft)	End Depth (ft)	Laboratory Sample Number	Lead by SW-846 6020A	Perchlorate by LC/MS *	PAHs by SW8270C (Low Level)	TAL Metals (Including Strontium and Titanium) by SW-846 6020A	Selected Metals ** by SW-846 6020A	Mercury by SW-846 7470A / 7471A	Explosives (Including Nitroglycerine & PETN) by SW-846 8330A (Modified)
017A049	NWO-017-1008	4959051.87	471141.51	REG	SD	28-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608187-005					X	X	X
017A050	NWO-017-3009	4959360.38	472610.90	REG	GW	14-Sep-06	0	0	609093-004		X			X	X	X
Mortar Range																
017A051	NWO-017-0039R	4947296.55	478750.85	REG	SS	7-Sep-06	0.08	0.5	609054-004					X	X	X
017A052	NWO-017-0040R	4947556.31	478991.45	REG	SS	7-Sep-06	0.08	0.5	609054-005					X	X	X
	NWO-017-0040RR	4947554.59	478990.53	REG	SS	11-Sep-06	0.08	0.5	609053-011					X	X	X
	NWO-017-0040RR-ED	4947554.59	478990.53	FD	SS	11-Sep-06	0.08	0.5	609053-010					X	X	X
017A053	NWO-017-1009R	4947974.59	479814.27	REG	SD	7-Sep-06	0.08	0.52	609054-003					X	X	X
017A054	NWO-017-3010	4947337.56	478929.08	REG	GW	14-Sep-06	0	0	609093-002		X			X	X	X
Moving Target Range No. 75																
017A055	NWO-017-0041	4952187.53	474530.51	REG	SS	6-Sep-06	0.08	0.5	609053-003					X	X	X
017A056	NWO-017-0042	4952311.41	474861.13	REG	SS	6-Sep-06	0.08	0.5	609053-001					X	X	X
	NWO-017-0043	4952311.41	474861.13	FD	SS	6-Sep-06	0.08	0.5	609053-002					X	X	X
017A057	NWO-017-1010R	4952825.15	475066.23	REG	SD	7-Sep-06	0.08	0.33	609054-002					X	X	X
017A058	NWO-017-3011	4953023.32	475845.65	REG	GW	20-Sep-06	0	0	609118-005		X			X	X	X
	NWO-017-3011 FD	4953023.32	475845.65	FD	GW	20-Sep-06	0	0	609118-006		X			X	X	X
East Live Grenade Court																
017A059	NWO-017-0044	4954270.20	481085.66	REG	SS	22-Aug-06	0	0.5	608158-001					X	X	X
017A060	NWO-017-1011	4954345.61	481239.60	REG	SD	22-Aug-06	0	0.5	608158-002					X	X	X
West Live Hand Grenade Court																
017A061	NWO-017-0045	4954201.95	475801.07	REG	SS	23-Aug-06	0.17	0.5	608158-006					X	X	X
Live Hand Grenade Court No. 129																
017A062	NWO-017-0046	4954783.65	476908.26	REG	SS	22-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608156-007					X	X	X
017A063	NWO-017-1012	4954265.98	476499.73	REG	SD	23-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608156-008					X	X	X
	NWO-017-1013	4954265.98	476499.73	FD	SD	23-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608156-009					X	X	X
Background Samples																
017A064	NWO-017-5001	4946578.21	477665.78	REG	SS	7-Sep-06	0.08	0.5	609054-006				X	X	X	
017A065	NWO-017-5002	4949016.15	482496.65	REG	SS	6-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	609053-004				X	X	X	
017A066	NWO-017-5003	4949268.43	482390.02	REG	SS	6-Sep-06	0.08	0.5	609053-005				X	X	X	
017A067	NWO-017-5004	4952017.00	482993.38	REG	SS	6-Sep-06	0.08	0.5	609053-007				X	X	X	
017A068	NWO-017-5005	4959228.86	471978.64	REG	SS	28-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608187-010				X	X	X	
017A069	NWO-017-5006	4959247.72	469204.63	REG	SS	29-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608187-006				X	X	X	
017A070	NWO-017-5007	4963342.44	472135.07	REG	SS	28-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608187-011				X	X	X	
017A071	NWO-017-5008	4963706.28	475860.00	REG	SS	25-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608163-013				X	X	X	
017A072	NWO-017-5009	4963159.70	476433.49	REG	SS	25-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608163-014				X	X	X	
017A073	NWO-017-5010	4963986.52	479487.04	REG	SS	25-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608163-015				X	X	X	
	NWO-017-5011	4963986.52	479487.04	FD	SS	25-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608163-016				X	X	X	
017A074	NWO-017-5012	4950240.48	475396.19	REG	SD	24-Aug-06	0.08	0.33	608163-009				X	X	X	
017A075	NWO-017-5013	4963377.35	472286.56	REG	SD	28-Aug-06	0.08	0.5	608187-012				X	X	X	
017A076	NWO-017-5014	4952862.92	464965.27	REG	SD	29-Aug-06	0.08	0.25	608187-009				X	X	X	
017A077	NWO-017-6001	4952228.96	483059.31	REG	GW	14-Sep-06	0	0	609093-003		X		X	X	X	
017A078	NWO-017-6002	4960993.51	476715.62	REG	GW	19-Sep-06	0	0	609118-004		X			X	X	

Notes:

UTM—Universal Transverse Mercator coordinates, in meters, NAD 83, Zone 10

* DataChem internal standard operating procedure "LC/MS-CLO4-Rev2"

** Selected metals include aluminum, antimony, barium, cadmium, chromium, cobalt, copper, iron, lead, magnesium, manganese, molybdenum, nickel, strontium, titanium, and zinc

- FD - field duplicate
- MS - matrix spike
- MSD - matrix spike duplicate
- REG - regular field sample
- SDG - sample delivery group
- SS - surface soil (< 0.5ft bgs)
- SD - sediment
- SW - surface water
- GW - groundwater

**Table 5-2A
Range Complex No. 4
Groundwater Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location							017A010	
Sample Number							NWO-017-3001	
Sample Date							20-Sep-06	
Sample Purpose							REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Filtered	Units	Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Tap Water	Federal Drinking Water Criteria MCLs	Result	VQ
Metals	Lead	N	µg/L	0.5 J	No criteria	15	0.39	J

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency
PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goal
MCL - Maximum Contaminant Level
REG - regular sample
µg/L - microgram per liter
VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed.

**Table 5-2B
Range Complex No. 5
Groundwater Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location							017A015	
Sample Number							NWO-017-3002	
Sample Date							14-Sep-06	
Sample Purpose							REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Filtered	Units	Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Tap Water	Federal Drinking Water Criteria MCLs	Result	VQ
Metals	Lead	N	µg/L	0.5 J	No criteria	15	0.51	J

[**Bold Face**] - Result exceeds Maximum Concentration from media background samples

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goal

MCL - Maximum Contaminant Level

REG - regular sample

µg/L - microgram per liter

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed.

