APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION FORM **U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**

NWS-2015-309

<u>SECTION I: BACKGROUND INFORMATION</u>
A. REPORT COMPLETION DATE FOR APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (JD): 5 August 2016.

В.	DISTRICT OFFICE, FILE NAME, AND NUMBER: <u>Seattle District</u> , <u>Hinton Development Corporation</u> , <u>NWS-2015-309</u> . Name of water being evaluated on this JD form: <u>Wetland A, B, and C</u>
С.	PROJECT LOCATION AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION: State: Washington County: Clark City: Vancouver Center coordinates of site (lat/long in degree decimal format): Lat: 45.680300 N, Long: -122.487441 W Universal Transverse Mercator: Name of nearest waterbody: Fifth Plain Creek. Name of nearest Traditional Navigable Water (TNW) into which the aquatic resource flows: Washougal River. Name of watershed or Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC): Check if map/diagram of review area and/or potential jurisdictional areas is/are available upon request. Check if other sites (e.g., offsite mitigation sites, disposal sites, etc.) are associated with this action and are recorded on a different JD form. List other JDs:
D.	REVIEW PERFORMED FOR SITE EVALUATION (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY): Office (Desk) Determination. Date: Field Determination. Date(s): 16 June 2016.
	CTION II: SUMMARY OF FINDINGS RHA SECTION 10 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION.
revi	re Are no "navigable waters of the U.S." within Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 329) in the ew area. [Required] Waters subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. Waters are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce. Explain:
	CWA SECTION 404 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION.
The	re Are no "waters of the U.S." within Clean Water Act (CWA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 328) in the review area. [Required]
	1. Waters of the U.S. a. Indicate presence of waters of U.S. in review area (check all that apply): TNWs, including territorial seas Wetlands adjacent to TNWs Relatively permanent waters ² (RPWs) that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Wetlands directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Impoundments of jurisdictional waters Isolated (interstate or intrastate) waters, including isolated wetlands
	b. Identify (estimate) size of waters of the U.S. in the review area: Non-wetland waters: linear feet width (ft) and/or acres. Wetlands: acres.
	c. Limits (boundaries) of jurisdiction based on: 1987 Delineation Manual. and Pick List Elevation of established OHWM (if known):
	2. Non-regulated waters/wetlands (check if applicable):³ Non-regulated waters/wetlands (check if applicable):³ Potentially jurisdictional waters and/or wetlands were assessed within the review area and determined to be not jurisdictional. Explain: Wetlands (0.29 of an acre) are in a shallow depression on an historic agricultural field forming a perched water table in these areas. Field verification of no surface connections and no habitat corridor to Fifth Plain Creek were confirmed. Wetlands are shallow depressions with a shallow aquitard that restricts infiltration, allowing plant

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¹ Boxes checked below shall be supported by completing the appropriate sections in Section III below.
² For purposes of this form, an RPW is defined as a tributary that is not a TNW and that typically flows year-round or has continuous flow at least "seasonally" (e.g., typically 3 months).

³ Supporting documentation is presented in Section III.F.

uptake of surface water and evaporation prior to infiltration. Therefore, there is no shallow subsurface connection. In addition to isolated hydrology there is not interestate commerce connection. There is a lack of interstate use by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational purposes because the depressional wetlands are contained within an agricultural farm field and as such, lack habitat or resources of special significance which would attract interstate or foreign travelers and lack bird and wildlife species of special significance which would attract interstate or foreign travelers. In addition, there is a lack of fish or shellfish which could be taken or sold in interstate or foreign commerce; lack of industrial purposes; and lack of silviculture which is sold interstate/foreign. While agriculture does occur within the wetland, the crops are not sold for interstate/foreign commerce.

SECTION III: CWA ANALYSIS

A. TNWs AND WETLANDS ADJACENT TO TNWs

If the aquatic resource is a TNW, complete Section III.A.1 and Section III.D.1. only; if the aquatic resource is a wetland adjacent to a TNW, complete Sections III.A.1 and 2 and Section III.D.1.; otherwise, see Section III.B below.

1. TNW

Identify TNW: NA.

Summarize rationale supporting determination: NA.

2. Wetland adjacent to TNW

Summarize rationale supporting conclusion that wetland is "adjacent": NA.

