APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION FORM U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

SECTION I: BACKGROUND INFORMATION

A. REPORT COMPLETION DATE FOR APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (JD): August 21, 2015.

B. DISTRICT OFFICE, FILE NAME, AND NUMBER: Seattle District, Sterling Design, Inc., NWS-2008-993. Name of water being evaluated on this JD form: Wetlands and tributaries that drain to Whipple Creek. C. PROJECT LOCATION AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION: State: Washington County: Clark City: Vancouver Center coordinates of site (lat/long in degree decimal format): Lat: 45.74627 N, Long: -122.64851 W Universal Transverse Mercator: Name of nearest waterbody: Whipple Creek. Name of nearest Traditional Navigable Water (TNW) into which the aquatic resource flows: Lake River. Name of watershed or Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC): 170800010901. Check if map/diagram of review area and/or potential jurisdictional areas is/are available upon request. Check if other sites (e.g., offsite mitigation sites, disposal sites, etc.) are associated with this action and are recorded on a different JD form. List other JDs: _ D. REVIEW PERFORMED FOR SITE EVALUATION (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY): Office (Desk) Determination. Date: Field Determination. Date(s): January 6, 2014; May 19, 2015. **SECTION II: SUMMARY OF FINDINGS** A. RHA SECTION 10 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION. There Are no "navigable waters of the U.S." within Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 329) in the review area. [Required] Waters subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. Waters are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce. Explain: B. CWA SECTION 404 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION. There Are "waters of the U.S." within Clean Water Act (CWA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 328) in the review area. [Required] 1. Waters of the U.S. a. Indicate presence of waters of U.S. in review area (check all that apply): 1 TNWs, including territorial seas Wetlands adjacent to TNWs Relatively permanent waters² (RPWs) that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Wetlands directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Impoundments of jurisdictional waters Isolated (interstate or intrastate) waters, including isolated wetlands b. Identify (estimate) size of waters of the U.S. in the review area: Non-wetland waters: 780 linear feet 3 width (ft) and/or 0.05 acres. Wetlands: 4.09 acres. c. Limits (boundaries) of jurisdiction based on: 1987 Delineation Manual. and Established by OHWM. Elevation of established OHWM (if known): NA.

2. Non-regulated waters/wetlands (check if applicable):³

Potentially jurisdictional waters and/or wetlands were assessed within the review area and determined to be not jurisdictional. Explain: Upland Depression 1 is 1.68 acres in size, and is a waterfilled depression that was constructed in dry land, incidental to construction of stormwater facilities. Soil was excavated from this area to obtain fill to create onsite stormwater treatment facilities. The soils within this area were also compacted by equipment operation during

¹ Boxes checked below shall be supported by completing the appropriate sections in Section III below.

² For purposes of this form, an RPW is defined as a tributary that is not a TNW and that typically flows year-round or has continuous flow at least "seasonally" (e.g., typically 3 months).

³ Supporting documentation is presented in Section III.F.

SECTION III: CWA ANALYSIS

- A. TNWs AND WETLANDS ADJACENT TO TNWs NOT APPLICABLE
- B. CHARACTERISTICS OF TRIBUTARY (THAT IS NOT A TNW) AND ITS ADJACENT WETLANDS (IF ANY):
 - 1. Characteristics of non-TNWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNW

]	General Area Conditions: Watershed size: 140 acres Drainage area: 140 acres Average annual rainfall: 43 inches Average annual snowfall: 2 inches
	Physical Characteristics: (a) Relationship with TNW: ☐ Tributary flows directly into TNW. ☐ Tributary flows through 1 tributaries before entering TNW.
	Project waters are Project waters cross or serve as state boundaries. Explain: Not Applicable.
	Identify flow route to TNW ⁴ : The onsite wetlands drain to, and abut, tributaties that flow to Whipple Creek, which is a perennial RPW. Whipple Creek flows into Lake River, which is a Section 10 Navigable Water. Tributary stream order, if known: 2.
1	(b) General Tributary Characteristics (check all that apply): Tributary is: Natural Artificial (man-made). Explain: Manipulated (man-altered). Explain:
	Tributary properties with respect to top of bank (estimate): Average width: 3 feet Average depth: 0.3 feet Average side slopes: 4:1 (or greater).
	Primary tributary substrate composition (check all that apply): Silts Sands Concrete Cobbles Gravel Muck Bedrock Vegetation. Type/% cover: Other. Explain:
·	Tributary condition/stability [e.g., highly eroding, sloughing banks]. Explain: The banks and bed of Streams 1 and 2 ard 1 show no signs of active scour or erosion. Presence of run/riffle/pool complexes. Explain: The stream morphology consists primarily of shallow runs with each shallow pools. Riffles are absent. Tributary geometry: Relatively straight Tributary gradient (approximate average slope): <5 %
((c) Flow: Tributary provides for: Seasonal flow Estimate average number of flow events in review area/year: 20 (or greater) Describe flow regime: Streams 1 and 2 are not perennial, but flow consistently from fall through mid summer. Other information on duration and volume: The stream flow volume is less than 1 cubic feet per second.