**Table 5-2C
Range Complex No. 6
Groundwater Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location							017A020		017A020	
Sample Number							NWO-017-3003		NWO-017-3004	
Sample Date							12-Sep-06		12-Sep-06	
Sample Purpose							REG		FD	
Fraction	Parameter	Filtered	Units	Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Tap Water	Federal Drinking Water Criteria MCLs	Result	VQ	Result	VQ
Metals	Lead	N	µg/L	0.5 J	No criteria	15	0.46	J	0.36	J

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency
 PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goal
 MCL - Maximum Contaminant Level
 REG - regular sample
 FD - field duplicate
 µg/L - microgram per liter
 VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed.

**Table 5-3
Range Complex No. 4
Sediment Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location						017A009	
Sample Number						NWO-017-1001	
Sample Date						31-Aug-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0 to 0.3	
Sample Purpose						REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Sediment Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples	Result	VQ
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	35	400	11.1	7	

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals
REG - regular sample
mg/kg - milligram per kilogram
VQ - validation qualifier

**Table 5-4A
Range Complex No. 4
Soil Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location						017A001		017A002		017A003		017A004		017A005	
Sample Number						NWO-017-0001		NWO-017-0002		NWO-017-0003		NWO-017-0004		NWO-017-0005	
Sample Date						24-Aug-06		31-Aug-06		31-Aug-06		31-Aug-06		31-Aug-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5	
Sample Purpose						REG		REG		REG		REG		REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile	Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Result	VQ								
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	29.5	16	400	<i>45.5</i>		13.4		73.2		4.5		<i>16.2</i>	

[**Bold**] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

FD - field duplicate

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

**Table 5-4A
Range Complex No. 4
Soil Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location						017A006		017A006		017A007		017A008	
Sample Number						NWO-017-0006		NWO-017-0007		NWO-017-0008		NWO-017-0009	
Sample Date						31-Aug-06		31-Aug-06		24-Aug-06		6-Sep-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5		0 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5	
Sample Purpose						REG		FD		REG		REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile	Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Result	VQ	Result	VQ	Result	VQ	Result	VQ
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	29.5	16	400	10.4		10.3		6.4		17	

[**Bold**] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

FD - field duplicate

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

**Table 5-4B
Range Complex No. 5
Soil Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location						017A011		017A012		017A013		017A014	
Sample Number						NWO-017-0010		NWO-017-0011		NWO-017-0012		NWO-017-0013	
Sample Date						31-Aug-06		6-Sep-06		31-Aug-06		7-Sep-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5	
Sample Purpose						REG		REG		REG		REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile	Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Result	VQ	Result	VQ	Result	VQ	Result	VQ
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	29.5	16	400	11.1		<i>19.5</i>		<i>21.4</i>		10.7	

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

**Table 5-4C
Range Complex No. 6
Soil Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location						017A016		017A017		017A018		017A019		017A019	
Sample Number						NWO-017-0015R		NWO-017-0016R		NWO-017-0017R		NWO-017-0018FDR		NWO-017-0018R	
Sample Date						11-Sep-06		11-Sep-06		11-Sep-06		11-Sep-06		11-Sep-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5		0.17 to 0.5		0.07 to 0.5	
Sample Purpose						REG		REG		REG		FD		REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile	Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Result	VQ	Result	VQ	Result	VQ	Result	VQ	Result	VQ
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	29.5	16	400	11.8		8.6		<i>29.7</i>		13.8		13.5	

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

FD - field duplicate

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Table 5-4D
Skeet Range No. 580
Soil Hits Comparison
Camp Adair

Location						017A021		017A022		017A023	
Sample Number						NWO-017-0019		NWO-017-0020		NWO-017-0021	
Sample Date						22-Aug-06		22-Aug-06		22-Aug-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0.08 to 0.5		0 to 0.5		0 to 0.5	
Sample Purpose						REG		REG		REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile	Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Result	VQ	Result	VQ	Result	VQ
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	29.5	16	400	20.1		58.4		41.1	
PAH	Acenaphthene	mg/kg	No criteria	20	3700	0.0055	J	-	-	-	-
PAH	Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	No criteria	5.21	0.62	0.036		-	-	-	-
PAH	Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	No criteria	125	0.062	0.06		-	-	-	-
PAH	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg	No criteria	59.8	0.62	0.063		-	-	-	-
PAH	Benzo(ghi)perylene	mg/kg	No criteria	119	2300	0.051		-	-	-	-
PAH	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	No criteria	148	6.2	0.017		-	-	-	-
PAH	Chrysene	mg/kg	No criteria	4.73	62	0.042		-	-	-	-
PAH	Fluoranthene	mg/kg	No criteria	0.1	2300	0.038		0.0082		-	-
PAH	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	mg/kg	No criteria	109	0.62	0.044		-	-	-	-
PAH	Phenanthrene	mg/kg	No criteria	0.1	2300	0.015		0.005	J	-	-
PAH	Pyrene	mg/kg	No criteria	0.1	2300	0.044		0.0068	J	-	-

[**Bold**] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels

- indicates analyte not detected above practical reporting limits

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

PAH - Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons

REG - regular sample

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed.

**Table 5-5A
Range Complex No. 1
Groundwater Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location							017A030	
Sample Number							NWO-017-3005	
Sample Date							20-Sep-06	
Sample Purpose							REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Filtered	Units	Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Tap Water	Federal Drinking Water Criteria MCLs	Result	VQ
Explosives	1,3-Dinitrobenzene	N	µg/L	No criteria	3.6	No criteria	0.038	J
Explosives	2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	N	µg/L	No criteria	2.2	No criteria	0.077	J
Explosives	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	N	µg/L	No criteria	0.099	No criteria	0.027	J
Explosives	2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene	N	µg/L	No criteria	7.3	No criteria	0.072	J
Explosives	4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene	N	µg/L	No criteria	7.3	No criteria	0.079	J
Explosives	HMX	N	µg/L	No criteria	1800	No criteria	0.14	J
Metals	Barium	N	µg/L	20	No criteria	No criteria	10	
Metals	Copper	N	µg/L	9.7	1500	1000	2.3	
Metals	Iron	N	µg/L	188	11000	300	36.9	J
Metals	Magnesium	N	µg/L	6850	No criteria	No criteria	7500	
Metals	Manganese	N	µg/L	85.2	880	50	32.1	
Metals	Molybdenum	N	µg/L	1.8 J	180	No criteria	0.45	J
Metals	Nickel	N	µg/L	1.8	730	No criteria	1	
Metals	Strontium	N	µg/L	73.8 J	22000	No criteria	197	J
Metals	Titanium	N	µg/L	5.4	150000	No criteria	0.9	J
Metals	Zinc	N	µg/L	45.3	11000	5000	13.8	

[**Bold Face**] - Result exceeds Maximum Concentration from media background samples

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goal

MCL - Maximum Contaminant Level

REG - regular sample

µg/L - microgram per liter

HMX - octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed.