B. CHARACTERISTICS OF TRIBUTARY (THAT IS NOT A TNW) AND ITS ADJACENT WETLANDS (IF ANY):

A wetland that directly abuts an RPW is also jurisdictional. If the aquatic resource is not a TNW, but has year-round (perennial) flow, skip to Section III.D.2. If the aquatic resource is a wetland directly abutting a tributary with perennial flow, skip to Section III.D.4.

A wetland that is adjacent to but that does not directly abut an RPW requires a significant nexus evaluation. If the waterbody is not an RPW, or a wetland directly abutting an RPW, a JD will require additional data to determine if the waterbody has a significant nexus with a TNW. If the tributary has adjacent wetlands, the significant nexus evaluation must consider the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands. This significant nexus evaluation that combines, for analytical purposes, the tributary and all of its adjacent wetlands is used whether the review area identified in the JD request is the tributary, or its adjacent wetlands, or both.

If the JD covers a tributary with adjacent wetlands, complete Section III.B.1 for the tributary, Section III.B.2 for any onsite wetlands, and Section III.B.3 for all wetlands adjacent to that tributary, both onsite and offsite. The determination whether a significant nexus exists is determined in Section III.C below.

1. Characteristics of non-TNWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNW

(i)	General Area Conditions:
	Watershed size: Pick List
	Drainage area: Pick List
	Average annual rainfall: inches
	Average annual snowfall: inches
(ii)	Physical Characteristics:
	(a) Relationship with TNW:
	☐ Tributary flows directly into TNW.
	☐ Tributary flows through Pick List tributaries before entering TNW.
	Project waters are Pick List river miles from TNW.
	Project waters are Pick List river miles from RPW.
	Project waters are Pick List aerial (straight) miles from TNW.
	Project waters are Pick List aerial (straight) miles from RPW.
	Project waters cross or serve as state boundaries. Explain:
	11 (°C C) (TNIV)5
	Identify flow route to TNW ⁵ :
	Tributary stream order, if known:

⁴ Note that the Instructional Guidebook contains additional information regarding swales, ditches, washes, and erosional features generally and in the arid West.

⁵ Flow route can be described by identifying, e.g., tributary a, which flows through the review area, to flow into tributary b, which then flows into TNW.

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(b)	General Tributary Characteristics (check all that apply):
	Tributary is: Natural
	Artificial (man-made). Explain:
	Manipulated (man-altered). Explain:
	Tributary properties with respect to top of bank (estimate): Average width: feet Average depth: feet Average side slopes: Pick List.
	Primary tributary substrate composition (check all that apply): Silts Sands Concrete Cobbles Gravel Muck Bedrock Vegetation. Type/% cover: Other. Explain:
	Tributary condition/stability [e.g., highly eroding, sloughing banks]. Explain: Presence of run/riffle/pool complexes. Explain: Tributary geometry: Pick List Tributary gradient (approximate average slope): %
(c)	Flow: Tributary provides for: Pick List Estimate average number of flow events in review area/year: Pick List Describe flow regime: Other information on duration and volume:
	Surface flow is: Pick List. Characteristics:
	Subsurface flow: Pick List . Explain findings:
	Tributary has (check all that apply): Bed and banks OHWM ⁶ (check all indicators that apply): clear, natural line impressed on the bank changes in the character of soil shelving vegetation matted down, bent, or absent leaf litter disturbed or washed away sediment deposition water staining other (list): Discontinuous OHWM. Explain:
	If factors other than the OHWM were used to determine lateral extent of CWA jurisdiction (check all that apply): High Tide Line indicated by:
Cha	emical Characteristics: uracterize tributary (e.g., water color is clear, discolored, oily film; water quality; general watershed characteristics, etc.) Explain: ntify specific pollutants, if known:
ruci.	anty specific politicalis, it known.
Biol	Riparian corridor. Characteristics (type, average width): Wetland fringe. Characteristics:

(iii)

(iv)

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⁶A natural or man-made discontinuity in the OHWM does not necessarily sever jurisdiction (e.g., where the stream temporarily flows underground, or where the OHWM has been removed by development or agricultural practices). Where there is a break in the OHWM that is unrelated to the waterbody's flow regime (e.g., flow over a rock outcrop or through a culvert), the agencies will look for indicators of flow above and below the break.