⁴ Flow route can be described by identifying, e.g., tributary a, which flows through the review area, to flow into tributary b, which then flows into TNW. Version 2-8-08 Seasonal RPW and Abutting Only

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	flow	Surface flow is: Discrete and confined. Characteristics: <u>The surface flow is confined by shallow banks. During high events, surface waters may extend into adjacent uplands and wetlands.</u>
		Subsurface flow: Unknown. Explain findings: Dye (or other) test performed:
		Tributary has (check all that apply):
		If factors other than the OHWM were used to determine lateral extent of CWA jurisdiction (check all that apply): High Tide Line indicated by:
		(iii) Chemical Characteristics: Characterize tributary (e.g., water color is clear, discolored, oily film; water quality; general watershed characteristics, etc.). Explain: Water color is clear, with no signs of contaminants. The water source is from wetlands, adjacent uplands, and treated stormwater discharges from residential development. Identify specific pollutants, if known: None known.
	and hibia	(iv) Biological Characteristics. Channel supports (check all that apply): Riparian corridor. Characteristics (type, average width): The riparian corridors consist of an Oregon ash and black onwood dominated overstory, with an understory of scrub-shrub and herbaceous vegetation, including slough sedge, water parsely skunk cabbage. Wetland fringe. Characteristics: Habitat for:
	2.	Characteristics of wetlands adjacent to non-TNW that flow directly or indirectly into TNW - NOT APPLICABLE
	3.	Characteristics of all wetlands adjacent to the tributary (if any) – NOT APPLICABLE
C.	SIG	NIFICANT NEXUS DETERMINATION – NOT APPLICABLE
D.		FERMINATIONS OF JURISDICTIONAL FINDINGS. THE SUBJECT WATERS/WETLANDS ARE (CHECK ALL AT APPLY):
	2.	RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. Tributaries of TNWs where tributaries typically flow year-round are jurisdictional. Provide rationale indicating that tributary flows perennial: Tributaries of TNW where tributaries have continuous flow "seasonally" (e.g., typically three months each year) are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.B. Provide rationale indicating that tributary flows seasonally: Direct observations during field inspections confirm that flows are persistent from fall through late spring/early summer.

⁵A natural or man-made discontinuity in the OHWM does not necessarily sever jurisdiction (e.g., where the stream temporarily flows underground, or where the OHWM has been removed by development or agricultural practices). Where there is a break in the OHWM that is unrelated to the waterbody's flow regime (e.g., flow over a rock outcrop or through a culvert), the agencies will look for indicators of flow above and below the break. ⁶Ibid.

			Tributary waters: 780 linear feet Other non-wetland waters: acres. Identify type(s) of waters:
	4.	Wet Wet ■ Wet W	s directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. lands directly abut RPW and thus are jurisdictional as adjacent wetlands. Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow year-round. Provide data and rationale indicating that tributary is perennial in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetland is directly abutting an RPW:
			Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow "seasonally." Provide data indicating that tributary is seasonal in Section III.B and rationale in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetland is directly abutting an RPW: Wetland A continues offsite to the north and is contiguous with, and drains into, Tributary 2. Wetlands B, C and D all converge immediately east of the property line, and are contiguous with, and drain into, Tributary 1.
		tland B is	a 0.21 acre PFO/EM wetland; Wetland C is a 0.09 acre PFO/EM wetland; and Wetland D is a 1.92 acre PEM tal: 4.09 acres.
E.	DE	GRADAT	INTERSTATE OR INTRA-STATE WATERS, INCLUDING ISOLATED WETLANDS, THE USE, ION OR DESTRUCTION OF WHICH COULD AFFECT INTERSTATE COMMERCE, INCLUDING ANY ERS - NOT APPLICABLE
F.	NO	N-JURIS	DICTIONAL WATERS, INCLUDING WETLANDS - NOT APPLICABLE
SE	CTIO	ON IV: D	ATA SOURCES.
	and Manager Inc. Vel 201	requested Maps, pl. with attaveteen Me 5 letter from Data shee Sheet Corps na U.S. Geo USDA National State/Loo FEMA/F 100-year Photogra Previous Applicab Other infine NE 175 ed October	
в.	ADL	DITIONAL	L COMMENTS TO SUPPORT JD: None.

Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area (check all that apply):