Table 5-5B
Range Complex No. 2
Groundwater Hits Comparison
Camp Adair

Location							017A040		017A041	
Sample Number							NWO-017-3006		NWO-017-3007	
Sample Date							19-Sep-06		19-Sep-06	
Sample Purpose							REG		REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Filtered	Units	Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Tap Water	Federal Drinking Water Criteria MCLs	Result	VQ	Result	VQ
Metals	Antimony	N	µg/L	0.17 J	No criteria	No criteria	0.21	J	-	-
Metals	Barium	N	µg/L	20	No criteria	No criteria	22		35.9	
Metals	Cobalt	N	µg/L	0.28 J	730	No criteria	0.61	J	1.2	
Metals	Copper	N	µg/L	9.7	1500	1000	1.4	J	2.7	
Metals	Iron	N	µg/L	188	11000	300	893		32.3	J
Metals	Lead	N	µg/L	0.5 J	No criteria	15	0.21	J	0.38	J
Metals	Magnesium	N	µg/L	6850	No criteria	No criteria	1420		4180	
Metals	Manganese	N	µg/L	85.2	880	50	28.2		310	
Metals	Molybdenum	N	µg/L	1.8 J	180	No criteria	5.8		0.18	J
Metals	Nickel	N	µg/L	1.8	730	No criteria	3.8		3.7	
Metals	Strontium	N	µg/L	73.8 J	22000	No criteria	60.7	J	83.5	J
Metals	Titanium	N	µg/L	5.4	150000	No criteria	0.87	J	0.97	J
Metals	Zinc	N	µg/L	45.3	11000	5000	11.7		10.4	

[**Bold Face**] - Result exceeds Maximum Concentration from media background samples

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Federal Drinking Water Criteria MCLs

- indicates analyte not detected above practical quantitation limits

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goal

MCL - Maximum Contaminant Level

REG - regular sample

µg/L - microgram per liter

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed.

Table 5-5C
Bombing Target No. 1
Groundwater Hits Comparison
Camp Adair

Location							017A044	
Sample Number							NWO-017-3008	
Sample Date							13-Sep-06	
Sample Purpose							REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Filtered	Units	Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Tap Water	Federal Drinking Water Criteria MCLs	Result	VQ
Metals	Barium	N	µg/L	20	No criteria	No criteria	4	J
Metals	Cobalt	N	µg/L	0.28 J	730	No criteria	0.027	UJ
Metals	Copper	N	µg/L	9.7	1500	1000	1	J
Metals	Iron	N	µg/L	188	11000	300	22.9	J
Metals	Lead	N	µg/L	0.5 J	No criteria	15	0.81	J
Metals	Magnesium	N	µg/L	6850	No criteria	No criteria	1140	
Metals	Manganese	N	µg/L	85.2	880	50	3	
Metals	Molybdenum	N	µg/L	1.8 J	180	No criteria	0.57	J
Metals	Nickel	N	µg/L	1.8	730	No criteria	0.9	J
Metals	Strontium	N	µg/L	73.8 J	22000	No criteria	41	J
Metals	Titanium	N	µg/L	5.4	150000	No criteria	1	J

[**Bold Face**] - Result exceeds Maximum Concentration from media background samples

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goal

MCL - Maximum Contaminant Level

REG - regular sample

µg/L - microgram per liter

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed.

UJ - The compound/analyte was analyzed for, but not detected above the established reporting limit. However, review and evaluation of supporting QC data and/or sampling and analysis process have indicated that the reporting limit may be inaccurate or imprecise. The nondetect result should be estimated.

**Table 5-5D
Range Complex No. 3
Groundwater Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location							017A050	
Sample Number							NWO-017-3009	
Sample Date							14-Sep-06	
Sample Purpose							REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Filtered	Units	Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Tap Water	Federal Drinking Water Criteria MCLs	Result	VQ
Metals	Barium	N	µg/L	20	No criteria	No criteria	14.7	
Metals	Cobalt	N	µg/L	0.28 J	730	No criteria	0.018	J
Metals	Copper	N	µg/L	9.7	1500	1000	4	
Metals	Iron	N	µg/L	188	11000	300	28.7	J
Metals	Lead	N	µg/L	0.5 J	No criteria	15	0.41	J
Metals	Magnesium	N	µg/L	6850	No criteria	No criteria	1760	
Metals	Manganese	N	µg/L	85.2	880	50	16.2	
Metals	Molybdenum	N	µg/L	1.8 J	180	No criteria	0.67	J
Metals	Nickel	N	µg/L	1.8	730	No criteria	1.1	
Metals	Strontium	N	µg/L	73.8 J	22000	No criteria	63.3	J
Metals	Titanium	N	µg/L	5.4	150000	No criteria	1	J

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goal

MCL - Maximum Contaminant Level

REG - regular sample

µg/L - microgram per liter

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed.

**Table 5-5E
Mortar Range
Groundwater Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location							017A054	
Sample Number							NWO-017-3010	
Sample Date							14-Sep-06	
Sample Purpose							REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Filtered	Units	Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Tap Water	Federal Drinking Water Criteria MCLs	Result	VQ
Metals	Copper	N	µg/L	9.7	1500	1000	1.4	J
Metals	Iron	N	µg/L	188	11000	300	94.7	
Metals	Lead	N	µg/L	0.5 J	No criteria	15	0.4	J
Metals	Magnesium	N	µg/L	6850	No criteria	No criteria	13000	
Metals	Manganese	N	µg/L	85.2	880	50	39.2	
Metals	Molybdenum	N	µg/L	1.8 J	180	No criteria	0.33	J
Metals	Nickel	N	µg/L	1.8	730	No criteria	1.1	
Metals	Strontium	N	µg/L	73.8 J	22000	No criteria	115	J
Metals	Titanium	N	µg/L	5.4	150000	No criteria	2.3	

[**Bold Face**] - Result exceeds Maximum Concentration from media background samples

- EPA - Environmental Protection Agency
- PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goal
- MCL - Maximum Contaminant Level
- REG - regular sample
- µg/L - microgram per liter
- VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed.

**Table 5-5F
Moving Target Range No. 75
Groundwater Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location							017A058		017A058	
Sample Number							NWO-017-3011 FD		NWO-017-3011	
Sample Date							20-Sep-06		20-Sep-06	
Sample Purpose							FD		REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Filtered	Units	Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Tap Water	Federal Drinking Water Criteria MCLs	Result	VQ	Result	VQ
Metals	Aluminum	N	µg/L	65.1 J	36000	50	7.4	UJ	11.8	UJ
Metals	Barium	N	µg/L	20	No criteria	No criteria	19.6		20.2	
Metals	Copper	N	µg/L	9.7	1500	1000	1.6	J	1.4	J
Metals	Iron	N	µg/L	188	11000	300	30.1	J	16.3	J
Metals	Lead	N	µg/L	0.5 J	No criteria	15	0.25	J	0.24	J
Metals	Magnesium	N	µg/L	6850	No criteria	No criteria	1400		1410	
Metals	Manganese	N	µg/L	85.2	880	50	11.5		11.3	
Metals	Molybdenum	N	µg/L	1.8 J	180	No criteria	1.4	J	1.3	J
Metals	Nickel	N	µg/L	1.8	730	No criteria	1.1	J	0.29	J
Metals	Strontium	N	µg/L	73.8 J	22000	No criteria	98.3	J	101	J
Metals	Titanium	N	µg/L	5.4	150000	No criteria	0.79	J	0.85	J
Metals	Zinc	N	µg/L	45.3	11000	5000	9.2	J	18.2	J

[**Bold Face**] - Result exceeds Maximum Concentration from media background samples

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goal

MCL - Maximum Contaminant Level

REG - regular sample

FD - field duplicate

µg/L - microgram per liter

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed.