⁷Ibid.

			Fish/spawn areas. Exp	-sensitive species. Expla	in findings:	
2.	Cha	aract	eristics of wetlands adjac	ent to non-TNW that flo	w directly or indirectly into TNW	7
	(i)		vsical Characteristics: General Wetland Charact Properties: Wetland size: Wetland type. Explai Wetland quality. Exp Project wetlands cross or	ncres n: lain:	Explain:	
		(b)	General Flow Relationshi Flow is: Pick List . Expla			
			Surface flow is: Pick Lis Characteristics:			
			Subsurface flow: Pick Li Dye (or other) test			
		(c)	☐ Ecological connec	nydrologic connection. Ection. Explain:	xplain:	
		(d)	Proximity (Relationship) Project wetlands are Pick Project waters are Pick I Flow is from: Pick List. Estimate approximate loc	List river miles from TN ist aerial (straight) miles	from TNW.	
	(ii)	Cha	emical Characteristics: aracterize wetland system (or characteristics; etc.). Exp ntify specific pollutants, if	lain:	rown, oil film on surface; water qu	ality; general watershed
	(iii)		Fish/spawn areas. Exp Other environmentally	eristics (type, average widover. Explain: es. Explain findings:	in findings:	
3.	Cha	All	wetland(s) being considered proximately () acres	d in the cumulative analys		
			each wetland, specify the finectly abuts? (Y/N)	-	Directly abuts? (Y/N)	Size (in acres)

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Summarize overall biological		

C.	SIC	GNIFICANT NEXUS DETERMINATION
	1.	Significant nexus findings for non-RPW that has no adjacent wetlands and flows directly or indirectly into TNWs. Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary itself, then go to Section III.D:
	2.	Significant nexus findings for non-RPW and its adjacent wetlands, where the non-RPW flows directly or indirectly into TNWs. Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, then go to Section III.D:
	3.	Significant nexus findings for wetlands adjacent to an RPW but that do not directly abut the RPW. Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, then go to Section III.D:
D.		TERMINATIONS OF JURISDICTIONAL FINDINGS. THE SUBJECT WATERS/WETLANDS ARE (CHECK ALL AT APPLY):
	1.	TNWs and Adjacent Wetlands. Check all that apply and provide size estimates in review area: TNWs: linear feet width (ft), or acres. Wetlands adjacent to TNWs: acres.
	2.	RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. Tributaries of TNWs where tributaries typically flow year-round are jurisdictional. Provide rationale indicating that tributary flows perennial: Tributaries of TNW where tributaries have continuous flow "seasonally" (e.g., typically three months each year) are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.B. Provide rationale indicating that tributary flows seasonally:
		Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area (check all that apply): Tributary waters: linear feet width (ft). Other non-wetland waters: acres. Identify type(s) of waters:
	3.	Non-RPWs ⁸ that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. Waterbody that is not a TNW or an RPW, but flows directly or indirectly into a TNW, and it has a significant nexus with a TNW is jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.
		Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters within the review area (check all that apply): Tributary waters: linear feet width (ft). Other non-wetland waters: acres. Identify type(s) of waters:
	4.	Wetlands directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. Wetlands directly abut RPW and thus are jurisdictional as adjacent wetlands. Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow year-round. Provide data and rationale indicating that tributary is perennial in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetland is directly abutting an RPW:
		Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow "seasonally." Provide data indicating that tributary is seasonal in Section III.B and rationale in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetland is directly abutting an RPW:
		Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.
	5.	Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. Wetlands that do not directly abut an RPW, but when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW are jurisidictional. Data supporting this

 $\textbf{6.} \quad \text{Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.} \\$

Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: _____ acres.

conclusion is provided at Section III.C.