UJ - The compound/analyte was analyzed for, but not detected above the established reporting limit. However, review and evaluation of supporting QC data and/or sampling and analysis process have indicated that the reporting limit may be inaccurate or imprecise. The nondetect result should be estimated.

**Table 5-6A
Range Complex No. 1
Sediment Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location					017A028		017A029		
Sample Number					NWO-017-1002		NWO-017-1003		
Sample Date					24-Aug-06		23-Aug-06		
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)					0.08 to 0.33		0 to 0.5		
Sample Purpose					REG		REG		
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Sediment Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples	Result	VQ	Result	VQ
Metals	Aluminum	mg/kg	280	76000	36900	<i>16800</i>		<i>19200</i>	
Metals	Barium	mg/kg	48	No criteria	173	<i>163</i>		<i>142</i>	
Metals	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.003	37	0.85	<i>0.27</i>	J	<i>0.16</i>	J
Metals	Chromium	mg/kg	37	210	100	22		23.8	
Metals	Cobalt	mg/kg	230	900	45.8	12.2		12.4	
Metals	Copper	mg/kg	10	3100	134	<i>17.7</i>		<i>12.1</i>	
Metals	Iron	mg/kg	20	23000	76000	<i>18700</i>		<u>27800</u>	
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	35	400	11.1	13.8		11.9	
Metals	Magnesium	mg/kg	No criteria	No criteria	12000	2120		1730	
Metals	Manganese	mg/kg	1100	1800	1290	375		712	
Metals	Mercury	mg/kg	0.2	23	0.049	0.042		0.058	
Metals	Molybdenum	mg/kg	No criteria	390	0.56 J	0.3	J	0.36	J
Metals	Nickel	mg/kg	18	1600	44.2	12.7		10.6	
Metals	Strontium	mg/kg	1700	47000	52.4 J	22.4	J	39	
Metals	Titanium	mg/kg	98	100000	4610	<i>489</i>		<i>206</i>	
Metals	Zinc	mg/kg	3	23000	92.4	<i>41.1</i>		<i>34.3</i>	

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Sediment Ecological Screening Levels

[Underlined] - Result exceeds EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil

[**BOLD**] - Result exceeds Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

FD - field duplicate

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed

Table 5-6B
Range Complex No. 2
Sediment Hits Comparison
Camp Adair

Location						017A038	017A039	017A039			
Sample Number						NWO-017-1004	NWO-017-1005	NWO-017-1006			
Sample Date						25-Aug-06	24-Aug-06	24-Aug-06			
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0.08 to 0.5	0.08 to 0.5	0.08 to 0.5			
Sample Purpose						REG	REG	FD			
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Sediment Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples	Result	VQ	Result	VQ	Result	VQ
Metals	Aluminum	mg/kg	280	76000	36900	21500		14500		16000	
Metals	Barium	mg/kg	48	No criteria	173	<i>177</i>		125		135	
Metals	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.003	37	0.85	0.43		0.28	J	0.36	J
Metals	Chromium	mg/kg	37	210	100	26.8		17.8		19.4	
Metals	Cobalt	mg/kg	230	900	45.8	11.5		11.4		12.5	
Metals	Copper	mg/kg	10	3100	134	26.3		15.2		16.8	
Metals	Iron	mg/kg	20	23000	76000	<u>37400</u>		<u>33000</u>		<u>34400</u>	
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	35	400	11.1	11.2		9.9		10.2	
Metals	Magnesium	mg/kg	No criteria	No criteria	12000	5080		3550		3850	
Metals	Manganese	mg/kg	1100	1800	1290	284		419		475	
Metals	Mercury	mg/kg	0.2	23	0.049	0.035		0.027		0.024	J
Metals	Molybdenum	mg/kg	No criteria	390	0.56 J	0.4	J	0.33	J	0.33	J
Metals	Nickel	mg/kg	18	1600	44.2	20.8		14.4		15.5	
Metals	Strontium	mg/kg	1700	47000	52.4 J	20.1	J	16.8	J	17.5	J
Metals	Titanium	mg/kg	98	100000	4610	662		729		742	
Metals	Zinc	mg/kg	3	23000	92.4	82.4		67.2		68.3	

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Sediment Ecological Screening Levels

[Underlined]- Result exceeds EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil

[**BOLD**] - Result exceeds Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

FD - field duplicate

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed

Table 5-6C
Bombing Target No. 1
Sediment Hits Comparison
Camp Adair

Location						017A043	
Sample Number						NWO-017-1007	
Sample Date						25-Aug-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0.08 to 0.5	
Sample Purpose						REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Sediment Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples	Result	VQ
Metals	Aluminum	mg/kg	280	76000	36900	<i>14400</i>	
Metals	Antimony	mg/kg	3	31	Not detected	0.15	J
Metals	Barium	mg/kg	48	No criteria	173	202	
Metals	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.003	37	0.85	<i>0.2</i>	J
Metals	Chromium	mg/kg	37	210	100	23.3	
Metals	Cobalt	mg/kg	230	900	45.8	21.2	
Metals	Copper	mg/kg	10	3100	134	<i>19.6</i>	
Metals	Iron	mg/kg	20	23000	76000	<u>32500</u>	
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	35	400	11.1	15.7	
Metals	Magnesium	mg/kg	No criteria	No criteria	12000	2390	
Metals	Manganese	mg/kg	1100	1800	1290	794	
Metals	Mercury	mg/kg	0.2	23	0.049	0.038	
Metals	Molybdenum	mg/kg	No criteria	390	0.56 J	0.56	J
Metals	Nickel	mg/kg	18	1600	44.2	13.3	
Metals	Strontium	mg/kg	1700	47000	52.4 J	30.1	J
Metals	Titanium	mg/kg	98	100000	4610	<i>434</i>	
Metals	Zinc	mg/kg	3	23000	92.4	<i>64.4</i>	

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Sediment Ecological Screening Levels

[Underlined] - Result exceeds EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil

[**BOLD**] - Result exceeds Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed.

Table 5-6D
Range Complex No. 3
Sediment Hits Comparison
Camp Adair

Location						017A049	
Sample Number						NWO-017-1008	
Sample Date						28-Aug-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0.08 to 0.5	
Sample Purpose						REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Sediment Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples	Result	VQ
Metals	Aluminum	mg/kg	280	76000	36900	<i>25100</i>	
Metals	Antimony	mg/kg	3	31	Not detected	0.27	J
Metals	Barium	mg/kg	48	No criteria	173	<i>151</i>	
Metals	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.003	37	0.85	<i>0.23</i>	J
Metals	Chromium	mg/kg	37	210	100	35	J
Metals	Cobalt	mg/kg	230	900	45.8	18.4	
Metals	Copper	mg/kg	10	3100	134	<i>30.2</i>	
Metals	Iron	mg/kg	20	23000	76000	<u><i>42800</i></u>	
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	35	400	11.1	17.5	
Metals	Magnesium	mg/kg	No criteria	No criteria	12000	3830	
Metals	Manganese	mg/kg	1100	1800	1290	712	
Metals	Molybdenum	mg/kg	No criteria	390	0.56 J	0.62	J
Metals	Nickel	mg/kg	18	1600	44.2	<i>20.4</i>	
Metals	Strontium	mg/kg	1700	47000	52.4 J	25.8	J
Metals	Titanium	mg/kg	98	100000	4610	<i>318</i>	J
Metals	Zinc	mg/kg	3	23000	92.4	<i>62.5</i>	J

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Sediment Ecological Screening Levels

[Underlined] - Result exceeds EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil

[**BOLD**] - Result exceeds Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed.

Table 5-6E
Mortar Range
Sediment Hits Comparison
Camp Adair

Location						017A053	
Sample Number						NWO-017-1009R	
Sample Date						7-Sep-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0.08 to 0.52	
Sample Purpose						REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Sediment Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples	Result	VQ
Explosives	Nitrobenzene	mg/kg	32	20	No criteria	0.025	J
Metals	Aluminum	mg/kg	280	76000	36900	39300	
Metals	Barium	mg/kg	48	No criteria	173	181	
Metals	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.003	37	0.85	<i>0.64</i>	
Metals	Chromium	mg/kg	37	210	100	117	
Metals	Cobalt	mg/kg	230	900	45.8	76.5	
Metals	Copper	mg/kg	10	3100	134	<i>86.8</i>	
Metals	Iron	mg/kg	20	23000	76000	<u>75600</u>	
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	35	400	11.1	1.6	
Metals	Magnesium	mg/kg	No criteria	No criteria	12000	12900	
Metals	Manganese	mg/kg	1100	1800	1290	1800	
Metals	Nickel	mg/kg	18	1600	44.2	79.5	
Metals	Strontium	mg/kg	1700	47000	52.4 J	88	J
Metals	Titanium	mg/kg	98	100000	4610	<i>4480</i>	
Metals	Zinc	mg/kg	3	23000	92.4	<i>66.5</i>	

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Sediment Ecological Screening Levels

[Underlined] - Result exceeds EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil

[**BOLD**] - Result exceeds Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed.

**Table 5-6F
Moving Target Range No. 75
Sediment Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location						017A057	
Sample Number						NWO-017-1010R	
Sample Date						7-Sep-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0.08 to 0.33	
Sample Purpose						REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Sediment Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples	Result	VQ
Metals	Aluminum	mg/kg	280	76000	36900	<i>34900</i>	
Metals	Barium	mg/kg	48	No criteria	173	444	
Metals	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.003	37	0.85	<i>0.42</i>	J
Metals	Chromium	mg/kg	37	210	100	55.9	
Metals	Cobalt	mg/kg	230	900	45.8	38.1	
Metals	Copper	mg/kg	10	3100	134	<i>67.5</i>	
Metals	Iron	mg/kg	20	23000	76000	<u>63500</u>	
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	35	400	11.1	12	
Metals	Magnesium	mg/kg	No criteria	No criteria	12000	5370	
Metals	Manganese	mg/kg	1100	1800	1290	<u>2320</u>	
Metals	Mercury	mg/kg	0.2	23	0.049	0.041	
Metals	Molybdenum	mg/kg	No criteria	390	0.56 J	1.2	J
Metals	Nickel	mg/kg	18	1600	44.2	38.2	
Metals	Strontium	mg/kg	1700	47000	52.4 J	107	J
Metals	Titanium	mg/kg	98	100000	4610	<i>1400</i>	
Metals	Zinc	mg/kg	3	23000	92.4	78.8	

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Sediment Ecological Screening Levels

[Underlined] - Result exceeds EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil

[**BOLD**] - Result exceeds Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed

**Table 5-7A
Range Complex No. 1
Soil Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location						017A024		017A025		017A026		017A027	
Sample Number						NWO-017-0022		NWO-017-0023		NWO-017-0024		NWO-017-0025	
Sample Date						23-Aug-06		23-Aug-06		24-Aug-06		24-Aug-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0.17 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5	
Sample Purpose						REG		REG		REG		REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile	Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Result	VQ	Result	VQ	Result	VQ	Result	VQ
Metals	Aluminum	mg/kg	71400	50	76000	22800		15200		13500		17100	
Metals	Barium	mg/kg	472	85	No criteria	146		96.1		77.4		123	
Metals	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.996	4	37	0.22	J	0.13	J	0.18	J	0.34	J
Metals	Chromium	mg/kg	153	0.4	210	29.2		23.6		20.4		25.8	
Metals	Cobalt	mg/kg	108	20	900	24.1		8.8		12.1		14	
Metals	Copper	mg/kg	203	50	3100	28.8		11.9		10.2		17	
Metals	Iron	mg/kg	119000	200	23000	<u>31900</u>		<u>26400</u>		19900		<u>26700</u>	
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	29.5	16	400	13.6		7.9		9.1		9.8	
Metals	Magnesium	mg/kg	28900	No criteria	No criteria	3760		858		696		1460	
Metals	Manganese	mg/kg	4100	100	1800	806		600		515		613	
Metals	Mercury	mg/kg	0.06	0.1	23	0.089		0.034		0.028		0.035	
Metals	Molybdenum	mg/kg	1.36	2	390	0.6	J	0.34	J	0.29	J	0.35	J
Metals	Nickel	mg/kg	148	30	1600	13.8		7.4		7.6		11.4	
Metals	Strontium	mg/kg	57.1	32875	47000	41.4		6		3.5	J	5.8	J
Metals	Titanium	mg/kg	19900	1000	100000	539		360		317		341	
Metals	Zinc	mg/kg	141	50	23000	52.1		28.6		22.6		35.4	

[**Bold**] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels

[Underline] - Result exceeds EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed.