			Wetlands adjacent to such waters, and have when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.
		Prov	vide estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.
	7.	As a	poundments of jurisdictional waters. ⁹ a general rule, the impoundment of a jurisdictional tributary remains jurisdictional. Demonstrate that impoundment was created from "waters of the U.S.," or Demonstrate that water meets the criteria for one of the categories presented above (1-6), or Demonstrate that water is isolated with a nexus to commerce (see E below).
E.	DEC SUC	GRA Whice from whice Inter Othe	TED [INTERSTATE OR INTRA-STATE] WATERS, INCLUDING ISOLATED WETLANDS, THE USE, DATION OR DESTRUCTION OF WHICH COULD AFFECT INTERSTATE COMMERCE, INCLUDING ANY WATERS (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY): 10 the are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. the are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce. State isolated waters. Explain: Tractors. Explain:
	Ider	itify v	water body and summarize rationale supporting determination:
		Tribu Othe Io	estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area (check all that apply): utary waters: linear feet width (ft). r non-wetland waters: acres. dentify type(s) of waters: ands: acres.
F.		If po	DRISDICTIONAL WATERS, INCLUDING WETLANDS (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY): obtential wetlands were assessed within the review area, these areas did not meet the criteria in the 1987 Corps of Engineers cland Delineation Manual and/or appropriate Regional Supplements. iew area included isolated waters with no substantial nexus to interstate (or foreign) commerce. Prior to the Jan 2001 Supreme Court decision in "SWANCC," the review area would have been regulated based solely on the "Migratory Bird Rule" (MBR). ters do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction. Explain: er: (explain, if not covered above):
	fact	ors (i gmen Non Lak Oth	acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area, where the <u>sole</u> potential basis of jurisdiction is the MBR .e., presence of migratory birds, presence of endangered species, use of water for irrigated agriculture), using best professional t (check all that apply):
	a fir	nding Non Lak Oth	acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area that do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such is required for jurisdiction (check all that apply): n-wetland waters (i.e., rivers, streams): linear feet width (ft). es/ponds: acres. er non-wetland waters: acres. List type of aquatic resource: ellands: acres.
<u>SE</u>	CTIC	N IV	7: DATA SOURCES.
A.		reque Map	TING DATA. Data reviewed for JD (check all that apply - checked items shall be included in case file and, where checked ested, appropriately reference sources below): os, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant: <u>Cascadia Ecological Services</u> , Inc. a sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant.

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⁹ To complete the analysis refer to the key in Section III.D.6 of the Instructional Guidebook.
¹⁰ Prior to asserting or declining CWA jurisdiction based solely on this category, Corps Districts will elevate the action to Corps and EPA HQ for review consistent with the process described in the Corps/EPA Memorandum Regarding CWA Act Jurisdiction Following Rapanos.

	Office concurs with data sheets/delineation report.
	Office does not concur with data sheets/delineation report.
	Data sheets prepared by the Corps:
	Corps navigable waters' study: The waterbody is on the Section 10 Navigable Waterway List for Seattle District.
	U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:
	USGS NHD data.
	USGS 8 and 12 digit HUC maps.
	U.S. Geological Survey map(s). Cite scale & quad name:
\boxtimes	USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey. Citation:
http	://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/WebSoilSurvey.aspx.
\boxtimes	National wetlands inventory map(s). Cite name: https://www.fws.gov/wetlands/Data/Mapper.html .
	State/Local wetland inventory map(s):
	FEMA/FIRM maps:
	100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (National Geodectic Vertical Datum of 1929)
\boxtimes	Photographs: 🛮 Aerial (Name & Date): Google Earth, 7/14/2014
	or Cother (Name & Date):
	Previous determination(s). File no. and date of response letter:
	Applicable/supporting case law:
	Applicable/supporting scientific literature:
	Other information (please specify):

B. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS TO SUPPORT JD: On June 27, 2016 we coordinated this JD with EPA Region 10 and Corps HQ. On July 7, 2016, the EPA concurred with our findings. Corps HQ did not provide any response within the required timelines.

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Wetland Soil PlotUpland Soil Plot

Review Area

Parcel Boundary

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Delineated Wetlands

Project Location: NE 182nd Avenue, Vancouver, WA

Tax Parcel 168622000

Applicant: Hinton Development Corporation

Legal: SW 1/4,S06,T2N,R3E

Lat./Long.: 45.680300 N. lat. / 122.487441 W long.

County: Clark

Graphic Source: Clark County GIS; Olson Engineering

Date: 4/1/15





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Topographic Map (Review Area in Red)

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Figure 6 of 7 - Site Photos (Tax Parcel 168622000)



Photo 1. Wetland A (3/28/14)



Photo 2. Wetland B (2/28/14)

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Onsite Drainage Pattern (Dashed Line is Fifth Plain Creek)

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