**Table 5-7B
Range Complex No. 2
Soil Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location					017A031	017A032	017A033	017A034					
Sample Number					NWO-017-0027	NWO-017-0028	NWO-017-0029	NWO-017-0030					
Sample Date					23-Aug-06	23-Aug-06	24-Aug-06	23-Aug-06					
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)					0.08 to 0.5	0.08 to 0.5	.08 to 0.5	0.17 to 0.5					
Sample Purpose					REG	REG	REG	REG					
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile	Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Result	VQ	Result	VQ	Result	VQ	Result	VQ
Metals	Aluminum	mg/kg	71400	50	76000	21500		24100		21800		21600	
Metals	Antimony	mg/kg	0.83	5	31	0.19	J	0.16	J	-	-	0.16	J
Metals	Barium	mg/kg	472	85	No criteria	179		168		182		141	
Metals	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.996	4	37	0.3	J	0.31	J	0.39	J	0.24	J
Metals	Chromium	mg/kg	153	0.4	210	27.5		29.1		32.2		31.6	
Metals	Cobalt	mg/kg	108	20	900	14.9		16		16.4		22.5	
Metals	Copper	mg/kg	203	50	3100	39.6		18.6		17.3		36.7	
Metals	Iron	mg/kg	119000	200	23000	<u>32100</u>		<u>31300</u>		<u>30800</u>		<u>37100</u>	
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	29.5	16	400	13		14.9		15.1		22.9	
Metals	Magnesium	mg/kg	28900	No criteria	No criteria	4880		4590		4000		2890	
Metals	Manganese	mg/kg	4100	100	1800	740		856		952		724	
Metals	Mercury	mg/kg	0.06	0.1	23	0.041		-	-	0.026		0.086	
Metals	Molybdenum	mg/kg	1.36	2	390	0.61	J	0.48	J	-	-	0.55	J
Metals	Nickel	mg/kg	148	30	1600	18.8		17.8		17.9		13.5	
Metals	Strontium	mg/kg	57.1	32875	47000	41		23.4		25.3	J	27.9	
Metals	Titanium	mg/kg	19900	1000	100000	1560		1680		1490		312	
Metals	Zinc	mg/kg	141	50	23000	82.3		71.9		63.3		59.5	

[**Bold**] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels

[Underline] - Result exceeds EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil

- indicates analyte not detected above practical quantitation limits

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

U - Not detected. The compound/analyte was analyzed for, but not detected above the associated reporting limit

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed

**Table 5-7B
Range Complex No. 2
Soil Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location					017A035	017A036	017A037				
Sample Number					NWO-017-0031	NWO-017-0032	NWO-017-0033				
Sample Date					29-Aug-06	29-Aug-06	28-Aug-06				
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)					0.08 to 0.5	0.08 to 0.5	0.08 to 0.5				
Sample Purpose					REG	REG	REG				
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile	Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Result	VQ	Result	VQ	Result	VQ
Metals	Aluminum	mg/kg	71400	50	76000	23500		25200		2680	
Metals	Antimony	mg/kg	0.83	5	31	-	-	-	-	-	-
Metals	Barium	mg/kg	472	85	No criteria	139		112		17.8	
Metals	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.996	4	37	0.19	J	0.16	J	0.032	J
Metals	Chromium	mg/kg	153	0.4	210	26.1		24.9		-	-
Metals	Cobalt	mg/kg	108	20	900	13.6		10.5		2.1	
Metals	Copper	mg/kg	203	50	3100	16.9		28.2		2	
Metals	Iron	mg/kg	119000	200	23000	<u>25700</u>		<u>28100</u>		3350	
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	29.5	16	400	12.8		10.1		1.6	
Metals	Magnesium	mg/kg	28900	No criteria	No criteria	2980		2270		419	
Metals	Manganese	mg/kg	4100	100	1800	770		615		104	
Metals	Mercury	mg/kg	0.06	0.1	23	0.043	U	-	-	0.024	J
Metals	Molybdenum	mg/kg	1.36	2	390	0.38	J	0.82	J	0.042	J
Metals	Nickel	mg/kg	148	30	1600	13		10.6		1.6	
Metals	Strontium	mg/kg	57.1	32875	47000	12.7	J	19.2	J	2.3	J
Metals	Titanium	mg/kg	19900	1000	100000	865		664		104	
Metals	Zinc	mg/kg	141	50	23000	42.8		64.6		5.6	

[**Bold**] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels

[Underline] - Result exceeds EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil

- indicates analyte not detected above practical quantitation limits

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

U - Not detected. The compound/analyte was analyzed for, but not detected above the associated reporting limit

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed

**Table 5-7C
Bombing Target No. 1
Soil Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location						017A042	
Sample Number						NWO-017-0034	
Sample Date						25-Aug-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0.08 to 0.5	
Sample Purpose						REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile	Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Result	VQ
Metals	Aluminum	mg/kg	71400	50	76000	<i>19500</i>	
Metals	Antimony	mg/kg	0.83	5	31	0.19	J
Metals	Barium	mg/kg	472	85	No criteria	<i>154</i>	
Metals	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.996	4	37	0.23	J
Metals	Chromium	mg/kg	153	0.4	210	25.4	J
Metals	Cobalt	mg/kg	108	20	900	14.4	
Metals	Copper	mg/kg	203	50	3100	14.5	
Metals	Iron	mg/kg	119000	200	23000	<u>25200</u>	
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	29.5	16	400	14.3	
Metals	Magnesium	mg/kg	28900	No criteria	No criteria	3350	
Metals	Manganese	mg/kg	4100	100	1800	833	
Metals	Mercury	mg/kg	0.06	0.1	23	0.029	J
Metals	Molybdenum	mg/kg	1.36	2	390	0.26	J
Metals	Nickel	mg/kg	148	30	1600	13.5	
Metals	Strontium	mg/kg	57.1	32875	47000	17.7	J
Metals	Titanium	mg/kg	19900	1000	100000	800	
Metals	Zinc	mg/kg	141	50	23000	44.6	J

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels

[Underline] - Result exceeds EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed

**Table 5-7D
Range Complex No. 3
Soil Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location						017A045		017A046		017A047		017A048	
Sample Number						NWO-017-0035		NWO-017-0036		NWO-017-0037		NWO-017-0038	
Sample Date						28-Aug-06		28-Aug-06		29-Aug-06		28-Aug-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5	
Sample Purpose						REG		REG		REG		REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile	Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Result	VQ	Result	VQ	Result	VQ	Result	VQ
Explosives	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	mg/kg	No criteria	.0328	.72	-	-	0.021	J	0.02	J	-	-
Metals	Aluminum	mg/kg	71400	50	76000	27800		33300		30300		26900	
Metals	Antimony	mg/kg	0.83	5	31	0.27	J	0.26	J	0.26	J	0.18	J
Metals	Barium	mg/kg	472	85	No criteria	168		257		258		200	
Metals	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.996	4	37	0.21	J	0.21	J	0.18	J	0.19	J
Metals	Chromium	mg/kg	153	0.4	210	40.6		73.6		36.4		31.2	
Metals	Cobalt	mg/kg	108	20	900	17.9		15.1		19		20.1	
Metals	Copper	mg/kg	203	50	3100	36.4		43.7		40.5		43.2	
Metals	Iron	mg/kg	119000	200	23000	43300		44100		46000		45000	
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	29.5	16	400	16.5		15.4		17		13.5	
Metals	Magnesium	mg/kg	28900	No criteria	No criteria	4820		4950		3980		3710	
Metals	Manganese	mg/kg	4100	100	1800	529		559		1100		793	
Metals	Molybdenum	mg/kg	1.36	2	390	0.73	J	5.7		0.86	J	0.71	J
Metals	Nickel	mg/kg	148	30	1600	26.8		47.9		20.5		16.4	
Metals	Strontium	mg/kg	57.1	32875	47000	27.8	J	55	J	35.1	J	33.5	J
Metals	Titanium	mg/kg	19900	1000	100000	320		262		332		314	
Metals	Zinc	mg/kg	141	50	23000	75.1		88.2		72.6		54.8	

[**Bold**] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels

[Underline] - Result exceeds EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil

- indicates analyte not detected above practical quantitation limits

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed.

**Table 5-7E
Mortar Range
Soil Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location						017A051		017A052		017A052		017A052	
Sample Number						NWO-017-0039R		NWO-017-0040R		NWO-017-0040RR		NWO-017-0040RR-ED	
Sample Date						7-Sep-06		7-Sep-06		11-Sep-06		11-Sep-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5	
Sample Purpose						REG		REG		REG		FD	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile	Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Result	VQ	Result	VQ	Result	VQ	Result	VQ
Metals	Aluminum	mg/kg	71400	50	76000	<i>50000</i>		<i>51300</i>		<i>49700</i>		<i>53200</i>	
Metals	Barium	mg/kg	472	85	No criteria	<i>183</i>		<i>172</i>		<i>169</i>		<i>182</i>	
Metals	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.996	4	37	0.68		1		0.8		0.74	
Metals	Chromium	mg/kg	153	0.4	210	<i>147</i>		<i>175</i>		<i>147</i>		<i>155</i>	
Metals	Cobalt	mg/kg	108	20	900	<i>65.3</i>		<i>62.7</i>		<i>62</i>		<i>65.5</i>	
Metals	Copper	mg/kg	203	50	3100	<i>133</i>		<i>156</i>		<i>131</i>		<i>129</i>	
Metals	Iron	mg/kg	119000	200	23000	<i>74200</i>		<i>89200</i>		<i>73600</i>		<i>78100</i>	
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	29.5	16	400	3.9		5.7		4.2		4.5	
Metals	Magnesium	mg/kg	28900	No criteria	No criteria	13200		11100		13000		13600	
Metals	Manganese	mg/kg	4100	100	1800	<i>2300</i>		<i>2260</i>		<i>2090</i>		<i>2290</i>	
Metals	Mercury	mg/kg	0.06	0.1	23	0.023	J	0.023	J	0.021	J	0.022	J
Metals	Molybdenum	mg/kg	1.36	2	390	0.24	J	0.4	J	0.31		0.24	
Metals	Nickel	mg/kg	148	30	1600	<i>73.9</i>		<i>73.5</i>		<i>71.9</i>		<i>77.3</i>	
Metals	Strontium	mg/kg	57.1	32875	47000	78.4	J	50.4	J	86.3	J	89.3	J
Metals	Titanium	mg/kg	19900	1000	100000	<i>4900</i>		<i>7490</i>		<i>4900</i>		<i>4750</i>	
Metals	Zinc	mg/kg	141	50	23000	<i>73.7</i>		<i>95.8</i>		<i>75.4</i>		<i>78.2</i>	

[**Bold**] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels

[Underline] - Result exceeds EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

FD - field duplicate

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed

**Table 5-7F
Moving Target Range No. 75
Soil Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location						017A055		017A056		017A056	
Sample Number						NWO-017-0041		NWO-017-0042		NWO-017-0043	
Sample Date						6-Sep-06		6-Sep-06		6-Sep-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5	
Sample Purpose						REG		REG		FD	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile	Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Result	VQ	Result	VQ	Result	VQ
Explosives	Nitrobenzene	mg/kg	No criteria	8	20	0.021	J	-	-	0.024	J
Metals	Aluminum	mg/kg	71400	50	76000	52700		30500		31000	
Metals	Antimony	mg/kg	0.83	5	31	-	-	0.23		0.25	
Metals	Barium	mg/kg	472	85	No criteria	646		302		315	
Metals	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.996	4	37	0.79		0.35		0.44	
Metals	Chromium	mg/kg	153	0.4	210	57		55.8		57.4	
Metals	Cobalt	mg/kg	108	20	900	39.3		34		33.2	
Metals	Copper	mg/kg	203	50	3100	116		39.3		39.5	
Metals	Iron	mg/kg	119000	200	23000	<u>66600</u>		<u>42800</u>		<u>44100</u>	
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	29.5	16	400	9.7		15.4		16.4	
Metals	Magnesium	mg/kg	28900	No criteria	No criteria	11400		4860		4990	
Metals	Manganese	mg/kg	4100	100	1800	<u>2830</u>		1570		1650	
Metals	Mercury	mg/kg	0.06	0.1	23	0.025	J	0.04		0.037	
Metals	Molybdenum	mg/kg	1.36	2	390	0.32		0.62		0.63	
Metals	Nickel	mg/kg	148	30	1600	50.4		31.7		32	
Metals	Strontium	mg/kg	57.1	32875	47000	131	J	61.4	J	62.6	J
Metals	Titanium	mg/kg	19900	1000	100000	2910		649		663	
Metals	Zinc	mg/kg	141	50	23000	80.2		58.5		62.3	

[**Bold**] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels

[Underline] - Result exceeds EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil

- indicates analyte not detected above practical quantitation limits

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

FD - field duplicate

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed.

**Table 5-8A
East Live Hand Grenade Court
Sediment Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location						017A060	
Sample Number						NWO-017-1011	
Sample Date						22-Aug-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0 to 0.5	
Sample Purpose						REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Sediment Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples	Result	VQ
Metals	Aluminum	mg/kg	280	76000	36900	<i>19000</i>	
Metals	Barium	mg/kg	48	No criteria	173	<i>188</i>	
Metals	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.003	37	0.85	<i>0.29</i>	J
Metals	Chromium	mg/kg	37	210	100	26.6	
Metals	Cobalt	mg/kg	230	900	45.8	18.3	
Metals	Copper	mg/kg	10	3100	134	<i>18.8</i>	
Metals	Iron	mg/kg	20	23000	76000	<u><i>27900</i></u>	
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	35	400	11.1	11.6	
Metals	Magnesium	mg/kg	No criteria	No criteria	12000	3040	
Metals	Manganese	mg/kg	1100	1800	1290	1460	
Metals	Mercury	mg/kg	0.2	23	0.049	0.041	
Metals	Molybdenum	mg/kg	No criteria	390	0.56 J	0.3	J
Metals	Nickel	mg/kg	18	1600	44.2	15.2	
Metals	Strontium	mg/kg	1700	47000	52.4 J	38.9	
Metals	Titanium	mg/kg	98	100000	4610	<i>577</i>	
Metals	Zinc	mg/kg	3	23000	92.4	<i>72.6</i>	

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Sediment Ecological Screening Levels

[Underlined] - Result exceeds EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil

[**BOLD**] - Result exceeds Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed.

**Table 5-8B
Live Hand Grenade Court No. 129
Sediment Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location						017A063		017A063	
Sample Number						NWO-017-1012		NWO-017-1013	
Sample Date						23-Aug-06		23-Aug-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0.08 to 0.5		0.08 to 0.5	
Sample Purpose						REG		FD	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Sediment Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Maximum Concentration from Media Background Samples	Result	VQ	Result	VQ
Metals	Aluminum	mg/kg	280	76000	36900	<i>12300</i>		<i>16100</i>	
Metals	Barium	mg/kg	48	No criteria	173	<i>76</i>		<i>104</i>	
Metals	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.003	37	0.85	<i>0.18</i>	J	<i>0.18</i>	J
Metals	Chromium	mg/kg	37	210	100	19.9		24.2	
Metals	Cobalt	mg/kg	230	900	45.8	17.2		17.7	
Metals	Copper	mg/kg	10	3100	134	<i>14.1</i>		<i>18.4</i>	
Metals	Iron	mg/kg	20	23000	76000	<i>21200</i>		<i>25000</i>	
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	35	400	11.1	5		5.9	
Metals	Magnesium	mg/kg	No criteria	No criteria	12000	1920		2580	
Metals	Manganese	mg/kg	1100	1800	1290	939		1090	
Metals	Mercury	mg/kg	0.2	23	0.049	0.034		0.048	
Metals	Molybdenum	mg/kg	No criteria	390	0.56 J	-	-	0.24	J
Metals	Nickel	mg/kg	18	1600	44.2	6.2		8.3	
Metals	Strontium	mg/kg	1700	47000	52.4 J	19.7		30.1	
Metals	Titanium	mg/kg	98	100000	4610	<i>379</i>		<i>510</i>	
Metals	Zinc	mg/kg	3	23000	92.4	27.8		38.5	

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Sediment Ecological Screening Levels

[Underlined] - Result exceeds EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil

- indicates analyte not detected above practical quantitation limits

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

FD - field duplicate

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed.

**Table 5-9A
East Live Hand Grenade Court
Soil Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location						017A059	
Sample Number						NWO-017-0044	
Sample Date						22-Aug-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0 to 0.5	
Sample Purpose						REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile	Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Result	VQ
Metals	Aluminum	mg/kg	71400	50	76000	<i>21200</i>	
Metals	Antimony	mg/kg	0.83	5	31	0.17	J
Metals	Barium	mg/kg	472	85	No criteria	<i>164</i>	
Metals	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.996	4	37	0.43	
Metals	Chromium	mg/kg	153	0.4	210	<i>30.2</i>	
Metals	Cobalt	mg/kg	108	20	900	17.2	
Metals	Copper	mg/kg	203	50	3100	18	
Metals	Iron	mg/kg	119000	200	23000	<i>30200</i>	
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	29.5	16	400	14.7	
Metals	Magnesium	mg/kg	28900	No criteria	No criteria	4100	
Metals	Manganese	mg/kg	4100	100	1800	<i>924</i>	
Metals	Mercury	mg/kg	0.06	0.1	23	0.035	
Metals	Molybdenum	mg/kg	1.36	2	390	0.46	J
Metals	Nickel	mg/kg	148	30	1600	17	
Metals	Strontium	mg/kg	57.1	32875	47000	30.4	
Metals	Titanium	mg/kg	19900	1000	100000	<i>1770</i>	
Metals	Zinc	mg/kg	141	50	23000	<i>67.4</i>	

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels

[Underline] - Result exceeds EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed

**Table 5-9B
West Live Hand Grenade Court
Soil Hits Comparison
Camp Adair**

Location						017A061	
Sample Number						NWO-017-0045	
Sample Date						23-Aug-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0.17 to 0.5	
Sample Purpose						REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile	Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Result	VQ
Metals	Aluminum	mg/kg	71400	50	76000	<i>20600</i>	
Metals	Antimony	mg/kg	0.83	5	31	0.15	J
Metals	Barium	mg/kg	472	85	No criteria	<i>161</i>	
Metals	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.996	4	37	0.3	J
Metals	Chromium	mg/kg	153	0.4	210	26.8	
Metals	Cobalt	mg/kg	108	20	900	14.6	
Metals	Copper	mg/kg	203	50	3100	14.9	
Metals	Iron	mg/kg	119000	200	23000	<u>26600</u>	
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	29.5	16	400	13.7	
Metals	Magnesium	mg/kg	28900	No criteria	No criteria	3990	
Metals	Manganese	mg/kg	4100	100	1800	758	
Metals	Molybdenum	mg/kg	1.36	2	390	0.38	J
Metals	Nickel	mg/kg	148	30	1600	15.4	
Metals	Strontium	mg/kg	57.1	32875	47000	19.1	
Metals	Titanium	mg/kg	19900	1000	100000	<i>1380</i>	
Metals	Zinc	mg/kg	141	50	23000	59.2	

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels

[Underline] - Result exceeds EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed

Table 5-9C
Live Hand Grenade Court No. 129
Soil Hits Comparison
Camp Adair

Location						017A062	
Sample Number						NWO-017-0046	
Sample Date						22-Aug-06	
Sample Depth (bgs) (ft)						0.08 to 0.5	
Sample Purpose						REG	
Fraction	Parameter	Units	Site Inspection Background 95th UTL / 95th Percentile	Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels	EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil	Result	VQ
Metals	Aluminum	mg/kg	71400	50	76000	<i>25000</i>	
Metals	Barium	mg/kg	472	85	No criteria	<i>157</i>	
Metals	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.996	4	37	0.27	J
Metals	Chromium	mg/kg	153	0.4	210	<i>31.8</i>	
Metals	Cobalt	mg/kg	108	20	900	17.8	
Metals	Copper	mg/kg	203	50	3100	20.4	
Metals	Iron	mg/kg	119000	200	23000	<i>32800</i>	
Metals	Lead	mg/kg	29.5	16	400	11.6	
Metals	Magnesium	mg/kg	28900	No criteria	No criteria	4410	
Metals	Manganese	mg/kg	4100	100	1800	830	
Metals	Mercury	mg/kg	0.06	0.1	23	0.038	
Metals	Molybdenum	mg/kg	1.36	2	390	0.28	J
Metals	Nickel	mg/kg	148	30	1600	14.3	
Metals	Strontium	mg/kg	57.1	32875	47000	25.4	
Metals	Titanium	mg/kg	19900	1000	100000	<i>1010</i>	
Metals	Zinc	mg/kg	141	50	23000	53	

[*Italicized*] - Result exceeds Site Inspection Soil Ecological Screening Levels

[Underline] - Result exceeds EPA Region 9 PRGs - Residential Soil

PRG - Preliminary Remediation Goals

REG - regular sample

mg/kg - milligram per kilogram

VQ - validation qualifier

Validation Qualifier Definitions

J - The compound/analyte was positively identified; the reported value is the estimated concentration of the constituent detected in the sample analyzed